The Sydney Morning Herald.

NO. 7047.—VOL. XLIII. TUESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1861. PRICE THREEPENCE.

BIRTHS.

On the 6th instant, at the Grange, Newtown, Mrs. S.C. Samuel, of a son.

On the 8th instant, at her residence, Burdekin Hotel, Mrs. Thomas Waldeck Smith, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

On the 1st instant, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Mr. Gordon, Mr. John Carmichael, to Mary Hannah, second daughter of William Howard, Balmain.

On the 2nd instant, at All Saints' Church, Singleton, by the Rev. James Blackwood, B.A., James Macdonald Larnach, Esq., of Sydney, to Margaret Amelia, eldest daughter of John Larnach, Esq., of Rowrcount.

On the 29th December, by special license, at St. Mary's Cathedral, by the Rev. Father Sheridan, O. S. B., assisted by the Rev. Father Dunn, Mr. John Bruton, to Joanna Maria, youngest daughter of the late Thomas O'Callaghan, Esq., Cappawhite, Ireland.

On the 1st January, by special license, at the Baptist Chapel, Parramatta, by the Rev. James Volley, Mr. Joshua Watters, of the Peel River, late of Sydney, to Eliza, second daughter of Mr. William Rolfe, Sussex-street, Sydney.

On the 4th instant, at St. Paul's, Redfern, by the Rev. Alfred Stephen, B.A., Frederick William, second son of Henry Barber, of Goswell-street, London, to Charlotte, youngest daughter of the late John Henry Sandrock, of Sweden.

DEATHS.

On the 6 h instant, at Coogee, Father, the beloved wife of Mr. Peter Marshall, late of Brixton Hill, Surrey, England, aged twenty-nine years, much and deservedly regretted.

On the 6th instant, at his late residence, Lane Cove, after a long and painful illness, Mr. Robert Fymble, sen., an old and respected colonist, in the 78th year of his age. He was one of our early settlers, having arrived in the colony with his wife and six children in the year 1831.

On the 7th instant, at his residence, Cook's River, Thomas Smithmore, Esq., aged fifty-four years. Requiescat in pace.

On the 7th instant, at her residence, Erskine-street, the beloved wife of Mr. Joseph Shepard, after a long and painful illness, aged 57 years.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO ENGLAND.—THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S steamship

BEHAR,

W. F. NORIE, commander, will be dispatched for GALLE, with her Majesty's mails, passengers, specie, and cargo, on TUESDAY, the 22nd of January, 1861, at 2 p.m., touching at MELBOURNE and KING GEORGE'S SOUND.

For particulars regarding freight and passage, with information on all subjects connected with the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Lines, apply to

HENRY MOORE, agent.

Moore's Wharf, Sydney, 22nd December, 1860.

PENINSULAR and ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Rates of passage money on the Australian Line, which include stewards' fees, table wines, bedding, linen, cabin sraiture, &c., will be, for the sea-passage only, as follows:—

	Single.
Between Southampton and Sydney ... £150	
Ditto Suez and ditto	120
Ditto Ceylon and ditto	70
Ditto Madras and ditto	80
Ditto Calcutta and ditto	80
Ditto Bombay and ditto	90

Second-class. European servants, and children (over 3 and under 10 years of age) half the above rates.

Passengers proceeding beyond Galle will be transshipped into one of the company's Indian mail contract steamers, where accommodation is specially reserved for the Australian passengers to England.

Tickets for the journey across Egypt, entitling the holder to the advantages secured by the company in their recent concession with the Viceroy, will be issued to the through passengers at the same time as the passage ticket at the following rates:—

For first-class passengers	£7 6
Second ditto ditto	3 10

Passage to or from Melbourne, £10; King George's Sound, £35.

HENRY MOORE, agent.

22nd October, 1860.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND.—The Intercolonial Royal Mail Company's steamers will be despatched on the 15th January:—

For AUCKLAND direct,

The LORD WORSLEY, R. JOHNSON, commander.

For NELSON, TARANAKI, WELLINGTON, PORT COOPER, and OTAGO,

The AIREDALE, F. JOHNS, commander, now loading.

Return tickets are issued at reduced rates, entitling the holder to remain a month in New Zealand.

Grafton Wharf. SAMUEL CLARK, manager.

STEAMERS for EXCURSIONS, Towing, or for any service in harbour or at sea, may be engaged at moderate rates, at the Phœnix Wharf.

WATSON'S BAY AND LITTLE MANLY BEACH.—DAILY.—The steamer VICTORIA leaves:—

	a.m.		p.m.
Phœnix Wharf ...	9·30	...	
Circular Quay... ...	10·15	...	2·15
Woolloomooloo ...	10·30	...	2·30
Little Manly	11·30	...	3·0
Watson's Bay... ...	12	...	3·30

Fares—Watson's Bay, return ticket, 1s.
Little Manly, ditto ditto, 1s. 6d.

STEAM TO BRIGHTON PIER, MANLY BEACH, &c.—The PHANTOM, DAILY. Fares, ONE SHILLING.

Circular Quay to Brighton Pier	10.15	2 30	6
Woolloomooloo to ditto ditto ...	10.30	2 30	5.45
MANLY to Sydney	8.15	12.0	5

NOTICE.—Return Tickets issued to passengers by steamers for Collins' Flat (styled Little Manly), are not available for steamers from Manly Beach.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.—Cheap Excursions.

STEAM to PARRAMATTA, ONE SHILLING.

The well-known steam packets plying between SYDNEY and PARRAMATTA convey passengers at the following rates and hours:—

From Parramatta,..... 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 4 p.m.
From Sydney ..... 9 a.m., 1·15 p.m., 6 p.m.
And on SUNDAYS.
Leaving Sydney at 9 a.m., and returning at 4 p.m.

FARES:

Cabin .....1s. 6d. ... return tickets, 2s. 6d.
Steerage...1s. 0d. ... return tickets, 1s. 6d.

H. M. S. N. CO.—STEAM TO THE HUNTER.—The CITY OF NEWCASTLE, THIS (TUESDAY) NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.

The PATERSON, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, at 7 o'clock.

P. J. COHEN, manager.

Offices—Foot of Market-street.

H. M. S. N. COMPANY.—Steam to and from the HUNTER during the month of January.

From SYDNEY:

The CITY OF NEWCASTLE, on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 11 p.m.

The WILLIAMS, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 7 a.m.

The PATERSON, on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 7 a.m.

From MORPETH:

The CITY OF NEWCASTLE, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 7 a.m.

The WILLIAMS, on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 2 p.m.

A steamer for CLARENCE TOWN direct from SYDNEY, WEDNESDAY, the 16th, at 7 a.m.

P. J. COHEN, manager.

Offices—foot of Market-street.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS TO MELBOURNE, calling at EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—WONGA WONGA, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 3.

EDEN, TWOFOLD BAY.—WONGA WONGA, SATURDAY, 3 p.m.

HUNTER RIVER.—ILLALONG, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) NIGHT, at 11.

CLARENCE TOWN.—ILLALONG, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) NIGHT, at 11.

BRISBANE, calling at NEWCASTLE.—TELEGRAPH, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) NIGHT, at 11.

MARYBOROUGH, calling at NEWCASTLE.—WARATAH, THIS EVENING, TUESDAY, at 10.

GLADSTONE and ROCKHAMPTON direct.—EAGLE, THURSDAY, 17th January, 6 p.m.

From BRISBANE to

IPSWICH.—The IPSWICH daily.

TO MARYBOROUGH, GLADSTONE, and ROCKHAMPTON.—CLARENCE, TUESDAY, 15th and 29th January.

JAMES PATERSON, manager.

A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

ILLAWARRA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMPACKETS TO

SHOALHAVEN, THIS NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.
KIAMA, THIS NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.
WOLLONGONG, THIS NIGHT, at 11 o'clock.
SHELLHARBOUR, TO-MORROW, at 11 p.m.
CLYDE RIVER, TO-MORROW, at 12 noon.
PORT MACQUARIE, on THURSDAY, at 10 a.m.
MEEIMBULA, on FRIDAY, at 10 a.m.

C. AND R. S. N. CO.—The URARA, for the CLARENCE RIVER, TO-MORROW EVENING, 10 p.m.

TILMOUTH P. DYE, Secretary.

FOR SALE, a few new 500 gallon iron TANKS. Apply on board La Hogue, Circular Quay.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEAM to MERIMBULA in 16 hours.—The HUNTER, every FRIDAY, at 10 a.m. Fare, 30s.

FOR THE RICHMOND RIVER (going right up to the Junction).—The fine clipper FOLLORMAN, Captain RUWALD, will sail on WEDNESDAY first. Intending passengers are requested to notice the superior qualities of the vessel; and shippers are requested to send their goods down early THIS DAY. All freight and passage-money payable in Sydney.

ANDERSON, CAMPBELL, and CO., Flour and Grain Wharf, King-street.

FOR THE MORUYA RIVER.—The ORIENT, STEVENS, master, is now receiving cargo, and will sail first fair wind.

For freight or passage apply to MERRIMAN and RAYNER, Victoria Wharf.

All freight and passage money must be paid in Sydney.

FOR MANNING RIVER.—ESTHER, sails TO-DAY, from Victoria Wharf.

FOR TWOFOLD BAY.—The regular trader GIPSY will sail on THURSDAY, 10th.

For freight or passage apply on board, Commercial Wharf; or J. HARPUR and CO., 246, George-street.

FOR BRISBANE.—The DUKE OF WELLINGTON, loading at Grafton Wharf. T. STEWART, agent.

REGULAR LINE of TRADERS to MELBOURNE.—The fine brig GAZELLE, STAFFORD, commander.

ANDERSON, CAMPBELL, and CO., Flour and Grain Wharf, King-street.

FOR MELBOURNE direct.—The regular trader brig WANDERER, SMITH, master.

For freight or passage, apply to MERRIMAN and RAYNER, Victoria Wharf.

ONLY VESSEL for LAUNCESTON.—The LADY DENISON, J. M'KINLAY, commander, will sail in a few days.

For freight or passage, apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO, Lloyds Chambers.

FOR ADELAIDE.—To sail on 10th instant.—The regular trader BURNETT, FOREMAN, master, is now fast filling up at the Victoria Wharf.

For freight or passage, apply on board; or, to MOLISON and BLACK, No. 4, Bridge-street.

ONLY VESSEL for AUCKLAND.—The favourite regular trader BREADALBANE, J. G. BARRON, commander, is now fast loading, and will positively CLEAR at the Customs on FRIDAY.

*** shippers will please observe that no bonded goods will be received on board, without shipping notes, the same as free goods.

For freight or passage, having good accommodation, apply to R. TOWNS and CO.

FOR PORT DE FRANCE, NEW CALEDONIA.—The A1 new Baltimore clipper vessel WANDERING WAVE, 150 tons register, La. de BEAUVAU-CRAON, commander, now lying at Campbell's Wharf, will meet with quick dispatch.

For freight or passage apply to LEVERRIER, CURCIER, and CO., 205, Lower George-street.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.—Calling at AUCKLAND, New Zealand, to embark passengers. The fine A1 clipper barque CONSTANCE, 500 tons, will be despatched from Newcastle in a few days.

For passage only, having superior accommodation, apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO, Lloyd's Chambers.

FOR HONGKONG.—The A1 ship LADY MACDONALD, 678 tons, will sail on or about the 15th proximo.

For freight, or passage apply to Captain BRUMELL, on board; BUCHANAN, SKINNER, and CO.; or MOLISON and BLACK.

FOR HONGKONG direct.—The A1 clipper barque DRAGON, 350 tons, WILLIAM BOOTH, commander, will sail without delay.

For freight or passage apply to Captain BOOTH, on board; or to MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, and CO.

FOR WOOL and Passengers only.—The A1 ship DUNBAR DUNBAR, 1374 tons, HENRY NEATBY, commander, will sail for London on the 1st February.

For freight or passage, cabin or steerage, apply to Captain NEATBY, on board, at the Circular Quay, or to BUCHANAN, SKINNER, and CO., agents.

FOR LONDON direct.—For Passengers only.—The WAVE OF LIFE, 1000 tons, CHARLES STUART, commander, has still two Saloon Cabins disengaged.

Apply to Captain STUART, on board, off Circular Quay; or to MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, and CO.

TO INTERMEDIATE PASSENGERS for LONDON.—The LA HOGUE has still room in the intermediate for two Married Couples and several Single Men, to secure which immediate application is necessary.

Apply on board; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

MESSRS. MONEY WIGRAM and SONS (of Blackwall Yard, London) Line of Ships.—For LONDON.—To sail on the 15th January, the celebrated clipper ship SOUTHAMPTON, 1100 tons, B. TONKIN, commander. Has splendid accommodation for passengers, and carries an experienced surgeon.

RATES.

First cabin, according to agreement.
Second ditto £35 to £40.
Third ditto, £33 10s.
Steerage (open berths), £19 5s.
Including passage to Melbourne.

J. B METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

WANTED, to CHARTER a small Vessel, about 35 Tons, for the conveyance of coals to the Water Works, Botany. Apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The first-class clipper barque LION, 280 tons burthen, WILLIAM SINCLAIR, commander, now open for freight or charter. The Lion is completely fitted up for stock, and has just returned from a voyage to Otago, New Zealand, where she delivered her cargo in good order, the whole voyage occupying only thirty days.

Apply to Captain SINCLAIR, on board, or to JAMES MALCOLM, senior.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The first-class Hamburg barque NEPTUN, H. W. VOSS, commander, 600 tons register, is now open for charter to either Batavia or any of the East Indian ports. Apply to the Captain, on board; or to W. KIRCHNER, agent, 57, Lower George-street.

FOR SALE, the Colonial Steamer WILLIAM IV., of 120 tons measurement, and 40-horse power. This vessel is well worth the attention of parties engaged in the coasting trade of this or of the neighbouring colonies, carrying a much larger cargo for her tonnage than any other steamer of more modern construction; she is in good order, and can be employed by any purchaser at once, and without any outlay. Her speed has been much increased by the superior and powerful machinery which has been recently placed on board by Messrs. Napier and Co., of this city, enabling her to maintain a rate of eight knots when fully loaded. Her running expenses, as regards fuel and otherwise, are very small, while her character as a sea boat stands unrivalled.

The only motive for disposing of so useful a vessel is, that she is superseded in her trade by larger and more powerful steamers.

For the intercolonial trade of New Zealand, no other vessel could be better adapted; she is fully found, and can be taken to sea at the shortest notice. For further particulars any intending purchasers can apply to the Manager of the Illawarra Steam Navigation Company, Pyrmont Wharf.

ELLEN SIMPSON, from ADELAIDE.—Consignees per above vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for Circular Quay. CAMERON and CO., agents.

JACQUES' WHARF, Jacques' Wharf.—Vacant Berths at reduced rates. Ten days' storage free.

BARQUE SPIRIT OF THE NORTH, from LONDON.—All ACCOUNTS and Claims against the above named vessel must be rendered in duplicate, at the office of the undersigned, on or before WEDNESDAY, 9th instant, otherwise they will not be recognised. L. and S. SPYER and CO., agents, Wynyard-square.

BARQUE ATHENE, from LONDON.—Consignees of goods, per above vessel, are requested to PASS their ENTRIES immediately for Botts' Wharf. All goods impeding the discharge of the vessel will be entered, landed, and stored at consignees' risk and expense. Bills of lading must be produced at the office of the undersigned, and freight paid, when an order for delivery will be given. L. and S. SPYER and CO., agents, Wynyard-square.

CAPTAIN SULLIVAN, of the American ship JAMES ARNOLD, will not be accountable for any debts contracted by his crew.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

ALBERT HEINECKEN, late of Trigamon, Macintyre River, New South Wales, will receive a managed LETTER by applying to J. H. SIMPSON, Trigamon, Warialda.

JAMES ABBELL.—Letters await you at the Post Office, Sydney.

JOHN STEAD, of Cornwall, please send your address to C. B., Herald Office.

MR. WILLIAM GRANT, lately of New England.—I expect you to write, without further delay, to THOMAS HOLDSTOCK, Raymond Terrace, January 3.

MR. DWYER, lately connected with Mr. Cosgrove, at the Manning.—In order to prevent unnecessary expenses, write immediately to THOMAS HOLDSTOCK, Raymond Terrace, January 3.

HUNTER'S HILL AMATEUR REGATTA, 1861.—The PRIZES in this Regatta will be distributed on THURSDAY next, the 10th instant, at 4 p.m., at Polmar's Cafe, as follows:—

1st Race—Arrow
2nd ditto—Surprise
3rd ditto—Guiding Star
4th ditto—Vision
Yacht ditto—Australian
5th ditto—Annie
6th ditto—Nita
7th ditto—Peri
8th ditto—A. S. B. C.
9th ditto—Clothes Peg
10th ditto—Electra
11th ditto—Dingy
Ditto—ditto.

By order of the committee,
JULES JOUBERT, hon. secretary.

THE UNDERSIGNED beg to inform those interested in the Shipping that they have become LESSEES of the Circular Quay, Campbell's, Walker's, Lamb's, Botts', Macnamarra's, Moore's, Queen's Wharfs, and trust that they will favour them with a continuance of the same patronage as hitherto. OLIVER and GOODIN.

NEW SOUTH WALES VOLUNTEER RIFLES.—A MEETING of the CAPTAINS and DELEGATES of the SUBURBAN BATTALION of the above corps will be held at this office, on THURSDAY next, the 10th instant, at 4 30 o'clock p.m.

WILLIAM FORDE, honorary secretary.

Volunteer Office, Hyde-park, 8th January.

NEW SOUTH WALES RIFLES.—Election of Officers.—A Preliminary MEETING of the Central Companies, will be held at the Farriers' Arms, George-street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of entering into arrangements for the election of the remaining commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the above companies, prior to the Review of the 19th instant.

BAND FOR VOLUNTEERS.—Captain J. E. FAIRFAX having been appointed Treasurer to the committee, it is requested that all Subscriptions for the band may be paid to him.

By order,
WILLIAM FORDE, honorary secretary.

Volunteer Office, Hyde Park, 5th January.

BAND.—N. S. W. VOLUNTEER RIFLES.—The Staff (or paid) Members of the Band (only) are requested to attend at the Volunteer Barracks, Hyde Park, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 8th instant, at half-past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of practice, and entering into formal engagements. DOUGLAS CALLEN, Director.

THERE WILL be a GENERAL MUSTER of Nos. 1 and 2 Companies of Volunteer Artillery, on the AFTERNOONS of WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next, the 9th and 10th instant, for the purpose of drill, preparatory to the review on the 19th instant. By order of the Commandant. E. NASMYTH, acting adjutant.

BALMAIN VOLUNTEER RIFLES.—A special General MEETING of the above company will be held at Captain Houstoun's Store, THIS EVENING, at half-past 7 o'clock, for the consideration of by-laws and other matters affecting the interest of the company.

J. H. PALMER, honorary secretary.

NEWCASTLE WALLSEND COAL COMPANY.—The Half-yearly General MEETING of this Company will be held at the Offices of the Company, in the Exchange, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at half-past 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the report of the Directors, to elect a Director in the room of Alexander Campbell, Esq., who retires by rotation, and is not eligible for re-election, and two Auditors, in the room of W. F. Cape and Archibald Campbell, Esqrs., one of whom is eligible for re-election.

Candidates for the office of Director are required to give fourteen days' notice of their intention.

By order of the Board,
J. W. BROOKES, secretary.

NEWTOWN SCHOOL OF ARTS.—FIRST ANNUAL EXCURSION.

The members and friends of this Institution will make an EXCURSION to Middle Harbour on MONDAY, the 14th January. The steamer Victoria will leave the Phœnix Wharf at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. Tickets for the trip, 3s. each; double tickets, 5s.; (children between 5 and 14, half-price). May be obtained from the secretary, Mr. Dunlop, Mr. Kebby, and Mr. Webster, Newtown; also, from Mr. Hobbs, Secretary School of Arts. The surplus will be given to the Building Fund.

J. E. LANGBRIDGE, secretary.

ASSOCIATION FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF CATTLE-STEALING, Office, 327, George-street.—A MEETING of the Committee of the above Association will be held at the Office, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely.

W. C. BRACKENBURY, secretary.

A MEETING will be held THIS EVENING, at half-past 8 o'clock, at Mr. Dudley's, the New Inn, Albion-street, Surry Hills, to take into consideration the best means for the improvement of Albion-street, between Elizabeth and Crown streets, and to receive the report from the deputation appointed to wait on John Smith, Esq.

SYDNEY LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—NOTICE. The Annual Meeting of Members is POSTPONED to WEDNESDAY, January, 16th instant. W. H. S. HINDMARSH, hon. secretary.

ST. LEONARD'S MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.—An Inaugural FESTIVAL to celebrate the completion and opening of the new building, will take place on January 9th.

The entertainments will include music, dissolving views, and other interesting matters.

Doors open at half-past six o'clock p.m. Refreshments on the table until half-past seven.

Tickets, 1s. each; may be obtained from the members of Committee, and from JOHN W. GUISE, hon. sec., Miller-street, St. Leonard's.

A LECTURE will be delivered by Dr. SHERSTON, on Rational Costume, in the Hall of Temperance, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at half-past 7 p.m. Admission free. J. H. MORRISON and G. J. CROUCH, honorary secretaries.

JUVENILE MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—The quarterly MEETING of this Society will be held THIS EVENING (Tuesday), in the Schoolroom adjoining the Baptist and Scotch churches, Bathurst-street. Tea will be provided at half-past 6 o'clock. No charge will be made for admission, but a collection will be taken at the meeting to be held immediately after. Members and friends of the Society are invited to attend.

CITY OF SYDNEY CO-OPERATIVE BAKING ASSOCIATION.—The first MEETING of intending Shareholders in the above Association will be held at the Light Horse Hotel, Bathurst-street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING (9th instant), at 7 o'clock.

MASONIC.—Zetland Lodge of Australia, No. 941.—Regular MEETING, at the Hall, THIS EVENING, at 7.

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.—Notice is hereby given that, on and after the 1st January, 1861, the rate of DISCOUNT on bills of not more than two months (65 days) to run will be REDUCED to six per cent. per annum.

By order of the Board of Directors,
A. H. RICHARDSON, General Manager.

FASHIONABLE DANCING and CALISTHENIC EXERCISES, with Elastic Chest Expanders.—Mr. J. CLARK, assisted by his Son and Daughter, begs to inform his friends, parents, and guardians of his pupils, and the public generally, that he has Re-opened his Dancing Classes, at his New Rooms, Elizabeth-street North, as follows:—The Private Class on Mondays and Thursdays, at 7 p.m.; the Juvenile Class on Tuesday and Friday Afternoons, at half past 4 o'clock; and the Evening Class, as usual, at 7.

TO THE ODDFELLOWS OF THE MANCHESTER UNITY.—The FOUNDATION STONE of the New Hall for the Loyal St. John's Lodge, at Newtown, will be laid on MONDAY, January 28th.

The committee earnestly request the members of the above Unity, and others interested, to attend.

By order,
JOHN TALBOT, secretary.

CAMPBELLTOWN.—A Grand HURLING MATCH will take place at Campbelltown, on WEDNESDAY next, the 9th January, Tipperary and Clare against Limerick and Cork. All men from the above counties are invited to attend. All in friendship. Bring your bathing.

THE SHIPPING GAZETTE.—This journal is incorporated with the SYDNEY MAIL, published at the Office, Hunter and Pitt streets, at 3s. 3d. per quarter. Single Nos. 3d. each. The MAIL contains in full the shipping of the week as published daily in the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

☞ Copies of the SYDNEY MAIL may be had of all newspaper agents.

SERVICES to be held in the Congregational Churches in Sydney and its suburbs during the remainder of the days proposed to be set apart as a season of special supplication, from Sunday, January 6th, to Sunday, January 13th, inclusive.

The arrangements for the following days will be:

Pitt-street.—Prayer meeting on Wednesday.
United Communion on Friday.
Redfern.—Prayer meeting on Thursday.
Newtown.—Prayer meeting on Wednesday.
Balmain.—Prayer meeting on Thursday.
Bourke-street.—Prayer meeting on Tuesday.
Paddington.—Prayer meeting on Saturday.

Appropriate addresses will be delivered. Each service will commence at half-past 7 o'clock.

Prayer meetings will be held in each of the above churches on the morning of January 13th, at 7 o'clock.

SERVICES FOR JANUARY 13.

Pitt-street—Morning, Rev. S. C. Kent; evening, Rev. W. Cuthbertson.
Redfern.—Morning, Rev. W. Cuthbertson; evening, Rev. W. Slayter.
Balmain.—Morning, Rev. H. Greube; evening, Rev. A. Bassett.
Bourke-street—Morning, Rev. A. Bassett; evening, Rev. J. E. Vetch.
Newtown.—Morning, Rev. J. E. Vetch; evening, Rev. S. C. Kent.
Paddington.—Morning, Rev. W. Slatyer; evening, Rev. H. H. Greube.

The morning services will commence at 11 o'clock, and the evening at 7.

A short prayer meeting will be held in each church on the evening of Sunday, January 13th, after the usual service.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—The Devotional Services will, on THIS (Tuesday) and TO-MORROW (Wednesday) EVENINGS, be held in St. James's Infant Schoolroom, Castlereagh-street, commencing at half-past 7 o'clock.

UNITED PRAYER.—Devotional Exercises will be conducted, God willing, in the SCOTS CHURCH, Pitt-street, at eight o'clock p.m. on EACH EVENING during THIS WEEK.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY and DISPENSARY.—The Annual General MEETING of the above institution will be held in the Infant Schoolroom, Castlereagh-street, on the evening of TUESDAY, the 22nd instant.

The chair will be taken at 7 o'clock.

A Report of the Proceedings of the past year, together with a series of resolutions, and the treasurer's accounts, will be laid before the meeting.

Subscribers and friends of the institution are respectfully invited to attend.

JOHN DOUGALL, } Joint Hon.
M. H. STEPHEN, } Secretaries.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY AND DISPENSARY.—In consequence of the resignation of Owen W. Williams, Esq., M.D., and the retirement by rotation of Hon. J. Macfarlane, Esq., M.D., M.L.C., and Charles Nathan, Esq., surgeon, there will be VACANCIES for two PHYSICIANS and one SURGEON, to be filled up at the next General Meeting, 22nd January.

Vacancies also occur in the Dispensary, through the resignation of F. Milford, Esq., M.D., and the retirement by rotation of Isaac Aaron and Myles Egan, Esquires, surgeons.

CANDIDATES for these offices are requested to forward testimonials and credentials on or before MONDAY next, 14th instant, at 12 o'clock.

Particulars may be ascertained on application to the House Surgeon.

The retiring medical officers of the Infirmary and Dispensary are eligible for re-election.

M. H. STEPHEN, } Joint hon.
JOHN DOUGALL, } secretaries.

SYDNEY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—The Fourth CONCERT of the Season will be held on TUESDAY, the 29th current.

Members of the orchestra are earnestly requested to attend punctually the weekly practices and rehearsals.

HENRY CHERRY, hon. sec.

VICTORIA THEATRE.—Director and Stage Manager, Mr. JOSEPH RAYNER.

Complimentary BENEFIT to the fascinating Dansense FRAULEIN FANNIE,

Under distinguished patronage,

On THURSDAY, January 10th,

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—Director and stage manager, Mr. JOSEPH RAYNER.

THIS EVENING, the CHILDREN IN THE WOOD, and concludo with the successful burlesque and pantomime THE PILGRIM OF LOVE,

in which FRAULEIN FANNIE and the Brothers LEOPOLD will appear.

NOTICE.—On SATURDAY, January 12th, there will be a grand day performance of the burlesque and pantomime. Box office open from 11 till 3.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS, BOTANY.—Largest collection Natural History in the southern hemisphere.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS, BOTANY.—The most extensive near Sydney, now in splendid order.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS, BOTANY.—Pleasure Boat, well manned; also Fishing Tackle.

ORDERS for BREAKFASTS, DINNERS, &c., intended for the Sir Joseph Banks Hotel, Zoological Gardens, Botany, if left at the office of Beaumont and Waller, builders, will be promptly forwarded.

W. BEAUMONT.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.—The Churchwardens will be in attendance at the Vestry on WEDNESDAY next,—in the morning from 10 to 1, and in the evening from 7 to 9 o'clock—for the purpose of LETTING and RE-LETTING the SITTINGS for the half-year commencing on the 1st instant; the rents will be required in advance.

RAGGED SCHOOLS.—It is intended to establish RAGGED SCHOOLS in various parts of the city. Those persons who are able and willing to teach classes in, or to take charge of, such schools are respectfully requested to communicate with EDWARD JOY, Circular Quay.

AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY for the Lovers and Cultivators of Music.—To be RAFFLED, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 8th of January, in St. Patrick's Hall, Sydney, a very superior Cottage PIANOFORTE (value, £40, from one of the first makers), nearly new, in thorough order, and having all the latest improvements. Tickets, ten shillings each.

N.B.—An inspection and trial of the Pianoforte, which is in the rooms attached to the R. C. Schools, Church Hill, is earnestly invited. The proceeds to be devoted to the building of St. Patrick's Presbytery.

CORVETER'S EXPRESS GOULBURN VAN.—Notice.—Passengers and Goods must be booked before 12 o'clock on WEDNESDAY next. ALLA 8 New Express Booking Office, opposite Southern Branch Commercial Bank, Haymarket.

SMITH'S EXPRESS MUDGEE VAN.—Notice.—Passengers, parcels, and light freight booked at ALLEN'S New Express Office, opposite Southern Branch Commercial Bank, Haymarket. Leaves Seale's, Square and Compass, Sydney; and Carriers' Arms, Mudgee, every alternate Saturday.

VICTORIA CHOP HOUSE open every day, from 11 to 3, next to the Victoria Theatre.

CHOPS and STEAKS, &c., 6d., at TOLANO'S, next to the Victoria Theatre.

HOT and Cold Luncheons, Salads, Harricots, Curries. City Wine Vaults, George-st. JAMES SIMPSON.

£3000 TO LEND, in various sums, on security of city or suburban property. Apply to Mr. STEPHEN BROWN, solicitor, 130, Pitt-street, Sydney.

MORTGAGE.—£250 to LEND on Sydney Property. E. C., Herald Office.

MONEY.—To Gentlemen holding Government or other permanent appointments, Officers in the United Service.—The advertiser, who is acting for executors, will advance immediately, on personal security, for short periods, sums varying from £25 to £150. The advantages offered are, prompt replies to applications, low rate of interest, and the strictest confidence in all cases. Apply in the first instance by letter to A. O, Box No. 259, Post Office, Sydney.

MELBOURNE.—A Gentleman, of many years residence in Sydney, about to visit Melbourne for six weeks or two months, will be happy to transact any BUSINESS, or collect and arrange any ACCOUNTS there. Satisfactory references, by applying by letter or personally, to F., care of Mr. Waugh, stationer, George-street.

IN THE ESTATE of JAMES LYALL, of Clarence Town.—A Second DIVIDEND of 5s. in the £ will be paid THIS DAY, at the office of CHARLES BATE, 327, George-street. Holders of bills or promissory notes are requested to present them.

A LADY wishes to receive a Gentleman into her family circle. None but those whose manners and position entitle them to this description will be suitable. Address E. J., care of Mr. Bence, William-street.

AN EXPERIENCED Governess is requiring a resident ENGAGEMENT, in a family; she is qualified to give instruction in English, French (acquired in Paris), the rudiments of Italian, with music and singing. Address A.M., Post Office, Petersham.

A YOUNG English Person wishes for a SITUATION as HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID; country preferred. CHON, 14, Queen-street, Chippendale.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER wants EMPLOYMENT by the day. Address E. D., Herald Office.

ANCHORS.—Wanted two ANCHORS, weighing from 15 to 16 cwt. each. Apply to ALFRED MITCHELL, Circular Quay.

BILLET WOOD SPLITTERS Wanted. Apply at Cabramatta Saw Mills, near Fairfield.

BLACKSMITH WANTED for a Station.—He must be able to shoe horses and have good references; a man with a family not objected to. For particulars apply to TUCKER and CO., 288, George-street.

BALMAIN, or SNAIL'S BAY.—Wanted to PURCHASE a COTTAGE; water frontage. Address ELIZA, Herald Office.

CURRIERS WANTED.—Apply to HENRY PAWLEY and BROTHER, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

COMPOSITOR WANTED, immediately. JOSEPH COOK and CO.

CLERK WANTED, a good Writer and quick at Accounts. Apply at the Office, Circular Quay, between 10 and 12 a.m.

CLASSICAL TUITOR.—Wanted, by a Gentleman of University education, an Engagement as above. G. B. R., Herald Office.

FAMILY'S WASHING WANTED.—No. 6, Macquarie-street, top of Hunter-street.

GOVERNESS.—A LADY, just disengaged, is anxious for RE-ENGAGEMENT. Instructs in music, French, and the usual branches of English. Address A. B., care of Mr. Moore, opposite Cathedral.

GOVERNESS.—A LADY, competent to finish in music, French, &c., wishes an ENGAGEMENT as Resident GOVERNESS. Salary, 20 guineas per annum. Daily instruction not objected to. Address TEACHER, care of Mr. Mackay, bookseller, Elizabeth-street.

LAMBING FLAT DIGGINGS.—WANTED, a respectable sober MATE, to proceed with the advertiser to the above diggings. Apply between 8 and 9 THIS EVENING, at Mr. LISSAC'S, tobacconist, 85, King-st.

PARLOUR MAID WANTED. Apply to GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and CO., Spring-street.

PARTNERSHIP.—Wanted, a Partner, in a lucrative and thriving business, combining wharfage, coal, lime, timber, &c. Capital required, from £600 to £1000. Income to take the out-door business. Every information will be afforded to principals, who only will be treated with. Apply to CHATTO and HUGHES, Treasury Auction Rooms.

REQUIRED, a Daily GOVERNESS to instruct three young ladies, the eldest fourteen, the youngest eleven years of age, in French, and the usual branches of an English education. Personal references expected. Apply to Mrs. TOWNS, Moore Cliff Lodge, Miller's Point.

TO COPPER SMELTERS.—Wanted, MEN who thoroughly understand their business. RICHARD PEEK, 309, George-street.

TO CARRIERS.—LOADING, for Queanbeyan, Goulburn, Wingelo, Gundagai, and Bathurst. A four-wheeled waggon required to convey a boiler. Apply Transit Depot, 60, New Pitt-street. R. R. RANDOLPH.

SCHOOLMASTER.—Wanted, by an experienced Teacher, a SITUATION, either in town or country. Apply C. C. D., 90, South Head Road.

STATION WANTED.—Wanted, for cash chiefly, a good sound Run, within 200 miles of Maitland; more or less stocked with sheep (not over 10,000), or cattle (not more than 1500 or so), or both; suitable for carrying 12,000 to 15,000 in all seasons, or that can at moderate outlay be made to do so by dams or wells. If cattle are bought with the station they must be mustered. Apply to THOMAS CARELL, cattle-dealer and agent, West Maitland.

THE BATHURST GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—Wanted, after Christmas, a Resident ASSISTANT MASTER. He must have had experience in the instruction of little boys, and be thoroughly qualified to teach English, writing, and arithmetic. Apply by letter, enclosing testimonials as to character and competency, to the Head Master. Salary £100 per annum. The School will meet on MONDAY, January 14th, 1860. WILLIAM J. M. HILLYAR, B.A., Head Master. Durham-street, Bathurst, December 22nd.

TO GROCERS.—Wanted, a SITUATION, as IMP

IMMIGRANTS per BRITISH TRIDENT.—The undermentioned persons having arrived, per British Trident, in pursuance of deposits made under the Immigration Remittance Regulations, will be prepared to join their friends, the Single Females at the Depot, Hyde Park Barracks, after 9 o'clock a.m. TO-MORROW, Tuesday, the 8th instant; and the Families and Single Males on board the ship after 12 o'clock, on THURSDAY, the 10th instant.

Name of Immigrant.	Name of Depositor.
Adcock, Emma	Kara Adcock
Elizabeth A.	Ditto
Emma	Ditto
William	Ditto
Arthur, Bridget	
Baldock, Frederick	John Galvin
Emily	Ditto
Clara	Ditto
Barrett, William	Mary Barrett
Bastable, Emily	Mary Bastable
Charles	Ditto
Beard, Edwin	Samuel Herbert
Mary	Ditto
Elizabeth	Ditto
Fanny	Ditto
Daniel	Ditto
Beattie, William	John J. Beattie
Jane	Ditto
Ellen	Ditto
Robert	Ditto
George	Ditto
Beswick, John	George Bewick
Mary A.	Ditto
Beaton, Joseph	William Clarkson
Bergin, Michael	Eliza Keeley
Boran, Patrick	James O'Neill
Catherine	Ditto
Edward	Ditto
Hugh	Ditto
Boland, Michael	
Booker, Robert	Henry Dixon
Martha	Ditto
Edward S.	Ditto
Boyle, Hanna	Ellen Gillespie
Hanna	Ditto
Brohony, Bridget	Michael Brohoney
Patrick	Ditto
Martin	Ditto
Brennan, Martin	James Byrne
Broderick, Edmund	John Maloney
Bridget	Ditto
Ann	Ditto
Margaret	Ditto
Brooks, Elizabeth	Martha Austin
Burns, Ann	Martin Barry
Byrne, John	Daniel Byrne
Cahill, Margaret	Denis Heffernan
William	John Baker
Callanan, Richard	James Callanan
Bridget	Ditto
Ann	Ditto
Bridget	Ditto
Caldwell, Thomas	John Caldwell
Jane	Ditto
Mary Jane	Ditto
Callaghan, Honora	Michael Degan
John	Ditto
Cane, Johanna	Edward Brennan
Maurice	Ditto
Cantwell, Mary	Michael Cantwell
Honora	Ditto
Carroll, Margaret	Patrick Delany
Anne	Ditto
Alice	Thomas Corcoran
Casey, Margaret	Mary Kennedy
Patrick	Ditto
Thomas	Ellen Casey
Casson, Ann	James Kennedy
Clarke, William	
Ann	
Frederick W.	
Cleary, Thomas	Denis Heffernan
Cleary, Thomas	Patrick Mahon
Cochrane, Robert	Robert Irvine
John	Robert Cochrane
Collins, Jeremiah	Daniel Collins
Julia	Ditto
Thady	Catherine Mulqueeny
Conran, John	John Baglish
Conolly, Judith	Thomas Connoly
Sisconer	Ditto
John	Ditto
Condon Bridget	Honora Condon
Margaret	Ditto
(Finn) Margaret	Ditto
Conway, Michael	Henry Griffin
Mary	Ditto
Charles	Ditto
Lawrence	Ditto
Toul	Ditto
Cory, Mary	John Cory
Patrick	Ditto
Corcoran, Matthew	Thomas Corcoran
Helen	Ditto
Cormack, Mary	Michael Leahy
Cronin, Timothy	Thomas Collet
Crow, Michael	Ann Crow
Curry, Ellen	Ann O'Brien
Ann	Ditto
Edward	Ditto
Cuthil, John	John Cuthil
Margaret	Ditto
William	Ditto
David	Ditto
Daley, John	Mary Finley
Delaney, Mary	Sarah O'Grady
Devor, Robert	Archibald Devor
Dillon, James	Dennis Meagher
Dinan, John	Henry Dinan
Donaldson, Michael	Rev. W. B. Johnson
Catherine	Ditto
John	Ditto
Deady, Thomas	Maria Deady
Deaney, Hannora	Maria Deaney
Dorman, John	Joseph Dorman
Ann	Ditto
Doward, Jane	George M. Doward
David	Ditto
Driscoll, Maria	Ellen Sullend
Honora	Ditto
Duffin, Mary Jane	William Jackson
Dunn, Robert	James Campbell
Patrick	Ann Bently
Dunne, James	Catherine Dunne
Jo.	Ditto
Dwyer, Roger	John Baglish
James	Thomas Hannan
Eager, Edmund	Michael O'Brien
Egan, Catherine	Patrick Burke
Eggleton, John	Elizabeth Graham
Elliott, John	Irwin Crane
Irwin	Ditto
Farrar, John	William Nunn
Mary	Ditto
Maria	Ditto
Fay, Elizabeth	James Fay
Ferris, John	Mary Ann Waters
Clara	Ditto
Finn, Peter	John Egan
Fitzgerald, Mary	James Kelly
Maurice	Julia Donovan
Fitzsimmons, Bridget	Ditto
Flanagan, Sarah	Mathew Long
William	Ditto
Flynn, John	Mary Dolan
Fogarty, Catherine	Mary Fogarty
Honora	Ditto
Ford, William	John Ford
Frame, Gavin	Francis O'Brien
Marion	Ditto
Marion	Ditto
James	Ditto
Gavin, Michael	Patrick Kelly
Gleeson, Nano	John Gleeson
James	Ditto
Thomas	Ditto
Good, Catherine	Bridget Turpy
Goodsell, Charles	Mr. Larkins per Mr. G. Gurr
Gorman, Patrick	Margaret Gorman
Grady, Patrick	Martin Nash
Grandy, Bridget	Rev. J. M'Girr
Green, James	William Oldham
Mary Ann	Ditto
William H.	Ditto
Ellen M.	Ditto
Sarah A.	Ditto
Joseph	Ditto
Grimes, Margaret	Catherine Grimes
Grimshaw, Mary	W. Grimshaw
John	Ditto
Haddigan, Bridget	Patrick Mooney
Hankin, Margaret	James Hankin
Hanan, George	
Hassett, William	Thomas Welsh
Hayes, Mary	Robert Whelan
Thomas	John Gleeson
Healey, Thomas	John Healey
Mary	Ditto
Heaney, Mary	Maurice Heaney
Patrick	Ditto
Heavey, William	Edward Heavey
Margaret	Ditto
Mary	Ditto
Margaret	Ditto
John	Ditto
Heaney, Honora	Dennis Heaneny
James	Ditto
Herd, David	James Herd
Hetherington, Elizabeth	Elizabeth Black
Hogan, Anne	Denis Kearney
Catherine	John Conway
Daniel	John Ryan
Hood, Isabella	William Hurst
Howard, Michael	Bridget Howard
Howley, Martin	
Catherine	
Humphreys, Catherine	Benoni Humphreys
Tristram	Ditto
Mary	Ditto
Sarah	Ditto
Hutchison, James	James Herd
Jenkin, John	George Gray
Jerman, William	James Collins
Jelfs, Anne E.	James Jelfs
Mary Ann	Ditto
Agnes	Ditto
Jephcott, Eliza	James Woodland
Ann	Ditto
Jones, Honora	Michael Tierney
Michael	Mary Jones
Ann	Franklyn Bunch
Lucy	Ditto
Keefe, Patrick	Thomas Bannan
Thomas	Ditto
Kealey, Michael	Eliza Kealey
Kelliher, Nano	Daniel Holland
Kelso, Hugh	Eliza Kelso
Kennedy, Thomas	Patrick Burke
Honora	Ditto
Honor	Ditto
Julia	Ditto
Eliza	Michael Tierney
Sarah	William Maylan
Kennif, James	Thomas Moylan
Keogh, Patrick	Timothy Lenve
Kilgannon, Michael	Edward Hanvey
Mary	Ditto
Edward	Ditto
Mary A.	Ditto
John	Ditto
Cecilia	Ditto
King, Martin	
Bridget	
Ledger, Mary	Patrick Riley
Julia	Ditto
Lehane, John	Patrick Lehane
Leopes, Ann	Rev. W. F. Johnson
Lewis, Bridget	James Grace
Logue, Alexander	Joseph Wishart
Mary A.	Ditto
Magdalen	Ditto
John	Ditto
Londrigan, John	Alice Londrigan
Loy, James	Francis Borne
Mary	Ditto
Joseph	Ditto
Edward	Ditto
Peter	Ditto
Lacy, Robert	John Hilliam
Dalbrine	Ditto
Lynch, Honoria	William B. Lynch
Thomas	Bridget Keary
M'Carthy, Margaret	
M'Clure, Alexander	James M'Clure
Mary	Ditto
Catherine	Samuel King
Aaron	James M'Clure
George	Samuel King
M'Dermott, Mary	Catherine Kidd
M'Gee, James	Francis Larter
M'Hugh, Michael	Patrick Mooney
M'Mahoney, Patrick	Raymond and Co.
M'Kelvey, Alexander	William Jackson
M'Keown, Margaret	Bernard Lamon
Bernard	Ditto
M'Lean, George	George M'Leanan
M'Lennon, John	Ditto
M'Mahon, John	James M'Mahon
Honora	Ditto
Eliza	Mary M'Mahon
M'Quade, Catherine	William Hurst
Maher, Mary	Michael Nolan
James	Ditto
Mahon, James	Bridget Malone
Maloney, Maria	Mary Tierney
Eliza	Ditto
John	
May, Richard	William May
Eliza	Ditto
Richard	Ditto
May, Elizabeth	William May
Meehan, Michael	Anthony Meehan
James	Ditto
Minogue, Mary	Ann Minogue
Ellen	Ditto
Peter	Ditto
Mitchell, James	William Mitchell
Morgan, John	Thomas Morgan
David	Ditto
Moylan, Michael	Thomas Moylan
Judy	Ditto
Maloney, Denis	Mary Maloney
Murphy, Michael	James Murphy
William	Martin Tooky
Murray, Michael	Ellen Murray
Peter	Ditto
Mary	Ditto
Murtagh, Ellen	Catherine Murtagh
James	Ditto
Naughton, John	Maurice Nash
Neale, William	Ellen Fogarty
Newman, Ellen	Margaret Victory
Daniel	Ditto
Nonenmacher, Julia	Ann Talbot
Catherine	Ditto
Noonan, Martin	Mary Noonan
O'Brien, Margaret	Patrick Fitzpatrick
Cahanap	Ann O'Brien
Cornelius	Ditto
Patrick	Patrick Fitzpatrick
O'Connor, Ellen	Ann M'Namara
O'Donnell, Charles	John O'Donnell
O'Dwyer, William	Mary O'Dwyer
O'Maher, Michael	Mary Kennedy
Denis	Ditto
O'Meara, Patrick	James Donnahan
O'Reilly, Ann	James O'Neill
Mary	Ditto
Henry	Hugh M'David
Paton, George	James Paton
Ellen	Ditto
William	Ditto
Mariana A.	Ditto
James	Ditto
George	Ditto
Pearson, Andrew	James Hurd
Pitts, Henry	Charles Pitts
Preston, Mary	William Rayner
Quigley, Patrick	Margaret Quigley
Raleigh, John	Michael Raleigh
Rayner, Ann	William Rayner
Reedy, Fergus	Patrick Reedy
Richardson, Thomas	J. H. Kaye
Rigney, John	Patrick Rigney
Roach, Mary	Bridget Rooche
Henry	Alfred Rooche
Martin	Bridget Rooche
Patrick	Ditto
Roberts, Michael	James Donnelly
Rose, Mary	John Cashel
James	Ditto
John	Michael Hartigan
Roughan, William	Sarah Merrill
Rudden, John	George Bowick
Elizabeth	Ditto
Mary	Ditto
Ryan, Patrick	
Catherine	
Catherine	
Anne	Timothy Ryan
William	
Seery, Michael	Thomas Seery
Shaw, Ann	Robert Shaw
Barbara	Ditto
David	Ditto
Shee, Michael	James Farrell
Simpson, George	Ditto
Sharden, Alice	Ellen Gardiner
Ellen	Ditto
Slevin, William	James Hurst
Snowdon, Mary A.	W. M. Alderson
Mary A.	Ditto
Esther	Ditto
Elizabeth	Ditto
Thomas	Ditto
William	Ditto
South, Jane	Norman South
Spittlehouse, William	Samuel Spittlehouse
Ann	Ditto
Stagg, Harriett	Edward T. Stagg
Stapleton, Mary	Malachi Dwyer
Patrick	Ditto
Stewart, Mary	Patrick M'Grath
Thomas	Ditto
Storey, John	Elizabeth Graham
Joseph	Ditto
Sullivan, Martin	James Farrell
Sullivan, Catherine	Ditto
Sweeney, Patrick	Margaret Sweeny
Ellen	
Catherine	
Edmund	John Sweeney
Todd (Tetard), John	Joseph Gerald
Ann	Ditto
Tunulty, John	Patrick Brady
Walker, Ellen	James Walker
Lydia	Ditto
Mary	Ditto
Alice	Ditto
Wardle, William	Richard Henderson
Turner	Ditto
William	Ditto
Richard	Ditto
Weane, Ellen	James Herd
Wilson, Edward	William Jackson
Wood, Mary	William E. Watson
(Joel) Caroline	Ditto
John	Joseph Gerald
Wray, James	Thomas Wray
Samuel	Ditto
Wynne, John	Richard Wynne

H. H. BROWNE, agent for immigration.
Government Immigration Office, Sydney, 7th January, 1861.

The Treasury, Sydney, 8th January, 1861.

CLOTHING.—ATTENTION is invited to the Notice from this Department, published in the Government Gazette of the 4th instant, calling for tenders for the above.

TO PRINTERS AND BOOKBINDERS.—TENDERS will be received at this office till WEDNESDAY, the 9th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, for printing and binding for the service of the Board of National Education for the year 1861. Particulars may be obtained on application at this office.

W. C. WILLS, secretary.
National Education Office,
Sydney, 3rd January, 1861.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, 4th December, 1860.

TENDERS FOR PUBLIC WORKS and CONTRACTS.—TENDERS are invited for the following Works and Contracts. For full particulars see the Government Gazette, a copy of which is kept at every Police Office in the colony.

Nature of Works and Supplies.	Date to which tenders can be received at this Office.
Construction of Punt for the Williams River, near Raymond Terrace	12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, 8th January, 1861.
Annual Contracts—Lighting the exterior lamps at the Victoria Barracks	
Erection of Goal at Armidale	12 o'clock noon on Tuesday 15th January 1861.
Erection of Goal at Albury	
Erection of Toll House and Gates at the junction of the Wollombi and Singleton Roads	12 o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, Third January, 1861.
Erection of Goal at Braidwood	12 o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, 29th January, 1861.
Erection of additions to the Lock-up, Singleton	
Erection of Watch-house, Bungendore	12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, 5th February, 1861.
Erection of Court-house, Mudgee	
Erection of Goal at Mudgee	
Erection of Watch-house, Micalago	
Erection of Goal at Wagga Wagga	12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, 12th February, 1861.
Erection of Electric Telegraph Station at Parnet	
Construction of Jetty at Bateman's Bay	
Designs for New Houses of Parliament	On 1st March, 1861.
Wollongong Harbour Works	12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, 5th March, 1861.
Improvement of Kiama Harbour	

W. M. ARNOLD.

The Treasury, 7th January, 1861.

BOOK ALMANACS.—TENDER for the supply of the above for the current year will be opened at this Office on WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant.

E. C. WEEKES.

FIRE INSURANCE RATES OF PREMIUM.—The undersigned companies carrying the business of fire insurance in Sydney, announce that in consequence of the general adoption of stone timber in the construction of buildings in the place of colonial hardwood, and other causes, whereby much greater risk from fire is incurred, it has been deemed necessary to revise the existing premium.

On and after 1st January, 1861, the following will be the minimum scale of rate per centage at which risks will be accepted by the offices subscribed:—

FIRST CLASS.

On buildings occupied as dwelling-houses or counting-houses only, constructed according to the Building Act as regards parapet and party walls.

	£	s.	d.
No. 1.—If constructed of brick or stone, covered with slate, tile, or metal, and detached, not less than	0	3	0
No. 2.—If constructed of brick or stone, covered with slate, tile, or metal, or adjoining slated buildings, not less than	0	3	6
No. 3.—If built and roofed as above, and adjoining shingled risks, not less than	0	4	6
No. 4.—If built of brick or stone, roofed with shingles and detached, not less than	0	4	6
No. 5.—If built as above with roofs shingled, adjoining slated buildings, or semi-detached, not less than	0	5	6
No. 6.—If built and roofed as above and attached to shingled houses not less than	0	6	6

SECOND CLASS.

Buildings occupied for the storage of merchandize, or for purposes of trade of a non-hazardous description, constructed as above, according to the Building Act, will be

	£	s.	d.
No. 1.—If constructed of brick or stone, covered with slate, tile, or metal, and detached, not less than	0	4	6
No. 2.—If constructed of brick or stone, covered with slate, tile, or metal, semi-detached or adjoining slated buildings, not less than	0	5	0
No. 3.—If built and roofed as above, and adjoining shingled buildings, or semi-detached, not less than	0	7	0
No. 4.—If constructed of brick or stone, covered with shingles, and detached	0	7	0
No. 5.—If built and roofed like the above, and attached to slated buildings, not less than	0	7	6
No. 6.—If built and roofed as above, and attached to shingled risks, not less than	0	10	0

On buildings where retail trades are carried on, an advance of not less than 15 per cent. upon these rates will be made.

On risks in the country an advance of 25 per cent. on these rates will be made.

THIRD CLASS.

On wooden buildings in Sydney, lowsrge constructed and roofed, occupied as private dwellings only, not less than 15s.

On wooden buildings in the country, occupied as private dwellings only, not less than 20s.

On wooden buildings, occupied as shops or stores in Sydney, not less than 21s.

On wooden buildings, occupied as shops or stores in suburbs or country towns, not less than 25s.

On buildings constructed exclusively of metal, not less than 10s.

On mill buildings, constructed of stone and brick, with slate or metal roof, not less than 21s.

On mill buildings, as above, with shingled roofs, not less than 25s.

Public-houses will be classed as retail trades.

(Signed) December, 24th, 1860.
Sydney Insurance Company,
JOSEPH DYER, Secretary.
Liverpool and London Insurance Company,
A. B. LEARMONT, Resident Secretary.
The Imperial Insurance Company,
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and Co., agents.
The Northern Insurance Company,
WILLIAM RAE, Resident Secretary.
The Alliance Insurance Company,
TRACKER, DANIELL, and Co., agents.
The Royal Insurance Company,
LINDLEY, IRELAND, and Co., agents.
The Victoria Insurance Company,
C. M. SMITH, Resident Secretary.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY, —Incorporated by Act of Parliament of New South Wales. Principal Office—Sydney, New South Wales.

DIRECTORS.

The Hon. JAMES MITCHELL, Esq., M.L.C., Chairman.
GEORGE KING, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
JOHN FAIRFAX, Esq.
MICHAEL EGAN MURNIN, Esq.
The Hon. THOMAS HOLT, Esq.
ARTHUR TODD HOLROYD, Esq.
BUSINESS OF THE SOCIETY.

ASSURANCES of every contingency of human life.
Loans of Premium, Deducted, and Reversionary Annuities.
GRADUAL ENDOWMENTS FOR CHILDREN AND FOR OLD AGE.
ADVANTAGES OF THE SOCIETY.

ALL the PROFITS belong to the Members.

It is a COLONIAL INSTITUTION, on the model of the most successful British offices; while from the much higher rate of interest it obtains on its investments, more profitable returns are secured to its members than the best European offices can afford. Thus, at the Investigation of March, 1854, all policies then entitled to participate were increased by Bonus Additions averaging considerably more than three per cent. per annum on the sum assured, or about SEVEN TIMES those secured by the most liberal British joint-stock companies.

BONUSES may be applied to the extinction of future premiums, or their value in cash may be handed to the member.

SURRENDERS accepted on equitable terms.

GENERAL FACILITIES with regard to voyaging, residence abroad, &c.

PREMIUMS payable yearly, half-yearly, or quarterly.

LOANS on policies on favourable terms.

CLAIMS payable three months after proof of death.

ALL THE POLICIES are protected against the operation of the Insolvent Laws, after a certain term, on a gradually increasing scale.

POLICIES effected by married women are protected against the debts and control of their husbands.

THE FAMILIES OF SMALL ASSURERS are saved the expense of letters of administration.

PROSPECTUSES, forms of proposal, and very information may be obtained from any of its agents in New South Wales, and in the other Colonies, or at the Principal Office, ROBERT THOMSON, actuary and secretary, Hunter-street. February 18th, 1859.

VICTORIA LIFE and GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

SYDNEY BRANCH: Pitt-street, opposite the Empire Office.
Capital, £2,500,000.

SYDNEY BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
A. B. SMITH, Esq., chairman.
EDWARD WYLD, Esq.,
R. PEEL RAYMOND, Esq.
CHAIRMAN OF THE MELBOURNE BOARD:
The Honorable HENRY MILLER, M.L.C.
MEDICAL REFEREES:
JAMES ROBERTSON, M.D.
R. BOYD, M.D.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OFFERED TO THE INSURED:
The Security afforded by an ample capital, and the unlimited liability of a resident colonial proprietary.
The rates of Premium, which are the lowest that can be charged with safety.
The system of GUARANTEED BONUS, by which the amount recoverable at death is gradually increased from year to year by distinct stipulation, without involving the insured in the liability of risk accruing under the MUTUAL principle.
Tables of Rates, and forms of Proposal may be procured, and every other information furnished on application to

C. M. SMITH, resident secretary.

VICTORIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
(Established in Melbourne, 1846.)
SYDNEY BRANCH.—Fire-check opposite the Empire Office.
Accumulated and Invested Capital, £250,000.
Colonial Board of Directors.

A. B. SMITH, Esq., Chairman.
EDWARD WYLD, Esq.
R. PEEL RAYMOND, Esq.
Chairman of the Melbourne Board,
The Hon. HENRY MILLER, M.L.C.
SPECIAL FEATURES:

ABSOLUTE SECURITY, MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM, and the LIBERAL ADJUSTMENT and PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.

Marine Claims settled in SYDNEY or LONDON at the option of the insurer.

INSURANCES effected, and policies at once issued on application to

C. M. SMITH, Resident Secretary.

N.B.—Country agents wanted. Applicants must give references to firms of respectability in Sydney.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital, £1,250,000, Income, 1859, over £300,000. Invested Funds, £453,675.

DIRECTORS:
JAMES GILL, Esq., Chairman.
ALFRED ROSE, Esq.
A. B. WHITE, Esq.
SECRETARY:
J. BATTRAY, Esq.
MEDICAL REFEREE:
JOHN MOON, Esq.
SOLICITOR:
ALEXANDER DICK, Esq., M.L.A.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Insurances effected at current rates of premium.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

All the advantages of a mutual association are combined with the security of a large and wealthy Proprietary Company.

The last Bonus declared by the Company in 1858 was at the rate of £1 7s. 6d. per cent. per annum on the amount insured—a return which, when the very moderate scale of premiums is considered, has rarely been exceeded by any other office. As an illustration of which, it may be mentioned that a policy for £1000, effected in 1836 on a life then aged 25, and upon which the premiums received to the year 1856 amount to £503, has been increased by the sum of £361 1s. 10d., or SEVENTY PER CENT. upon the amount paid to the office by the insured.

Prospectuses, forms of proposal, and every information, may be obtained on application at the office, 62, Margaret-street, Sydney.

WILLIAM RAE, Resident Secretary.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
Capital, £2,000,000.
Sydney Agency.
FIRE DEPARTMENT.

This Company has ever maintained a high character for its liberal and prompt payment of losses, and the undersigned are empowered to settle all claims in the colony.

Surveyor, JOHN BIRR, Esq.

LIFE BRANCH.

At the last Annual Meeting of this Company, a Bonus was again declared to Policy Holders (insured with profits) equivalent to 3 per cent. on the amount of their policies for each year they have been current.

EXAMPLE.

Policy No.	Date of Insurance.	Amnt.	Age	Amount premiums paid.	Addition by Bonus.
2,277	Oct. 14, 1854	£1000	25	£139 10 0	£100 0 0

This is a continuation of success never to believe exceeded by any Life Office.

Persons insuring their lives have the guarantee of a very large paid up capital, while the expenses of management are very moderate.

To receive the full bonus at the next quinquennial division of profits should effect insurances before end of the current year.

English rates of premium charged.

All claims settled in the colony without reference to England.

Medical referee, Dr. O'Brien, M.R., C.S.

LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

DEWHURST AND TAMAR MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
SYDNEY BRANCH.

Ships insured in this Company are warranted free from average under five pounds per cent., unless general.

Claims for losses or average are payable by the Company at three months after settlement of the same.

Claims for loss or damage are made payable in London if required, policies for the same being granted in triplicate.

Offices, Sydney Exchange, and Patent Slip Wharf, Sussex-street, where applications for insurances will be received.

TOWNS and DARLEY, Agents.

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.—Notice is hereby given that interest is allowed by this Bank on fixed deposits as follows, namely,

At 2 per cent. per annum for a period of 12 months.
4 ditto ditto ditto 9 months.
3 ditto ditto ditto 6 months.

For the greater convenience of depositors, Bank Post Bills, with interest added at these rates, respectively, are issued payable to order, and are thus negotiable at any moment.

By order of the Board of Directors,
A. H. RICHARDSON, General Manager.
Sydney, 1st September.

ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, AND AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1852.)
Paid-up Capital ... ... £500,000.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

	Per Annum.
Repayable on 7 days' notice	2½ per cent.
Ditto on 15 ditto ditto	3 ditto
Ditto on 3 months' ditto	4 ditto
Ditto on 6 ditto ditto	5 ditto
Ditto on 12 ditto ditto	5½ ditto

On deposits of large amounts, interest according to special arrangement.

JOHN YOUNG, Manager.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund 250,000

Interest will be allowed on fixed deposits, lodged after date, as under, viz.:—

	Per Annum.
Subject to 7 days' notice of withdrawal	2½ per cent.
Ditto 15 ditto	3 ditto
Ditto 3 months' ditto	4 ditto
Ditto 6 ditto ditto	5 ditto
Ditto 12 ditto	5½ ditto

Drafts are issued on the following Agencies of the Corporation in this colony:—

Adelaide, Braidwood, Kiandra, Tumut, Yass, and Windsor (Western Gold Fields).

GEORGE E. HOSKLOW, Manager.

CIRCULAR.—The undersigned begs to announce to his numerous friends and the public, that he has made arrangements with Mr. JOHN DRAKE to assist him in the management of his business as AUCTIONEER and COMMISSION AGENT, which from this period will be carried on under the style of

FURKIS and CO.

On their behalf he begs most earnestly to solicit a continuance of the favours which have been shown for so many years to the late firm of FURKIS and LAMBERT, and for which at the same time his most sincere thanks are returned.

JOHN FURKIS.

Auction Mart, Treasury Buildings, 295, George-street North, 1st January, 1861.

CARD.—FURKIS and CO. (late Furkis and Lambert) AUCTIONEERS and COMMISSION AGENTS, 295, Treasury Buildings, George-street North.

Beg to notify that they have ample store-room for merchandise rent free for one month previous to sale, and goods can be stored for a longer period on the usual terms.

Cash advanced on furniture, merchandise, &c., for immediate sale.

1st January, 1861.

TO MERCHANTS, SQUATTERS, AGRICULTURISTS, and others.—W. PRITCHARD begs to inform his friends and the public generally that he still carries on his business as AUCTIONEER, BROKER, and GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, in all its branches, upon most reasonable and advantageous terms. Cash advances made upon goods for positive sale. Offices—Market-street.

WOOL, HIDES, TALLOW, SHEEPSKINS, &c.—The undersigned beg to remind producers and others that they continue to make advances on wool, hides tallow, and sheepskins, consigned to them for sale, and that no commission will be charged when the same are not sold, if afterwards consigned to their friends Messrs. Dalgety and Co., London.

DURHAM and IRWIN, auctioneers and produce brokers.

Circular Quay, November 2nd.

GLENMORE WOOLWASHING ESTABLISHMENT.—The undersigned are prepared to receive wool in the grease, either to handwash or scour. Wool cleaned and packed for shipment. On wool intended for shipment after being washed or scoured liberal advances will be made if required, immediately on delivery at Glenmore, or at the stores, Treasury Buildings, George-street. RAYMOND and CO.

COLONIAL TWEED.—
Colonial plain tweed
Ditto shepherds and 42nd plaids
Ditto heather mixture, doe and tweed
Ditto Radford serge, &c.

Are manufactured from first-class wool by M. M. CAMPBELL, late Thomas Barker and Co. Sussex-street.

VULCANISED INDIA-RUBBER SHEETS, Gauge Rings, washers, valves, buffers, round and square packing, cord-webbing, suction, and delivery hose, tubing, &c., &c. LEVICKS and PIPER, Pitt-street.

RETURNED, SOFALA, ORANGE, and MUDGEE MAILS.—TELEGRAPH LINE OF COACHES.—CRAFT and DENNETT having obtained the contract for the conveyance of the above mails for the next three years, will commence running their AMERICAN COVERED COACHES to and from Parramatta and the above towns DAILY, on and after 1st January next. Passengers may now rely upon punctuality and civility.

In addition to the daily mails, they will also run an American covered coach three times a week, to and from Parramatta and Bathurst, viz:—To leave Parramatta every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings on arrival of first train from Sydney—reaching Bathurst the following afternoon, and on return to leave Bathurst every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings at 5 a.m., and arriving in Parramatta the following afternoon, in time for the last train for Sydney. Passengers by the day coach will have no night travelling, and will have the advantage of a night's rest on the road.

BOOKING OFFICES:
Sydney—Mr. W. J. O'Brien, Tattersall's, Pitt-street
Penrith—G. Kendall's Inn
Mudgee—Hopkinson's Hotel
Sofala—Meredith's Hotel
Bathurst—Dennis Connor's Inn
N.B.—Families wishing to travel, can have the benefit of the whole coach, under special arrangement, upon giving one day's notice.

ELLIOTT AND WOODS' ROYAL EXPRESS LINE OF AMERICAN COVERED COACHES BETWEEN SYDNEY AND BATHURST.

Messrs. ELLIOTT and WOODS beg to inform their friends and the public that on and after MONDAY, the 7th of December, their EXPRESS LINE OF AMERICAN COVERED COACHES will commence running to and from the above places, doing the journey in two days, allowing the passengers the benefit of a night's rest at Pulpit Hill, and thereby avoiding the danger and fatigue of night travelling over the mountains, and arriving in Bathurst only four hours after the mail that left Sydney the same day and travels all night.

Messrs E. and W. further assure those who may favour them with their patronage, that neither trouble nor expense will be spared in making the express line equal, if not superior to any other conveyance in the colonies.

In the parcel department, every attention will be paid to their safety on the road, and punctual and speedy delivery at their destination, on the arrival of the coach at Bathurst and Sydney.

The coaches leave Parramatta every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, after the arrival of the first train; and arrive in Bathurst every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 6 p.m.

Leave Bathurst on every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and arrive in Sydney every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

Fare, each way, £2 and intermediate fares charged in proportion.

BOOKING OFFICES.

Express Booking Office, opposite T. Ivory's, Brickfield-hill, Sydney.
T. Ivory's, Black Swan Inn, Brickfield-hill, Sydney.
D. Dalziel's, Governor Bourke Hotel, Parramatta.
J. Leander's, Oddfellows' Arms, South Creek.
D. Beatson's, Commercial Hotel, Penrith.
W. Dean's, Royal Hotel, Hartley.
Mr. Lewis's, Black Ball Inn, Bathurst.
ROBERT ELLIOTT and — WOODS, proprietors.

N.B.—Coaches in connection with the above line will at once commence running from Bathurst to Carcoar, Orange, and Sofala.

SMITH, PEATE, and CO. have just landed, and on SALE—
Epps's homœopathic cocoa, cocoa nibs
Desiccated and liquid milk
Finest York hams and Wilts bacon
Preserved meats, soups, game, and fish
Figs, mincemeats, and Elvs plums
Moirs fruits and candied peels
Lemon, raspberry, and other syrups.
250, and 260, George-street.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER, from Camden Park and other dairies. SMITH, PEATE, and CO.

YORK HAMS, or La Hogue, of fine quality. SMITH, PEATE, and CO.

HAMS, in tins, preserved grouse and pates, suitable for picnic parties. SMITH, PEATE, and CO.

SMITH, PEATE, and CO., wholesale shipping and family grocers, and wine and spirit merchants, 258, and 260, George-street, Sydney.

TO SETTLERS AND STOREKEEPERS.—The undersigned have constantly on hand:—
Woolpacks, 10 tot 6½ lb.; woolbagging, all wi the Bags, sewing twine, fine and coarse
Sheepshears, Sorby's and Wilkinson's
Sugars, tea, tea, flour, and tobacco
Mole trousers, Scotch twill shirts
Wines and spirits, &c.
And every article requisite on a station.
JAMES MORT and CO., 178, Pitt-street.

GLENMORNACH WHISKY.—This celebrated Whisky, from the Royal Distillery, on SALE at the Stores of the undersigned. JAMES MORT and CO.

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED:—
Adelaide flour, Hart's brand
Woolpacks, 10lbs. full, in bales of 50 and 100
3-bushel bags, in bales of ditto
Canvas of fine quality, assorted numbers
English sponges, in coils
Hyomaths, in sheets and halves, superior quality
Peak, Frean, and Co.'s assorted biscuits
Chubb's fireproof safes, locks, and cash boxes.
W. H. ELDRED, 304, Exchange-corner.

ON SALE, at the stores of the undersigned, on late arrivals,
Jeffray's Edinburgh ale
Younger's Ales ale.
YOUNG, LARK, and BENNETT, George and Margaret streets.

MACHINE BELTING, three to twelve inches wide. LEVICKS and PIPER, Pitt-street.

HOOP IRON for SALE.—Apply to Mr. GREEN, HERALD Office.

FOR SALE, by GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and CO. fine Dorset ALES, in draught, admirably adapted to town trade.

WHEAT and FLOUR.—The undersigned is prepared to sell Adelaide Wheat and Flour, to arrive. A small lot on hand and for SALE. T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

WHEAT, Adelaide, new crop, on Ellen Simpson. N. CASTON, 6, Macquarie-place.

ADELAIDE FLOUR, ex Ellen Simpson. N. CASTON,

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The usual fortnightly meeting of the City Council was held in the Town-hall, Wynyard-square, at three o'clock yesterday afternoon. Present: The Right Worshipful the Mayor, and all the aldermen.

MINUTES AND REPORTS.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed; and the following reports were brought up and received:—From the Finance Committee recommending the payment of sundry accounts, namely, for City purposes, £567 6s. 6d; for water purposes, £106 5s.; total, 673 11s. 6d. From the same committee recommending the carrying out of the following works:—kerbing and guttering in Crown-street; kerbing and guttering in Kent-street North; repair of High Holborn-street; pitch paving of the cab-stand in Market-street; and providing the baths in the Domain with a boat, life-buoys, &c. From the Water Committee, recommending a supply of water by meter to Mr. Momberg, of Hunter-street.

CORRESPONDENCE.

A letter was received from the City Surveyor enclosing his assessment of all properties liable to be rated in the city that had been built or added to during the past year.

A letter was read from the Health-officer, in reference to the quality of articles of food exposed for sale in George-street, stating that he made an examination of such articles (principally vegetables) on Saturday last, and found that, though some articles, such as bacon and cheese, were of inferior quality, and, consequently, of low price, they were, he considered fit for human food. The Health-officer recommended that the vendors of vegetables should be encouraged by the erection at the Haymarket of temporary stalls for the exposure of their goods, as the accommodation afforded in the George-street Market was not sufficient.

QUESTIONS.

Alderman CARAHER desired to know at what hours of the day it would be convenient for the Mayor to be present at the Town-hall to be seen on business on ordinary days?

The MAYOR said he intended for the present to be at the Town-hall between the hours of nine and ten o'clock in the morning, and he would probably be present three or four hours every day. At a future day he might make some other arrangement.

Alderman WATSON asked the Mayor whether any answer had been received in reference to the dangerous locality in the vicinity of the Flag-staff?

The MAYOR replied that no answer had been yet received, but he intended to see the hon. the Minister for Works about it in the morning.

Alderman STEEL asked the Mayor whether anything had been done in reference to three large and dangerous holes in Crown-street?

The MAYOR said that notices had been served on the owners of two of the large holes, and doubtless they would be rendered safe for the public in a very short time.

Alderman STEEL asked the Mayor when copies of the new Corporation Act would be laid upon the table?

The MAYOR replied at the next meeting of the Council.

Alderman DUFFIN asked the Mayor if any notice had been taken of a dangerous locality, the property of Mr. Preddy, in Sussex-street?

The MAYOR said Mr. Preddy had been served with a notice, and the place alluded to would be fenced in.

THE LATE MAYOR.

Alderman CALDWELL, in a short address, eulogistic of Mr. Murphy, the late Mayor, pointing out some of the difficulties which he (Mr. Murphy) during his year of mayoralty, had to contend with, and the ability, zeal, and impartiality, which he displayed in the performance of all his duties as Mayor, moved, "That the Town Clerk be instructed to convey to James Murphy, Esq., on behalf of this Council, an acknowledgment of the zealous and efficient services which he rendered to the city whilst holding the office of Mayor during the past year."

Alderman WILLIAMS seconded the motion, and, in doing so, also referred to the efficiency of the late Mayor—having fearlessly carried out out all his duties honestly and with ability.

Alderman M'KEOWN also made a few remaks to th same effect.

Alderman OATLEY should support the motion as a matter of form. The Mayor had been paid to perform the duties, and he had performed them, whether to the satisfaction of the citizens was not for him to say.

Alderman RAPHAEL thought the late Mayor had performed his duties, but he could not see why Mr. Murphy should be raised to a pinnacle of fame over all previous mayors.

Alderman SPEER thought the late Mayor had filled the office to the best of his ability, and had always endeavoured to carry out the wishes of the Council.

Alderman STEEL conceived that there were many who could have carried out the duties of the office quite as well as Mr. Murphy.

Alderman WOODS supported the motion, and deprecated the taste of the previous speaker.

Alderman WATSON cordially supported the motion.

Alderman SMITHERS had hoped to see the motion passed without remark. He should support it.

Alderman CARAHER considered that the duties pertaining to the office of mayor had never been discharged better than during the past year.

Alderman SPENCE was sorry that the motion was not passed without remark. It would have his hearty support.

Alderman CALDWELL having replied, denying that he wished to praise Mr. Murphy at the expense of others, the motion was put and carried unanimously.

FINANCE.

Alderman SPEER moved, "That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending the payment of sundry accounts, be adopted."

The motion being duly seconded, it was put and carried.

ERECTION OF HYDRANTS.

Alderman CALDWELL moved, "That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 24th ultimo, recommending that the sum of eight hundred and eighty pounds be voted for the purchase and erection of eighty-nine hydrants, for the purpose of watering George and Parramatta streets, be adopted."

Alderman OATLEY seconded the motion.

Alderman RAPHAEL having said a few words in support of the resolution, it was put and adopted.

ARGYLE-STREET.

Alderman CARAHER moved—"That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 24th ultimo, recommending the erection of a dwarf stone wall and railing, by contract, at the new steps in Argyle-street, be adopted."

Alderman WATSON seconded the motion, and it was put and carried.

EDWARD-STREET.

Alderman SMITHERS moved—"That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 24th ultimo, recommending that a 15-inch pipe drain be laid in Edward-street, at its junction with the South Head Road, by day labour, at a cost not exceeding £30, be adopted."

Alderman STEEL having seconded the motion, it was put and carried.

MAIDEN-LANE.

Alderman SMITHERS moved—"That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 24th ultimo, recommending that Hay-street, between Pitt and George streets, be formed, ballasted, and blinded, by contract, be adopted."

The motion was seconded by Alderman SUTTON, put and carried.

VICTORIA-STREET.

Alderman SPENCE moved, "That the report of the Improvement Committee, received on the 24th ultimo, stating that, on petition, they had voted the sum of £20 to be expended in the levelling of Victoria-street, near St. John's Church, be approved."

The motion was seconded by Alderman SUTTON, put and adopted.

BOURKE AND BRISBANE WARDS.

Alderman RAPHAEL moved, "That the City Surveyor furnish a return of all moneys expended in Bourke Ward and Brisbane Ward for the repair of streets during the year 1860." The motion not finding a ready seconder, Alderman DUFFIN said he would second it to promote discussion.

Alderman WATSON opposed the motion on the ground that if the returns asked for were granted, the other wards would want returns also.

Alderman M'KEOWN considered the motion foolish and nonsensical—similar to the motions which the aldermen brought before the Council at its previous meeting. If the alderman wanted any information on the subject of the expenditure in Bourke and Brisbane wards, he had better go to the Town Clerk, and he had no doubt but that that gentleman would give all the information required.

Other aldermen spoke in opposition to the motion, and after a vigorous reply from Alderman RAPHAEL, the motion was put and lost—the mover and seconder only voting for it.

MOTION WITHDRAWN.

The motion No. 14 on the paper, standing in the name of Alderman Raphael, was withdrawn; there being no necessity for it after the answer to a question on the subject by the Mayor, at a previous hour of the meeting.

WATER.

Alderman RAPHAEL moved, "That the City Engineer furnish a return of the probable quantity of water allowed to run to waste from the tunnel on the Racecourse by means of pipes running into the large sewer near Bathurst-street, being the water from the Lachlan Swamp, thereby creating an unnecessary expense of keeping the engine at Botany working, instead of using the by far purer water from Lachlan Swamp."

Alderman STEEL seconded the motion, and made a few remarks in its support.

Alderman OATLEY considered there was no necessity for the motion, and therefore he should vote against it.

Alderman M'KEOWN said, if Alderman Raphael had asked the question of the City Engineer, he would have found that there was not a drop of the Lachlan swamp water escaping.

Alderman WATSON also opposed the resolution, and believed it was only put upon the paper as an advertisement.

Alderman SMITHERS supported the motion.

Alderman SUTTON opposed the motion; and after Alderman Raphael's reply, it was put and lost.

THE CORPORATION V. YOUNGER.

Alderman RAPHAEL moved, "That the City Solicitor be instructed to discontinue proceedings by the Corporation against Mr. Younger, and thereby avoid frittering away the city funds, by unnecessary and vexatious law costs."

Alderman STEEL seconded the motion.

Alderman WATSON opposed the motion on the ground that such matters should be initiated in committee.

Alderman OATLEY took the same view.

Alderman RAPHAEL said he was willing to withdraw the motion, but ——

Alderman WOODS objected, thereupon the motion was put and negatived.

REPAIRING BUSBY'S TUNNEL.

Alderman RAPHAEL moved, "That the City Engineer report forthwith upon the cost of repairing the tunnel lately fallen in at Lachlan Swamp, known as Busby's Tunnel."

Alderman DUFFIN seconded the motion.

The MAYOR said there were already two or three reports on the subject.

Alderman RAPHAEL said he would withdraw the motion, if agreeable; but he would like to have it put and negatived, as he could then leave the Council singing, "all is lost." (Laughter.)

Alderman WOODS objected to its withdrawal.

The motion was then put and negatived.

TENDERS.

Alderman CARAHER moved, "That the report of the Finance Committee, recommending the acceptance of the undermentioned tenders for the supplies of stores, and for works required during the present year, be adopted:—Stoneware drain pipes, Enoch Fowler; stores, John Keep and W. Harbottle; blacksmith's work, Charles Lewis; castings, R. Dawson; locks, P. N. Russell and Co.; lightering metal, John Lord; removing night soil, W. Cox; coals, for Botany, Thomas Hale; printing, E. Goggin; stationery and binding, Sands and Kenny; kerbing and guttering, Andrew Corben and Co.; paving footpaths, David Moon."

Alderman WOODS seconded the motion, and it was put and carried.

Alderman OATLEY moved, "That this Council do now proceed to determine on tenders for the following works:—1. Forming and ballasting Devonshire-street, from the Railway Gate to Elizabeth-street, and constructing gully shafts, &c. 2. Formation and ballasting of Surrey-street."

Alderman SUTTON seconded the motion, and it was put and carried.

The tender of Thomas Hatton for the first work, for the sum of £130 was accepted. There being no eligible tender for the second work, fresh tenders were ordered to be called for.

The Council rose at twenty minutes past five o'clock.

COUNTRY NEWS.

LAGOON, CAMPBELL'S RIVER.—The correspondent of the Bathurst Times says:—The harvest here has fairly commenced. Mr. M'Spedden and his neighbours have many hands engaged, and the golden crop is yielding fast to the well-handled sickle. The crops are exceedingly good this season.

THE MUDGEE POST OFFICE.—The last number of the Mudgee Newspaper gives the following estimate of letters and papers that have passed through that establishment during the year 1860, just closed:—Letters dropped in the letter-box, 36,768; newspapers posted, 30,667. The letters from other offices may be fairly set down at six times that number, or 240,728. Newspapers at eight times that number, or 245,336.

GORED BY A BULL.—On Tuesday last, a man named Michael Dunn, a servant in the employ of Mr. J. J. Ashe, was engaged in putting cattle into the yard at Blackdown, when he was violently charged by a bull, and much injured about the region of the chest. Dr. Machattie's services were speedily put in requisition, and we understand that the sufferer is progressing favourably.—Bathurst Times.

LAMBING FLAT.—The following items of news have been kindly furnished us by a party who left this gold-field on Friday morning:—Mining is flourishing; every one appears to have plenty of money, and no grumblers. The Commissioner has temporary quarters about six or seven miles from the diggings; two new marked lines of road lead from this Camp, one to the Flat, and the other to Stony Creek. The population at the latter place is decreasing, and moving to the main creek, owing to a scarcity of water. Seven troopers, under charge of sergeant Brennan, are stationed at the Commissioner's, and two at the township. The escort will leave for Yass on Tuesday next. There are numbers of new inns and business premises going up, at which excellent accommodations can be obtained.—Yass Courier.

SCARLATINA.—The Albury Banner states that this epidemic is still continuing its ravages in Albury, and that a number of little ones have died from the infectious disease.

WAGGUNYAH REGATTA.—This long talked-of event took place on New Year's Day, and if we may form an opinion from the number of people present, we should say the regatta was, without exception, the most successful public gathering ever held in the Ovens district, there being nearly 3000 persons present.—Border Post.

THE CROPS IN THE YASS AND TUMUT DISTRICTS.—The Yass Courier of Friday last says:—Reaping at many of the farms at Jerrawa and on the Fish River is over, while nearer at hand it is now about to commence. The crops are, with few exceptions, superb; neither smut nor rust in any of them, and the grain full and plump. At Mr. Chambers, Meroolalong, on the Fish River, the ears are six inches long and well filled. It is expected that over forty-five bushels will be reaped to the acre. Other farms have equally fine crops, and there are few where the yield will be under an average. We have heard of one farm at Jerrawa, where it is not expected that more than about fourteen bushels to the acre will be thrashed out, but this is an exception to the accounts that reach us every day.—A gentleman who arrived in Yass from Tumut a few days since informs us that the crops on the river flats there are astonishingly luxurious. The whole surface presents one unbroken area of wheat ready for the sickle. The season appears to have been very favourable, the straw being slight with long heavy heads bearing plump grain. The crops are also thick. Our informant, who is a farmer of considerable experience, is confident that they will turn out about twenty-eight bushels of sixty-two pounds to the acre. Hands to gather in the harvest are much required, and it is feared that unless there be a large addition to the present number of reapers much of the wheat will be shed before it can be got in, as the weather is ripening it so fast.

MORTALITY AMONGST CATTLE.—We have been informed that several deaths amongst the cattle on the station of Messrs. Swift and Hannam, of Bogolong, have recently taken place. On one morning five were found dead, and on another three. The appearance they presented after death was similar to that of the cattle we have mentioned as having died higher up the Murrumbidgee river. Mr. Swift states that he is not certain whether death was produced by disease or from the cattle having eaten some poisonous herb growing near the banks of the stream. The mortality was not confined to the females, some of those that had died being steers.—Yass Courier.

THE DARK SIDE OF THE PICTURE.—Some diggers on their return from Lambing Flat passed through Goulburn on Friday. They state that they had been on the field since its commencement, but had not met with success. They fear that the diggings there will shortly fail for want of water. At Stony Creek, they say that it was being sold at the rate of one shilling a bucket.—Goulburn Herald.

A FRUITFUL ORCHARD.—The Armidale Express says: We visited an orchard in the vicinity of Armidale the other day, and were shown an apple-tree of only four years' growth, which bore on one of its branches fifty apples, and the total number could not have been far short of 300. On another tree the same age we counted forty apples on a branch only 2 feet 10 inches in length, and on the other branches some of the clusters of fruit were astonishing. The plum-trees were literally loaded, many bearing three or four varieties. Three kinds of pears had been grafted on an apple stock, and were thriving in company with one of the natural branches, offering a prospect in due time of gathering pears and apples from the same tree.

IMPORTANT TO WHOLESALE SPIRIT-SELLERS.—The Braidwood Observer of Saturday thus summarises the proceedings in a case of some importance that was heard on Thursday last, at the Police Office, Braidwood:—Mr. A. L. Vider, who was informed against by Mr. Hogg for selling cordials, without a wholesale spirit license, was defended by Mr. Fell, the prosecution being conducted by Mr. Scarvell. Dr. Beer's evidence was taken, to the effect that the liquors so disposed of contained an admixture of spirituous element, and Mr. Fell contended that the auctioneer, who simply acted as the agent of William Walker, could not be liable. He also held, as another ground in favour of his client, that the cordial manufacturers of Sydney did not take out any license for selling the same, an admission to that effect having, according to one of the witnesses, been made by Mr. Hendrey, the manufacturer of the cordials now in question, which had been seized by the chief constable, but given up on the withdrawal of the previous information. Mr. Vider was, however, adjudged to have committed an offence within the meaning of the Act, and was fined £5 and mulct in professional and other costs. This decision cannot be too widely promulgated, inasmuch as it settles the question referred to, namely, that an auctioneer cannot dispose of spirituous liquors without holding a wholesale spirit seller's license.

THE SEASON AND CROPS IN THE BRAIDWOOD DISTRICT.—The weather, though sultry in the extreme for several successive days past, has upon the whole been very favourable to the prosecution of the out-door labours of our farmers, and advantage has been taken of the season to get in a large quantity of the hay crop. The weather being advantageous to the agricultural interests, has had a corresponding effect upon the mining interests, and there are hopes of a considerable yield being realised. We need scarcely add that the satisfactory state of the weather has enlivened general trade, and is likely to have a beneficial effect in more ways than one. The trying season which has just been passed through depressed nearly every interest in the district, for, besides the floods, other rare and singular phenomena of nature have occurred to produce disappointment and pecuniary loss. Amongst these we may select as worthy of record, a severe hail storm which occurred at Spring Grove, the residence of Mr. Hush, somewhere over ten days ago, which had the effect of ruining a large quantity of wheat, and has necessitated it being cut down for hay. At the time in question no storm was experienced in Braidwood, nor even within a circle of two miles from where the loss of crop occurred. We are glad, however, to report that except in an isolated case or two, the farmers have been pretty generally successful with their crops and the yield is of a fair average quantity.—Observer of Saturday.

THE NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS.—Writing to the Armidale Express, from Puddledock, the correspondent of that journal says:—Since our last impression we were waited upon by Mr. Bowe, and one of his mates, who called to correct what they deemed some erroneous impressions conveyed by a portion of the information published in last Express, affecting Mr. Bone's claim to priority of discovery of the auriferous ground now being worked at Puddledock, on Tilbuster station. Mr. Bowe states that he has long been acquainted with the auriferous nature of the locality in question, and that he got payable gold there years ago. He subsequently left the place; but about seven or eight weeks ago he (John Bowe), Mr. Charles Lynch, Mr. Joseph Whittaker, and Mr. Arthur Tait, relying on Bowe's knowledge of the ground, began sinking. A boulder was encountered in the first shaft, which prevented the washing stuff being then reached. In the second shaft, the washing stuff, which was easily reached, gave from 1 grain to 3 dwts. a dishful. Mr. Bowe adds that of six shafts sunk all have turned out payable, and that some promise to be rich. Extended claims have been given to the party, and Mr. Bowe has lodged a claim on behalf of himself and mates to the reward, if any will be given. Mr. Ryan informed us on Thursday that he estimated there were about eighty persons on the ground, and that of eight claims bottomed six were good and two duffers. Some parties expect £10 or £12 per week per man, but Mr. R. (whose experience in mining matters has been great) thinks that nothing has yet been shown to warrant such bright expectations. He is of opinion that a certain amount of ground will give £4 to £6 per week per man, and that if leads are traced into the ridges there may be a large area of payable ground opened, but, if this cannot be effected, that the payable claims will be limited to profitable employment to a few parties.

USEFUL HINT.—Dr. Markham informs us that some time ago he was bitten by a large tarantula on the wrist. The arm was quickly inflamed, and there was much pain, extending from the wrist to the right shoulder, accompanied with drowsiness. On applying strong water of ammonia to the part affected, the pain ceased within ten minutes. He also states that on being subsequently bitten by a whip snake he applied the same remedy with a similar result. He commends these facts to general notice.—Yass Courier.

MINING REVIEW.—The Braidwood Dispatch of Saturday says:—The Happy Valley of the Araluen is once more beginning to assume an appearance of extraordinary bustle and activity. The new year has set in fine, and every claimholder is elated with the fair prospect which now exists of his being rewarded for all the trouble, labour, and expense incurred by him during the past twelve months. All over Crown Flat the miners are as busy as a swarm of bees, and the claims in that locality are now being bottomed, the engines are whistling and smoking as merrily as ever, and everything betokens the arrival of more prosperous times. On ascending the mountain track to Bell's Creek there is a vast difference, and this whilom Eldorado now hardly furnishes any very profitable employment to the European population, those at work there being for the most part Chinese. On the Seymour estate the population is almost entirely Celestial, and, judging from the number of them at work and the immense quantity of licenses that have been taken out, added to the gold which is each week deposited in the bank by them, they are doing well. Major's Creek still continues to contribute its quantum to each escort return, but the diggers here never do so well in dry weather as in wet, although at the present time many are making good wages, and in some instances even more. At Long Flat, a good deal of gold has been obtained of late, and many of the old hands still stick to this place in preference to any other. Along the swamp at Jembaicumbene the diggers are doing capitally, and great quantities of gold are being obtained each week along that portion of the swamp opposite the new stores and near the old boiling-down. Last, though not least, we turn to the Little River, where, during the past fortnight, several splendid nuggets have been found, and where the quartz indications are such as to give undeniable prospects of payable reefs being discovered close by.

NARROW ESCAPE.—The bush fires that have been raging for the past week spread with such fearful rapidity on New Year's Day that they reached within a few hundred yards of the dwelling-houses. The Catholic chapel had a very narrow escape. The fire had surrounded the whole of the building, and had it not been for the combined exertions of two or three of our most active citizens, the chapel must certainly have fallen a prey to its ravages. With great difficulty they managed to arrest the progress of the flames, by beating down the fires with boughs, and so far succeeded in their efforts that the fire in that direction was subdued before nightfall. We have not as yet heard of any property being destroyed.—Twofold Bay Telegraph.

GABO ISLAND.—Several of the masons employed in erecting the lighthouse at Gabo Island arrived in Eden a few days back, with the intention of returning to Melbourne. The general complaint among the men is, that they have not received a sufficient quantity of provisions, according to agreement, and what was allotted to them has been of a very inferior description. This will probably be the cause of retarding the progress of the works, and may prove of serious injury to vessels sailing along the coast.—Ibid.

MASONIC BALL.—On Thursday evening last, being the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, the brethren of the Yass Lodge of Concord gave a grand ball at the Royal Hotel, at which about sixty persons were present. This was the first celebration since the opening of the lodge, and it passed off with *eclat*. Dancing was kept up with unflagging spirit until long after daylight. Both the ball and supper rooms were tastefully decorated with flowers, evergreens, and masonic emblems. The supper was very excellent, prepared by Mr. Hart, who exhibited excellent taste in furnishing the table.—Yass Courier.

LOWER MURRUMBIDGEE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

DECEMBER 29TH, 1860.—POLICEMAN DROWNED.—In reference to the policeman called Norton, who was lately lost whilst suffering from the effects of drunkenness at Lang's Crossing-place, I have to report that his body has since been found in the Murrumbidgee. As it was discovered on the same day that the Albury passed up, it is supposed that it must have been entangled in some logs, from which it was freed by the commotion caused in water by the action of the paddle wheels. There is no reason to believe that Norton's death has been caused by any foul play. Whether it was an act of self-destruction, or accidental, no one can tell. It is supposed, however, that to have resulted from accident.

SUICIDE.—On the 28th instant, a man called Samuel Mackenzie committed suicide, at Coonong station, Lower Murrumbidgee, by cutting his throat with a butcher's knife. The deceased, who was generally known by the name of Long Sam, was formerly stockman at Bolligal Station, on the Lachlan, but had latterly been out of employment, and had been spending his Christmas at Lang's Crossing, where he had drunk too much. Whilst there he had been engaged by Mr. Thomas Williams as a drover, and had gone down to Coonong station, where the next day he committed the rash act. He was suffering from intense lowness of spirits consequent on hard drinking, and whilst in this state deliberately sharpened the weapon with which he committed the fatal act. He then walked some fifteen yards or so to the kitchen, and there sat down on a block and expired. The deceased was thirty-one years of age and was well known in this part of the country.

POLICE COURT.—At the court-house, Lang's Crossing, on the 27th instant, before Mr. H. Shiell, P.M., Charles Wright, carpenter, was charged with using obscene language and assaulting the police. It appears that on the evening of the previous day, the prisoner and some other persons were singing in the township and amusing themselves after their own ideas of spending Boxing-day, when the police, without using much discretion or making any allowances for the season of the year, somewhat officiously interfered: the consequence was that a row was caused, and the police had to call the P. M. to their aid. He at once saw how matters stood, and soon succeeded in quelling the disturbance and in apprehending the prisoner, the most outrageous of the crowd, but not before the police had cut open the man's head with a stroke from one of their batons. The charges being proved, the prisoner was fined five pounds for each offence. The money was at once paid. Summonses were granted against several persons for obstructing the police in the performance of their duty.

LANG'S POUND.—Mr. Edward Cunninghaw has resigned the appointment of poundkeeper at Lang's Crossing-place, and Mr. Austin has been appointed by the Bench to succeed him.

SHIPPING.—The Albury, Captain Barber, passed down on the 23rd instant. She had as cargo about fifty bales wool. The Gemini and the Albury are almost daily expected up the river, probably for the last time this season, as the water is now falling very fast.

BOLLIGAL.—This new township, on the Lower Lachlan, seems inclined to go a-head; a store, and two public-houses are now in course of erection. Licenses for the two houses were recently applied for at the police court, Lang's, but were refused on account of there being no police belonging to the locality. The licenses, will, however, probably be granted on a rehearing of the application.

RIFLE SHOOTING EXTRAORDINARY.

THE Manchester Guardian, in a recent issue, describes a rifle contest, which lasted five days, and was brought to a close by a display of skill which strongly reminds one of the archery contest so vividly described by Sir Walter Scott between Locksley and Hubert, in Ivanhoe:—

"We are assured," says the Guardian, "that the scores made exceeded anything done at Wimbledon; and we heard many expressions of regret on Southport Sands that Mr. Ross, jun., was not present, to maintain, if he could, the honours which he won at the national gathering. We are told that Mr. Ross, at the three ranges of 800, 900, and 1000 yards, scored 24, with ten shots at each range, or thirty in the whole; but here, at the same ranges, with fifteen shots, Captain Ick, who is rifle instructor to the 2nd Cheshire Militia, and Mr. J. Leece, of Manchester, each scored 15; and in shooting off the tie they produced some real excitement by each getting an outer three times in succession, Captain Ick missing the target the fourth time, while Mr. Leece got an outer, and thus won the Southport Cup. Captain Ick had previously made 16, under the same circumstances, for a prize of £50; while Mr. Marriott, 4th West York Volunteers, made 15, and Mr. Leece 13, all these scores being above Mr. Ross's average. The weather on this day was as unfavourable as on any day during the contest.

"The first match was for the prize of £50, open to all comers of any nation, with £20 as the second prize, and £10 as the third; any rifle and any position; five shots at each of the three ranges of 800, 900, and 1000 yards; entrance, 5s.

"There were 88 entries, and 67 gentlemen contested. Lieutenant Heaton took the lead at the 800 yards range, scoring seven with his five shots, as follows:—two representing a centre, and one an outer hit;—0, 2, 2, 1, 2; while Mr. Leece, Mr. Philips, and Captain Ick, each made six, hitting the target with each shot, the first two getting a centre with their fourth shots and the last with his fifth. Lieutenant Heaton fell off at 900 and 1000 yards, and was not placed; while Captain Ick raised his score by six at 900 yards, making 1, 1, 2, 2, 0, or 12 at the two ranges, and as he ended with 1, 0, 1, 1, 1 at 1000 yards, he got a total of 16, and thus secured the first prize. Mr. Marriott, who gained the second prize, did so by scoring seven at the 1000 yards' range (1, 2, 2, 2); and Mr. Leece, for the third prize, got four outers at 900 yards, missing once, and three at 1000 yards, missing twice. Mr. Brince's seven at 1000 yards was made up of 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, which was justly considered very capital work. The official declaration was:—First prize, Ick, 16 points; second, Marriott, 15; third, Leece, 13. Mr. Ick and Mr. Leece used Whitworth rifles, and so, we believe, did Mr. Marriott.

"The other match was for the Southport Cup, value £35; second prize, £15; third, £5. The ranges and conditions were the same as for the £50 prize. There were 87 entries; the competitors numbered 59, and 14 ranges were used.

"Very great interest was shown throughout the shooting, from the fact of all those who had made the best scores again entering the lists. There was a general feeling that Captain Ick would bear off all the honours of the day, and be the only competitor who had won two first prizes. This feeling was based not alone upon the facts that the gallant captain had throughout the contest shot more regularly than any of his opponents, and he was evidently in excellent condition, for it had become known that that morning he had carefully resighted his rifle somewhere in the neighbourhood of Southport, and thus remedied a matter about which there were many complaints on each day—the varying sights of the rifles, and the want of opportunity for testing them according to the condition of the weather. Although for a long time, however, Captain Ick looked a very likely winner of the cup, he was destined to be beaten, after a bravely-sustained struggle, and the honour of victory was gained for Manchester by Mr. Leece. Captain Ick made six at 800 yards, by 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, and six also at 900 yards, by 2, 1, 2, 1, his last bullet ricocheting, and therefore not counting, although it hit the target. At 1000 yards he made three (1, 0, 1, 0, 1); and thus scored a total of 15. Mr. Leece got only nine at the first two ranges; but at the 1000 yards he started with a centre (2), and followed it up with four outers, thus making six with his five shots, and tieing Captain Ick at 15. Mr. Lawley's best shooting was at the middle range of 900 yards, where he made six (four outers and a centre, the latter with the fourth shot); and he ended with 14, making 0, 1, 1, 0, 2, at the 1000 yards. He thus secured the third prize. Great was the anxiety when Captain Ick and Mr. Leece came to the post to shoot off. The former, who fires from the knee, and has an exceedingly firm and steady left arm, got his sight and fired almost instantaneously. Sharply rang out the blow of the bullet upon the target; and the white flag showed that an outer had been made. Mr. Leece had hit the target at 1000 yards five times in succession. Could he do it a sixth time? It seemed to be doubted, as Mr. Leece quietly seated himself, and dug his heels into the sand, so as to make himself firm for his aim; but again the bullet rang out against the target, and the white flag was shown by the markers. For a second time, Captain Ick knelt, fired, and got an outer; and for a second time Mr. Leece squatted and did the same. Shooting off for a prize, under any circumstances, must be trying work, and it was impossible in this case for the antagonists to escape the contagion of the excitement among the spectators. Each of them showed that he felt his position to be critical; but each of them shot a third time, and got an outer. The pent-up feelings of the spectators were relieved by a burst of cheering, when Mr. Leece's shot was known to have "told and tied," rendering all the more marked the breathless silence which reigned when Captain Ick again knelt. He fired, and he bent forward, listening most anxiously for the sound of the bullet against the target; anxiously, too, each spectator strained his or her ears; but the sound came not, no flag was shown, and Captain Ick rose, uttering in a low tone, "Missed!" Now, there was a manifest feeling that Mr. Leece would also miss. He seated himself, aimed, and dropped his rifle; he was not satisfied, and the fears of his missing were strengthened. Again he aimed, but there being a movement among the spectators, he again brought down the rifle, and looked quietly round, as if to assure all concerned that he was not going to shoot until he was thoroughly content with his sight. Up and off went the rifle at last; and faintly came back the sound of a ball from the target. But opinions differed as to whether the markers had given signs of a hit; almost all maintaining that no flag had been shown. The waiting was indeed painful; for as none doubted hearing the sound of the ball it could only be concluded that although it had hit it had first ricocheted. The 'danger flag' was shown from the mantelet, and the markers went out to the target, thus confirming the notion that there was some doubt as to the shot; but presently Captain Brooks was seen galloping down the range, and the spectators in a body moved up to meet him. He settled the matter speedily. The ball had hit fairly; an outer had been made; the markers had never entertained a shadow of doubt upon the point. Thus Mr. Leece won the cup; and the second prize, so well gained, became the property of Captain Ick."

RIFLE TRAINING.

(From the Saturday Review.)

THE literature which accompanies may extensively popular movement may generally be classed under three principal divisions—the dry manual of pure instruction, the narrative which aims at being both useful and entertaining, and the book which is adroitly manufactured to turn into current coin the passion of the day. The three books of which the titles are given in the foot note, represent pretty closely these three types as applied to the art of rifle shooting, to success in which no small proportion of the population are just now devoting their utmost energies.

As every volunteer, and indeed every one who cares to handle a rifle, has probably in his possession a well-thumbed copy of the "Musketry Instruction Book," it would not be very useful to dwell on its contents. The mysteries of position drill and the regulations for army practice can scarcely be called interesting from a literary point of view, notwithstanding that fascination which they seem to possess for enthusiastic volunteers; and the dryness of a mere manual of drill and training is in this case unrelieved by any attempt to explain the reason of the injunctions given, or to illustrate the importance of implicit obedience. The book is compiled not as a hand-book for the recruit, but as a guide for the instructor; and it presents the mere skeleton of the teaching which the theory of the lecturer and the practice of the rifle-ground are expected to clothe with life and substance. An aspirant for the honours of Wimbledon who started in his career with the Musketry Manual and his rifle, and hoped by diligent study and toil to master the theory and practice of shooting, would soon be overcome with disappointment and disgust. If he wished to learn something about the construction of his weapon, he would turn to the appropriate page of his horn-book to learn that, at a certain period of his training, a particular number of hours ought to be devoted by his instructor to giving him the required information; but the book itself would leave him as much in the dark as ever if he happened to have no opportunity of getting oral instruction from a competent teacher. Again, it is strictly required that every soldier, and *a fortiori* every volunteer, should be familiar with the physical laws which regulate the flight of his bullet, and supply the reasons for all the details of his drill. But the severely condensed code of instruction which has been issued by authority is almost entirely silent as to the theory which the recruit is expected to get up. It is no fault in a book not to be what it does not profess to be, and within the narrow limits which it prescribes to itself the Musketry Instruction Book is perhaps as perfect a production as is often met with. Its dry regulations and red-tape precision have in truth effected a revolution in the army which no other means would have brought about; and it is scarcely an overstrained inference that the possibility of the Volunteer movement itself was in great measure due to this unpretending and unattractive volume. Almost from time immemorial there have been skilled in the art shooting; but until the Hythe School of Musketry produced its manual, there was no recognised method of teaching men to shoot. In this, as in many other military matters, we borrowed from foreigners the germ of the system which we have perfected. Several of the Continental armies had their regular methods of rifle training at a time when the shooting of the British soldier was left to unassisted instinct. When Lord Hardinge commenced the experiment of arming our soldiers with the best rifle which could then be manufactured as a substitute for old Brown Bess, the importance of teaching the men how to use their new arm was at once recognised, and the position drill, which has done so much and will do so much more to increase the destructive power of our infantry, was borrowed almost entirely from the practice of foreign armies. But what with them was loose and unsystematic teaching, became, in the hands of the Hythe instructors, an undeviating code of training regulations, which has proved ten times as efficient as the models from which it was derived—so clearly so, in fact, that the very countries where rifle drill was invented have been studying our manual to see how it is that the English imitation has proved so much more efficacious than the original from which it was borrowed.

The great secret of the success of the Hythe School, and the fact upon which the whole musketry training of the army is based, is that a man may be made not only a shot, but a good shot, without ever having fired a ball from his rifle. An assertion apparently so paradoxical as this has been naturally received with a good deal of incredulity. It was matter of every-day experience that not one man out of a dozen who amused themselves with rifle practice could by any stretch of courtesy be called a good shot; and it was difficult to believe that the skill which constant practice would not ensure might be also infallibly secured by a brief course of drill. But the Hythe theory is, nevertheless, a fact. There is one evidence of this, the force of which unfortunately can only be brought home to those who have paid a visit to the school. The first thing which strikes a stranger when he is put through his drill at Hythe is the unhesitating faith which every member of the staff, from the highest to the lowest, evidently feels in their cardinal maxim. To men who doubted or disbelieved the efficacy of the system, nothing could be more hopelessly irksome than the duty of administering perpetual repetitions of position drill to a succession of untaught recruits. A more monotonous occupation could scarcely be conceived, and yet there is not an instructor at Hythe who does not enter into his duties with a cheerful enthusiasm which nothing but entire confidence in the success to be achieved could possibly create. A proof of a more precise kind is afforded by the results, all of which are duly recorded. According to the Hythe standard, a rifleman is pronounced a second-class shot, who, at distances not exceeding 300 yards, can make fifteen points out of twenty rounds—which, with due allowance for the extra score for centres and bull's eyes, is roughly equivalent to hitting a target the size of two men standing side by side rather oftener than not. This may not be thought a great achievement, but the next test is considerably more severe. Set up a target representing four men in a row, and let your rifleman, as a rule, succeed in hitting the object at ranges from 400 to 600 yards, and he is what is understood at Hythe as a first-class shot. For all military purposes, a soldier who can come up to this standard may fairly be called a good shot, although, of course, much higher degrees of excellence are attained by many. But when it is remembered that the measure of the efficiency of Brown Bess in actual service was about one hit in five hundred shots, a regiment which, within all the ranges which ordinarily occur in warfare, should make more than half its bullets tell upon the enemy, might fairly be credited for all practical purposes with good shooting.

At any rate, it is this degree of skill, be it great or small, which, according to the Hythe theory, can be put into any man of ordinary nerve and eyesight after a certain amount of drill. For the most apt, a week or a fortnight suffices; others require five or six weeks, which is a regular duration of the course for the army. A second or a third repetition of the course is requisite to bring the backward hands up to the mark; but where the drill is steadily pursued the result is that, with rare exceptions, none fail to reach the second class, and the great majority attain to the first. Volunteers, who take to their duties con amore, and are of a class superior to the ordinary soldier, are expected to pick up their instruction more quickly; and the practical result of little more than a week's drill is found to be to make first-class shots of nearly half of them, while an unfortunate who cannot satisfy the second-class test is almost as rare as a dodo. At each repetition of the drill, the numbers of the first-class men are of course swelled; and if every volunteer corps had instruction as efficient as that which is given at Hythe, it would not be too much to expect, that at least nine men out of ten should be first-class shots.

But how is this to be done? Certainly not by the use of the manual alone. In rifle-shooting, as in everything else, a man's training must, after all, be his own work; and no man will devote incessant labour and scrupulous care to the perfect performance of a set of gymnastic exercises with a rifle unless he is first thoroughly persuaded that they will have the desired effect, and is sufficiently instructed in the theory of shooting to comprehend the meaning of every direction which he receives. Oral instruction is almost the only means to be relied on to impart the requisite knowledge and the requisite faith to a squad of volunteers; and as yet, although most corps have their musketry instructions, few of them get the theoretical instruction which is needed to complete the system. Much of this part of their training might be supplied by a really good book on the subject, and Mr. Busk's Handcook makes some attempt at supplying the want. But his mechanical theory is not always accurate, and has all the appearance of having been got up for the occasion; while what is wanted is a treatise by a writer, who, instead of

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 7.

Coquette, schooner, 78 tons, Captain Anderson, from Moreton Bay 28th ultimo. Captain, agent.

Jenny Lind, schooner, 125 tons, Captain Curran, from Port Curtis 28th ultimo. Passengers—Mr. Bell, and 3 in the steerage. Lotze and Larnach, agents.

Wave, brig, 240 tons, Captain Rossiter, from Melbourne 3rd instant. Captain, agent.

Hunter (s.), 264 tons, Captain Sullivan, from Merrimbula 6th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Henwood, Miss Scott, Miss Gater, Messrs. Harnett, Scott, and 34 in the steerage. I. S. N. Company, agents.

British Trident, ship, 1299 tons, Captain Boyes, from Liverpool 13th October. Passengers—Mrs. and Miss Boyes, and 548 Government immigrants. Dr. Slater, surgeon-superintendent. Captain, agent.

Athene, barque, 606 tons, Captain Cochrane, from the Downs 19th September. Passengers—Mr. Yeend, and 15 in the steerage. L. and S. Speyer and Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 7.

William, for Port Macquarie.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 7.

Kestrel, for Adelaide; Amherst, for South Seas; Ellen Bedford, for Valparaiso; Fortune, Ioeniam, Golden Spring, for Melbourne; Waratah (s.), for Wide Bay; Vixen, for Brisbane.

CLEARANCES.—JANUARY 7.

Ironiom, ship, 549 tons, Captain Hemelin, for Melbourne, with part of original cargo. Passengers—Captain Cook, Mr. Halsey.

COASTERS INWARD.—JANUARY 7.

Williams (s.), from Morpeth, with 110 bales hay, 15 cases fruit, 10 bags onions, 15 bags potatoes; Sarah Dent, from Brisbane Water, with 3000 feet timber; City of Newcastle (s.), from Morpeth, with 180 bales hay, 100 bags potatoes, 6 bags onions, 14 cases drapery, 10 coops poultry, 6 cases eggs, 2 horses; Collaroy (s.), from Morpeth, with 213 bales hay, 4 cases eggs, 35 bags potatoes, 745 horns, 93 bags onions, 30 bags maize, 30 bales wool.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—JANUARY 7.

Martha, Ellen, and Herculean for Newcastle; Lightning and Esther for Manning River, Unity for Morpeth.

IMPORTS.—JANUARY 7.

British Trident, from Liverpool; 1 package, H. Green; 1 package, Leithbridge; 33 packages, Caird, Paterson, and Co; 93 packages, F. Macnab and Co.; 37,500 slates, 75 tons iron, 60 tanks, R. Towns and Co.; 9 packages, Fitzpatrick and Co.; 7 packages, Saunders and Co.; 1 package, J. Dale; 485 iron pipes, P. N. Russell and Co; 2 packages, D. Cohen and Co; 300 casks beer, 100 ovens, Mason, Brothers; 60 barrels soda. J. F. Blake: 14 packages, W. G. Ainsworth; 44 packages, Constable and Turner; 2 packages, G. O. Allen; 3 packages, H. Cohen; 1 package, Hannah; 150 hogsheads sic, 41 casks soda, 980 boxes soap, 5 packages Thacker and Co.; 1 package, Lamb, Parbury, and Co.; 21 packages, J. Keep; 200 casks beer, Macnamara and Co.; 17 packages, Smith, Brothers, and Co.; 1 packages, J. Reid; 1 package, D. A. Bitchie; 1 package, Donaldson; 1 package, H. Green; 100 firkins 350 packages butter, 100 bags doh, 99 cases iron, 598 packages, Order.

Athene, from London: 12 packages, Miss Felton; 1 package, Dr. Scott; 15 hogsheads, J. Taylor; 53 hogsheads, 8 packages, 100 casks, 100 cases, Willis, Merry, and Co.; 1 package, E. B. Murray; 870 bags salt, B. Lee; 13 packages, Irodale and Co.; 1 package, R. Blacket; 5 packages, Sharwood and Co.; 1 package, H. Wheeler; 36 packages, W. H. Paling; 11 packages, F. Waite; 1 package, J. K. Chisholm; 2 packages, Captain Seymour; 63 packages, Lamb, Parbury, and Co.; 30 packages, Biddell, Brothers; 148 packages, E. Vickery; 9 packages, L. and S. Speyer and Co.; 12 packages, J. Armitage and Co.; 33 packages, Prince, Sray, and Ogg; 45 packages, Jamison and Co.; 4 packages, Chapsalay; 23 packages, W. M'Donald; 58 packages, Keep and Parsons; 64 packages, F. and O. Co.; 51 packages, Foss, Son, and Co.; 14 packages, W. C. Botts; 156 packages, E. C. Weeam and Co.; 39 packages, Tooker and Co.; 3 packages, R. Wemmay; 183 packages, Irodale and Co.; 15 packages, Cadell; 203 packages, P. N. Russell and Co.; 1 package, C. Kenrich; 3 packages, G. Raff and Co.; 32 packages, H. E. Row; 12 packages, W. Achison; 30 packages, Tooker, Daniel and Co.; 1 package, J. M'Donald, Co.; 41 packages, Mitchell and Co.; 10 hogsheads, J. Yeend; 13 packages, Verry, York, and Bennett; 35 packages, J. Keep; 36 packages, C. Newton, Brothers, and Co.; 15 packages, Faux and Beard; 77 packages, Saddington and Son; 1 carriage, J. Purchase; 20 hogsheads brandy, G. A. Lloyd and Co.; 1 package, E. B. Procter; 8 packages, Macarthur and Co.; 2681 bars, D. B. Hardsworth; 1 packages, Allen, Street, and Norton; 568 packages, C. Chapman; 306 packages, Colonial Storekeeper; 49 packages, Mason, Brothers, and Co.; 190 hogsheads, 200 casks, 397 coils; 960 packages, Order.

Coquette, from Moreton Bay: 13,000 feet pine, Order.

Jenny Lind, from Rockhampton: 216 bales wool, 2 casks tallow, Order.

Wave, from Melbourne: 105 tons salt, R. Towns and Co.; 20 logs pine, 10 packages, Wilkinson, Brothers, and Co.

EXPORTS.—JANUARY 7.

Cap of Sydney (s.) for Melbourne: 1 case stationery, W. Ford; 1 cask 17 packages machinery, P. N. Russell and Co.; 1 case drapery, A. M'Arthur and Co.; 4 boxes Dr. Steel, 1 case, Sands and Kenny; 1 bookcase, S. Ronald; 13 bales hops, Lender; Muller, and Co.; 1 case, 2 hogsheads lime, Colonial Sugar Co.; 18 casks butter, T. Walsh; 86 casks butter, Whittingham, 18 casks butter, M'Kanney; 226 cases fruit, Griffiths; 213 packages fruit, Woodward; 63 cases fruit, Johnson; 12 cases fruit, Wrensh; 219 cases fruit, Hardy; 17 packages fruit, Watson; 1 case fruit, Grant; 153 cases fruit, Sparway; 7 cases, E. A. Jeanes; 1 bale tweed, Gadsbolt; 2 cases drapery, Gardiner; 1 box, S. A. Joseph; 25 bags onions, Walsh; 3 chests tea, Thacker, Daniell, and Co.; 3 bags oats, Gilchrist and Co.; 183 packages fruit, M'Keown; 183 packages fruit, Fogarty; 4 hogsheads eggs, 1 bale grass, C. B. Bond; 8 boxes, 10,000 sovereigns, Oriental Bank; 6 boxes, 30,000 sovereigns, Bank of Australasia.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

For Valparaiso—By the Ellen Radford, this day, at noon, if not underway.

For Wide Bay.—By the Waratah (s.), this day, at 5.30 p.m.

For London.—By the Lochiel, this day, at 6 p.m.

For Brisbane.—By the Telegraph (s.), on Wednesday, at 5.30 p.m.

For Grafton.—By the Ursula (s.), on Wednesday, at 5.30 p.m.

For San Francisco.—By the Elmore, on Wednesday, at 8 p.m.

For Honolulu.—By the Ell Whitney, on Wednesday, at 8 p.m.

Custom House.—Entered outwards, January 7: Telegraph (s.) 700 tons, Captain O'Reilly, for Brisbane; Waratah (s.), 350 tons, Captain Knight, for Wide Bay; Broadshaw, barque, 318 tons, Captain Barron, for Auckland; Bertha, ship, 347 tons, Captain Palfrey, for Andaman Islands.

The British Trident left Liverpool on the 13th October; was 29 days to the Cape de Verds; with light variable winds crossed the Equator on 15th November (35 days), and the meridian of the Cape on 10th December, and rounded Cape Pillar, V. D. Land, on the 4th instant, when she was hove to off there the night of the 6th, and has therefore made her passage in 84 days. She brings out the following immigrants:—94 married couples, 121 single women, 149 single men, and 67 children. There have been 19 deaths (8 adults), and 6 births, but although some cases of measles occurred in the commencement of the voyage, there have been no sickness of importance since 20th November. The weather since rounding the Cape of Good Hope has been principally from N. and N.E., which drove her down as low as latitude 48°, she therefore came round Van Diseman's Land. This fine ship is under the command of Captain Boyes, better known as the fortunate Commander of the Royal Charter, in which she made the celebrated passage to Melbourne of 68 days, to whom and his officers the highest credit is due for the very beautiful condition the vessel has been brought into port. The order, regularity, and extreme cleanliness observable on board is such as I have rarely seen before, and the improvements with which she is fitted, the not the least remarkable is one of Dr. Normandy's patent distilling apparatus, by which the vessel is wholly supplied with fresh water, of which it throws off 800 gallons per day, only working 12 hours. Dr. Slater, the Surgeon-superintendent, reports very favourably of the emigrants under his charge, who appear well adapted for the colony.

The Wave, Captain Rossiter, left Port Phillip Heads on the 3rd instant, at 9 a.m., with pleasant breezes from the southward and fine weather; midnight, passed Wilson's Promontory; Friday, 6 a.m., passed a steamer thirty miles north of the Promontory, bound south; 5th January, at noon, off Twofold Bay, in company with a large ship bound north, with passengers, and at the same time passed a ship bound south, with starboard bulwarks stove in from the fore chains right forward, as if by collision; 6th, at 5 a.m., passed the steamer City of Sydney twelve miles south of the Pigeon House; had light baffling winds since passing Twofold Bay.

The City of Newcastle (s.) passed the schooner Fox, off Broken Bay, yesterday.

The Athene sailed from the Downs on the 19th September, and experienced very variable winds from the Cape of Good Hope; and was also detained ten days between Cape Lewen and King's Island.

There is no report by the Jenny Lind from Rockhampton.

The Hunter (s.), brings up 130 bales wool, 100 cheese, 60 hides, and sundries.

We understand that Messrs. Obee and Co. have, in addition to the Circular Wharf, become lessees of the following private wharves:—Smith's, Macnamara's, Moore's, Lamb's, Willis's, Walker's, and the Grafton.

Anniversary Regatta.—The meeting held last evening was further adjourned until Thursday next.

[By Electric Telegraph.]

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

January 5.—Canton, Sunbeam, from Foo-Chow.

January 6.—Balcomb Castle, from Auckland; May Flower, from London; Dove, Alpha, from Circular Head; Havilah (s.), from Adelaide; Express, from Columbo; May Flower, from Port Frederick.

January 7.—Commerce, from Corner Inlet.

DEPARTURES.

January 5.—Pekin, for Manila; William Hill, Tyra, for Newcastle.

January 6.—Robert and Betsy, for Sydney; Drover, for Newcastle; Mary Ann, for Hobart Town; Dunedin, for Otago.

January 7.—Result, for London; Victory, for Hobart Town.

WINDS AND WEATHER.

January 7.—9 a.m.—Queenscliff, E., moderate, fine.
Albury, N.E., fine.
Kiandra, N.E., fine, clear.
Goulburn, N.E., cloudy; like rain.
Yass, S.E. fine.
Gundagai, S.W., fine.
Bathurst, S., cloudy
Newcastle, S.E., cloudy; like rain.

STATE OF THE LINES.

Intercolonial, communication perfect.		
Northern	"	"
Kiandra	"	"
Western	"	"
Railway	"	"
South Head	"	"
Southern	"	"
Adelaide	"	"
Tasmania	"	interrupted.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

January 5.—Rainbow (s.), from Sydney.

January 5.—Yarra, schooner, 161 tons, Finnymore, from Melbourne.

January 5.—Jane, schooner, 142 tons, Gregory, from Geelong.

January 5.—C. P. Lessing, brig, 251 tons, Lessing, from Melbourne.

January 5.—Golden Eagle, barque, 278 tons, Oldham, from Melbourne.

January 5.—Bella Vista, barque, 166 tons, Groves, from Melbourne.

January 5.—Sobim, schooner, 111 tons, Jamison, from Melbourne.

January 5.—Time and Truth, barque, 187 tons, Sauer, from Melbourne.

January 5.—Elizabeth, schooner, from Tweed River, put in here from stress of weather.

January 6.—Maori, barque, 266 tons, Muir, from Melbourne.

January 6.—Victor, brig, 227 tons, Smith, from Melbourne.

January 6.—Harriet Hope, brig, 245 tons, Bain, from Sydney.

January 6.—Anne Sanderson, brig, 240 tons, Barton, from Melbourne.

January 6.—Rebecca, barque, 190 tons, Marsh, from Adelaide.

January 6.—Tomatin, barque, 322 tons, Grierson, from Adelaide, with 276 bags wheat.

DEPARTURES.

January 5.—Rainbow (s.), for the Manning.
January 5.—Croxton (s.), for Clarence River.

COASTERS OUTWARD.

January 5.—Trial, Petrel, Margaret and Mary, Atha.
January 6.—Lavinia, Perseverance.

PORT OF SYDNEY.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.—JANUARY 7.

IMPORTS.

Books, 1 case	...	£1	Lamps, 4 cases	... £30
Cocoanut oil, 76 tons	...	3000	Millstones, 2	... 130
Candles, 7 cases	...	12	Perfumed spirits, 2 cases	60
Cocoanuts, 1500	...	7	Shine, 4 bundles	... 4
Effects, 1 case	...	6	Turnery, 2 cases	... 6
Flour, 25 tons	...	400	Tallow, 6 casks	... 80
Hides, 91	...	55	Wool, 606 bales	... 20,356
Luggage, 40 packages	...	120		

EXPORTS.

Acids, 4 packages	...	£10	Lime, 20 hogsheads	... £100
Almonds, 6 bags	...	10	Leather, 2 packages	... 30
Bran, 700 bushels	...	110	Matches, 6 cases	... 115
Brooms, 10 cases	...	15	Maize, 36 bushels	... 10
Butter, 81 kegs	...	250	Machinery, 279 packages	1131
Boots, 7 trunks	...	140	Onions, 1 ton	... 32
Beer, 34 hogsheads	...	136	Oil, 16 packages	... 56
Brandy, 4 hogsheads, quarter-cask		90	Ollsacres, 109 packages	... 318
Cedar, 43,000 feet	...	370	Perfumery, 5 cases	... 45
Confectionery, 1 case	...	10	Plants, 1 case	... 5
Cheese, 6 cases	...	178	Rice, 1 tons	... 19
Cigars, 1 case	...	25	Rum, 8 hogsheads	... 80
Candles, 27 cases	...	55	Sarsaparilla, 25 cases	... 60
Coal, 150 tons	...	180	Spokes, 3728	... 85
Champagne, 20 baskets	...	20	Sovereigns, 6 boxes	... 40,000
Dates, 136 bags	...	230	Stationery, 1 case	... 20
Eggs, 4 hogsheads	...	32	Saddlery, 1 case	... 22
Pollers, 727	...	—	Salt, 2 tons	... 10
Fruit, 275 packages	...	361	Sugar, 34 tons	... 102
Furniture, 5 packages	...	48	Soap, 40 boxes	... 72
Flour, 10 tons	...	200	Slops, 18 cases	... 630
Gold, 1615 ounces	...	—	Turnery, 7 cases	... 60
Galvanised iron, ¼ ton	...	27	Tweed, 1 bale	... 20
Grease, 6 tons	...	120	Timber, 21,000 feet	... 280
Guano, 70 tons	...	600	Tobacco, 53 packages	... 310
Groceries, 14 packages	...	28	Tea, 25 packages	... 118
Glassware, 1 cask	...	16	Vehicles, 1	... 45
Geneva, 1 hogshead	...	4	Woolsacking, 2 packages	... 10
Hay, 10 tons	...	40	Wire, 19 packages	... 37
Hosrs, 3	...	110	Wool, 143 bales	... 3715

SYDNEY HEADS.

	TIME.	WIND.	REMARKS.
Jan. 7.	9.30 a.m.	S.S.E.	Fresh, and cloudy.
	Noon.	S.S.E.	Strong, and clear.
	5 p.m.	S.S.E.	Fresh, and ditto.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO THE NEXT PUBLICATION.

1861. JANUARY.		SUN. Rises	Sets	MOON WATER. Morn.	After
8	TUESDAY	4 55	7 8	5 0	5 25

Moon.—New, 11th instant, 1h. 33m. p.m.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1861.

The disturbance among the prisoners at Cockatoo Island is, we presume, only one of those periodical displays of insubordination and discontent which are familiar to all who know the history of convictism. These men have their notion of rights, and these are the subject of their daily discussion. All the law inflicts and all that it allows is thoroughly weighed and measured. If those who are entrusted with their management deviate one hairsbreadth from what they understand to be the compact they always manifest discontent, insolence, and insubordination.

Riots of this kind in Norfolk Island or the penal settlements of Tasmania have generally been based upon the alleged violation of rights and arbitrary and "uncovenated" interference or oppression. It seems that the cause assigned by the convicts for refusing to work at Cockatoo is the stoppage of that system of mitigation for good conduct which was elaborately contrived some years ago, and which has been worked with results estimated in the most opposite manner by those who have witnessed them. It would seem natural that good conduct should procure diminution of punishment; but then it has been laid down that good conduct is part of the duty of a prisoner—that to pay him, therefore, for what the law requires and what it is at his peril to violate, is to render the effect of the sentence entirely uncertain. Reward for good conduct must be given on the representation of officers in command; and while it opens the door to favouritism and pernicious indulgence, its general influence will be to reduce good conduct to the absence of any flagrant misbehaviour. Men in command of convicts naturally slip into a great method of management. They are not anxious to detect faults. Thus the diminution of sentence for good conduct in all but the most reckless would be a matter of course. The good conduct of a gaol is very different from that of ordinary society. It is by no means the best of the men who are the most successful in obtaining the credit. The good conduct of a person is not the development of moral excellence, but the observance of order, and especially the keeping out of scrapes. The better class of prisoners considered in relation to social life are often those who are most frequently involved in slight breaches of discipline. We have seen men, on the other hand, whose crimes have been atrocious, and who the moment they escape from control resume them with ferocity, nevertheless pass through their prison term without reproach, and are prematurely let loose upon society because their conduct was good!

The second cause of complaint appears to be an unfair classification of prisoners, and the stoppage of the pecuniary allowance according to the work performed. We do not understand why this distinction should be made, or, if it be made, why it should be made in favour of those who have been most frequently convicted.

We see also that a disturbance has arisen respecting the quality of bread. On nothing are prisoners more resolute than to secure their rations, and to insist on the quality which the regulations require. We do not see how they can be blamed for this. The history of prisons is one of shameful peculation and connivance. Every contractor has an obvious interest in passing inferior food both in quantity and quality. No doubt the prison authorities are bound to be vigilant, and they often are, but it is in this direction that danger must always exist of unfair dealing with convicts. Unless the regulations are regularly and carefully enforced the prisoners would be deprived of that food to which they are entitled, and which is supposed to be necessary for their health, and therefore for the public service.

Capricious changes in prison discipline has been always a fruitful source of mischief. They operate as a new punishment, and are an aggravation of a sentence. The prisoner naturally regards the administration of the penal system as part and parcel of the penalty. If during the currency of his sentence the pressure is made heavier, or the terms of liberation more difficult—the quantity of food diminished or inferior in quality, or if the work is made more severe, the prisoner naturally regards it as an aggravation of the punishment, and therefore an injustice. How, indeed, can it be otherwise? We believe we shall be borne out by most persons acquainted with the management of prisoners that insubordination—often insurrection and bloodshed—have arisen from no other cause. The tremendous outbreak at Norfolk Island, which was so sanguinary in its consequence—arose from taking away the cooking utensils of the men. The measure was no doubt necessary, but still it was a privation, and was resented as such.

It is quite time that a better system of prison discipline were established. There is no reason in a new country that the management of prison labour should not be at least remunerative. But that this may be accomplished there must be some principle of classification—a greater number of solitary occupations—the means of separate treatment and individual instruction and control. We see no reason why a prisoner, if he earn more than sufficient to support himself in gaol, should not have a portion of his earnings reserved against his discharge. We must give up the notion of repressing crime by mere severity. In every society, where property exists, and where many are poor and ignorant, we must expect a proportion of crime. When the law has placed the criminal in a situation where he can do no mischief, his interest should not be wholly disregarded. Fallen and guilty, he is nevertheless a man and a brother. His sense of justice is not destroyed, because he has violated its obligations. He is not necessarily a natural enemy of society because he has fallen under its ban, and he should not be so placed that he has no refuge against the persecution of the worst, but by imitating and applauding their iniquities.

The Megæthon lately reached Goulburn after a six months' journey from Sydney. The simple statement of the fact is sufficient with most persons to condemn the machine. Mr. West, however, a practical engineer, who accompanied the machine in the capacity of its professional adviser, during the latter part of its journey, favoured us with a letter yesterday, in which, as the result of his experience, he deprecates all hasty and adverse conclusions from this one unfortunate experiment. He still believes in the megæthen, and so far from seeing nothing but failure in its journey, he reads there the auguries of future success. It ought to go, and can go to Goulburn, he says, in three days; yet it took six months. How is the disproportion to be accounted for? The explanation is the abnormally wretched condition of the Southern Road, which by universal testimony is worse this year than it has ever been since the track was first cleared, and worse, we hope, than it will ever be again. The immediate result of sweeping out a dusty room is to make it more dusty than ever, and the immediate result of raking out a hot fire is to make it emit more heat than before; and so the first result of a systematic and scientific attempt to put the Southern Road in order has been to make it more impassable than before. This is a result for which the road engineers have received more blame than they have deserved. The first essential for a good road is good drainage, and, acting on this principle, side drains have been cut and the earth thrown into the middle of the road to make a rounded surface. And if it had been a year of drought, or even an ordinary Australian season, all would have gone well. If the earth gets well beaten down by the pressure of the traffic and the metal is spread and begins to bind before the wet weather comes, then a good road is secured which with moderate attention to repairs will last for years. There are one or two lengths on the Western Road which were made under fortunate conditions of weather, and which have worn very well.

But ever since Mr. Bennett began his ditches there has hardly been a continuous fortnight of fine weather. The season has been the very worst for road-making that could possibly have been. There has been every variety of rainfall, from a slight drizzle up to furious floods, and each variety has been repeated over and over again. The consequence has been that the soft earth has been pounded into slush, the road never got into a fit state to receive the metal, while the side channels prevented vehicles from getting into the bush. It was under such circumstances that the megæthon tried her powers, and it is not much to be wondered at that she got stuck. The chances of success would have been greater on the Western Road, where, though the hills would have been stiffer, the ground would not have been so soft.

Mr. West says that the megæthan triumphed over ascents and descents, and was capable of the greatest nicety of steering. It was the unevenness and softness of the road that ruined her. And as to the parts that gave way, it is to be observed that the steam engine itself stood the wear and tear well—it was the apparatus for transmitting the power that yielded. The cog-wheel especially was the great trouble, the teeth being made of brittle cast iron. Mr. West says that, with the experience now gained, it would be possible to construct a machine stronger and better arranged, that in ordinary weather would travel faster and cheaper than drays, and that steam locomotion can be successfully applied to common roads even in a colony.

That it might be done in particular places or in particular seasons is possible enough, but that it can even be a substitute for the use of the edge rail all experience forbids us to believe. Ever since steam locomotion by land was introduced the controversy has been urged. The great objection to the locomotive has from the first been that it is so aristocratic. It will not travel on the vulgar highway. It will have a road exclusively to itself. And incessantly men have been trying to contrive means of making the steam-engine literally supersede the horse, by fitting it to do work on the ordinary roads, but hitherto without success. In the interesting life of George Stephenson, by Mr. Smiles, a full account is given of the contests there used to be in his day about road engines, and how he had to battle for the rail. Parliamentary Committees of both Houses sat upon the question, and experiments were made, and patents taken out, none of which were satisfactory. We remember, in our schoolboy days, seeing one of these machines trying to manœuvre round a square in the suburbs of London, when the snorting monster, disobedient to the rein, reared upon the foot-path, broke down the iron railings of a house, and walked into the front area, considerably to the astonishment of the cook in the scullery. Since then the steam engine has been made more portable, and got more under control. The Earl of Caithness has recently attracted some attention by building a private steam carriage with which he has careered along at the rate of ten miles an hour with perfect safety, and with entire command over his engine. But then he has had good roads with moderate gradients to travel on. He could not take his engine from Sydney to Goulburn, on our present roads, any faster than Messrs. Palmer and Jones have done.

Boydell's Traction Engines have been patronised to some extent by the military authorities at Woolwich, for their utility in dragging guns and heavy war material over the natural surface of the country, and perhaps if a score or two of them had been shipped to Balaclava they might have been useful in carrying stores up to Kadikoi before the road was cut up by the carts and waggons of the commissariat. But they would never have been so effective as the railway subsequently proved.

For cross country purposes, where no railway exists or can exist, a traction engine may be sometimes useful, but that on main trunk lines of traffic it can ever supersede the rails is impossible. In carrying goods the great object is to reduce the resistance of friction. This is done to perfection by the use of the rail. The drawback to the rail is the difficulty of surmounting steep gradients, and the necessity of tunnels, viaducts, cuttings, and embankments to get rid of this difficulty, and where this expense is not justified by the traffic other contrivances may temporarily prove more advantageous. The difficulty, however, of overcoming sharp inclines on railroads is one which engineers are perpetually lessening, and as to which there is still indefinite possibility of improvement.

[By Electric Telegraph.]

WEST MAITLAND.

Monday, 5 p.m.

The report of the death of a man at the Paterson, from lightning, has not been confirmed.

The remains of W. Manuella, who was struck by lightning at Large, presented a fearful spectacle, were brought to town on Saturday evening, and have since been interred.

The losses sustained by the storm are considerable at Oakhampton, Bulwarra, Midlorn, Dagworth, Fishery Creek, Louth Park, and East and West Maitland. The weather is still unsettled.

Mr. Weekes' friends have postponed, until the first Parliamentary recess, the public dinner at which they intend entertaining him, as a mark of their sense of his services as member for West Maitland.

MELBOURNE.

Saturday, 6 p.m.

A motion was placed on the notice paper of the Assembly "That no Ministry not prepared to deal with the Squatting Question at once deserves the confidence of the colony." Ministers it is believed will try to avoid a division.

The Yacht Race at the Sandridge Regatta for 100 guineas, for twenty-five miles, was won by the Mystery. Time, 3 hours 55 minutes.

Very little doing in business. Adelaide first flour is quoted at £18, and Adelaide new wheat 7s. to 7s. 3d. per bushel.

Monday, 7 p.m.

The Sunbeam and Canton, have arrived from Foo-Chow-Foo, with cargoes of tea.

ADELAIDE.

Monday, 4 p.m.

The Governor presided at the meeting for the formation of a Rifle Shooting Association.

Flour, £15 5s., wheat 6s.

INSOLVENCY.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Friday, February 1.—Edward H. Flatman, adjourned single, and for examination, 11. Hugh Maxwell, adjourned examination, 11. Mitchell and Co., third, 2. *At Maitland*, William Briggs, second, 11, and John Davis, single, 12.

Monday, 4.—William Vaughan, third, half-past 10. Edward Bennett, single, 11. Christopher Welsh, single, half-past 11. David F. Aitcheson, single, 12. William Walker, second, half-past 12. Richard Giles, single, 2. John Richardson, adjourned examination, 2. William H. Alexander, second, half-past 2. James Connell, single, 3. John S. Morris, third, half-past 3.

Tuesday, 5.—John A. Parfitt, postponed third, 2. Thomas E. Warrup, adjourned single, half-past 2.

Wednesday, 6.—George Mitchell, second, half-past 10. Michael A. Landy, single, half-past 11. Julius Franklin, second, 12. Solomon Hyam, single, half-past 12. John Ridge, postponed third, 2. Edward Venables, first, 2. Rush and Merrett, first, half-past 2. Christopher Anderson, single, 3. Peter Wilson, first, half-past 3.

Thursday, 7.—William Kenny, adjourned examination, 2.

Friday, 8.—William Church, adjourned single, and for examination, 11. Walter Kimber, adjourned second, 2. Henry A. Davis, adjourned second, half-past 2.

Monday, 11.—George Cobban, adjourned examination, half-past 10. Edward Venables, first, half-past 10. George Cobban, adjourned examination, half-past 10. Rush and Merrett, second, half-past 11. William Organ, single, half-past 12. Herman Weijsberg, single, 2. Joseph Neal, first, half-past 2. Benjamin Hall, single, 3.

Wednesday, 13.—William Johnston, single, half-past 10, Edward Myers, adjourned second, 11. Aaron Steenbhorn, single, 11. John T. Hotten, first, half-past 11. John Isaacs, deceased, first, half-past 2.

Friday, 15.—Thomas W. Wallis, adjourned examination, 10.

Monday, 18.—Michael Spencer, single, half-past 10. Joseph Neal, single, 11. Julius Solke, third, half-past 11. John T. Hotten, second, 12. John Wills, deceased, half-past 12. Frederick Canterbury, third, 2. Isaac Archibald, third, half-past 2. John Isaacs, deceased, second, 3. Peter Wilson, second, half-past 3.

Tuesday, 19.—Henry C. Hudson, adjourned special, for examination, half-past 10.

Wednesday, 20.—John Reed, first, half-past 10. James Chapman, single, 11. William D. Burke, first, half-past 11. John Clark, single, 12. Cornelius Murphy, single, half-past 12. Charles Blakefield, first, 2. John Connell, third, half-past 2. William C. Ashton, single, 3. William Littler, first, half-past 3. *At Maitland*: Jeremiah Savage, single, half-past 11.

Thursday, 21.—William Lees, third, half-past 10. Edmond Corrigan, third, 11. Michael J. Mayes, third, half-past 11. Alfred Hughes, third, 12. Charles Horsley, third, half-past 12. John Buntin, single, 2. John B. Turner, single, half-past 2. John H. Marsden, first, 3.

Monday, 25.—John Reed, second, half-past 10. Charles Blakefield, second, 11. John H. Marsden, second, 12. *At Maitland*: William D. Burke, second, 11; and William Littler, second, 12.

Thursday, March 7.—Charles D. O'Connell, postponed third, to offer composition, and for directions of creditors, 11.

CERTIFICATE MEETINGS.

The undermentioned insolvents have given notice of their intention to apply, on the days mentioned below, for certificates of discharge:—

Tuesday, January 8.—Furlong and Kennedy, adjourned meeting, half-past 10.

Friday, February 1.—Hugh Maxwell, 11.

Tuesday, 5.—George Pattrick, 11. John Glasson, Daniel Harding, Matthew John Welham, Roger Hogan, 12.

Thursday, 7.—William M'Donald, adjourned meeting, half-past 10.

Tuesday, 12.—Abraham Lyons, William Richardson Miller, William Steven Watson, Jacob Hoar, John Richardson, senior, James Blyth Caldwell, James Coombe, Charles Baker, 12.

Thursday, 14.—Kirchner and Co., half-past 10.

Tuesday, 19.—John Fullager, Casper Kruisgeman, William Bates, George Webber, James Brennan, Walter Mackay, Henry Charles Rudeney, 12.

Tuesday, 26.—John Dillon, William Orkney, A. W. Phillips, George Thomas Palmer, 12.

Tuesday, March 5.—George Cattley, Thomas Betteridge, Thomas Smith, Thomas Lawless, Joseph Carter, Henry Golden Astill, 12.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

Monday.

Before the Police Magistrate, with Captain M'Lean, Messrs. Cohen, G. Hill, Burdekin, Murphy, Spence, and Foden.

Twenty persons were convicted of having been found drunk in the streets: two of these, being vagrants, were sentenced to be imprisoned one month; and the rest were fined, some 10s. and others (who had been liberated from the watch-house on bail for their appearance here) 20s., with the usual term of imprisonment in case of non-payment.

Mary Ann Kelly, who, while drunk, in a public place, indulged in obscene language, was ordered to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned fourteen days.

Ann Ryan, found sleeping in an outhouse, was taken into custody as an idle and disorderly person, having no place of abode, nor following any lawful avocation, was sentenced to be imprisoned one month; and Charles Clarke, a person coming within the same category, was sentenced to be imprisoned three calendar months.

Christina Watson, the woman who on Saturday received sentence of fourteen days' imprisonment on conviction of having stolen a picture, the property of a publican residing at Balmain, was this morning brought before the Court on another charge of larceny. A poor woman named Bowman, who maintains herself by selling fruit from a basket, deposed that on Friday the prisoner accosted her in the street, described herself as a monthly nurse just disengaged, and desirous of finding a quiet lodging until she should meet with another engagement; she (the prosecutrix) said she knew of none, but offered to share her own accommodation until she should find a better shelter; the prisoner gladly accepted the offer, and that night took up her abode with witness; on Saturday witness went about her business as usual, and on her way home met prisoner (whom she had left in charge) carrying a bundle: prisoner gave her the key of the house, and each went her own way; she on arriving at home found that she had been robbed of several articles of wearing apparel, and some fruit; no person but the prisoner could have stolen them; she estimated her loss at 40s. Prisoner offered no defence. To be imprisoned six calendar months.

Mary Ryan was convicted of having stolen a piece of bacon, valued at 1s., the property of James Walker, of George-street Market, and was sentenced to be imprisoned one month.

Christopher Semerton, a seaman, apprehended for wilfully damaging the trees in Hyde Park, was ordered to pay a fine of 10s., or to be imprisoned twenty-four hours.

J. Garrett, for a trivial assault, was fined 10s.; John Scott and Emma Richardson, for having indulged in language calculated to provoke breaches of the peace, were fined—the first 20s., and the other 5s., with 5s. 6d. costs.

Kauri Timber, This Day.—Timber merchants, builders, and others, are reminded of Mr. Charles Tonkin's sale of Kauri timber, at the Patent Slip Wharf, this afternoon, at half-past 2 o'clock precisely. See advertisements.—Adv.

WATER POLICE COURT.

Monday.

Before the Water Police Magistrate, Mr. J. Shoobert, and Mr. W. H. Bidred.

Four persons, who had been found drunk and otherwise disorderly in the streets, were awarded the usual penalties of five or imprisonment.

William Rook, a deserter from the ship Charles, sentenced to three weeks' imprisonment; and Peter Lockie, a deserter from the steamer Hunter, fourteen weeks.

Hugh Muir, Alexander Macpherson, and Joseph Younger, were, on the information of John Edye Manwar, charged with having, by reason of drunkenness, negligently destroyed certain property on board the steam-er Emu to the amount of £20. Muir was engineer, Younger stoker, and Macpherson coxswain of the steamer Black Swan. Thomas Porter deposed that on New Year's Day he was acting as master of the Black Swan, which proceeded with a pic-nic excursion to Middle Harbour, and on leaving that part of the harbour, Macpherson, then at the wheel, was found to be drunk, and was compelled to give up the steering. When proceeding to Parsley Bay, Younger and Macpherson entered into a quarrel with an artillery man, and, in consequence of the engine not being stopped soon enough, the boat went on shore. Younger threatened to throw deponent overboard. After coming up the harbour, which was done with great difficulty, defendants annoying the master and rendering no assistance, the stage was put out at the Circular Quay, and whilst the passengers were in the act of landing, Muir, he believed, started the steamer, and she was not stopped until she arrived at the Phœnix Wharf, where she twice ran into the Emu's paddle box and side bosses on deck. There were four men in the crew, of whom three (the prisoners) were drunk. The Emu's paddlebox was completely smashed, and the side bosses shattered and driven along the deck. Macpherson was put off duty before the Emu was damaged. The evidence of Mr. W. Maclear (who happened to be a passenger) and that of M'Phee, the second officer, to deal to confirm Porter's statement as to the inebriated state of prisoners, and of their non-attention to the orders of the master, both as regarded the working of the engine and the steering. Prisoners were ordered to pay the amount of damage done (£20) with costs of Court; in default of pay ng the £6 17s. 2d. each, they were to be imprisoned for fourteen days.

Sarah Daly, of the Britannia House, George-street, was charged with having used violent and threatening language toward her step daughter, Maria Daly, and being found guilty, was ordered to enter into sureties to keep the peace for three months.

Special Meetings for Prayer.—In compliance with a recommendation which emanated in the first instance from the Evangelical Alliance of Great Britain, and endorsed by the leading ministers of religion in this colony, special meetings for prayer have

GREAT EXHIBITION IN LONDON, 1862.

It is to be regretted, on every account, that the home Government have not officially communicated to his Excellency the Governor-General their views in respect to the representation of the several colonies of Australasia at the Great Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations, which is proposed to be held in London in the summer of 1862. In the absence of any despatch on this important subject, it has been suffered to lie in abeyance, and thus official as well as Parliamentary punctilio threatens to impair any energies which might once again be directed to place before the assembled representatives of all nations specimens of the natural products and works of industry of Australia. This delay on the part of the home authorities is the more inexcusable, because so far back as the 10th of October, 1860, Mr. E. Deas Thomson gave notice, in his place in the Legislative Council, of his intention to ask the Colonial Secretary on the following day, 1st Whether it is the intention of the Government to take any steps for facilitating the representation of the products of this colony at the Great Exhibition to be held in London, in 1862." On the same day, Mr. Terry, in the Legislative Assembly, gave notice of his intention to ask a similar question of the Premier. Both notices, however, lapsed, it being understood that the Government would take some steps in the matter, either by corresponding with the Secretary of State, or by taking the initiative without waiting for advices from London. Since that time nothing whatever has been done, and New South Wales has the unsatisfactory prospect of exhibiting but very scanty illustrations of her natural resources or industrial enterprise.

On the other hand, we cannot but consider that the local Executive is to blame in allowing so important a question to lie dormant on a mere point of etiquette. For advices, in respect to this colony's contribution to the London Exhibition of 1851, it is true, that, in the absence of any precedent, they waited before taking any decided steps; but in respect to the Paris Exhibition of 1855, we find that so early as the 15th of September, 1853, Mr. E. Deas Thomson, then Colonial Secretary (although no despatch had been received from home) moved in the old Legislative Council, "That a select committee, consisting of six members, exclusive of the mover, be appointed to suggest and report the proper measures to be adopted for facilitating the transmission to France of any articles, the produce or manufactures of this colony, intended for the Universal Exhibiton to be held at Paris, in May, 1855. This resolution was carried unanimously, and a committee appointed, consisting of the Colonial Secretary, Mr. George M'Leay, Mr. William Macarthur, Dr. Douglass, Captain King, R.N., Mr. T. A. Murray, and Mr. G. R. Nichols. On the 9th of December, the committee presented their report, which was adopted. It suggested the appointment of a commission to devise and carry out the details necessary for the successful accomplishment of the object in view, with instructions to invite contributions from the various parts of the colony, of its natural productions, raw materials, and manufactures, and to appoint paid collectors to procure such objects as cannot reasonably be expected from private sources. The committee further recommended that, in the address to the Governor-General, his Excellency be requested to place upon the Supplementary Estimate for 1854 a sum not exceeding £3000, for the purpose of carrying out the design in the most efficient manner. The committee, in presenting the report, strongly urged upon their fellow colonists to exert themselves in order that on so important an occasion the senior colony of the Australian group might be placed in that position which, from the meagre display of its productions, it failed to occupy at the Great Exhibition in London of 1851.

Of the cordiality with which these recommendations were received, not only by the Governor-General but by all classes throughout the colony, it is not necessary to speak at any length. The success of the zealous efforts of the commissioners, supported with earnestness and alacrity by troops of contributors, far exceeded the general expectations; and yet one drawback was seriously felt, and particularly dwelt upon in the report of the commissioners, and the able papers of Mr. (now Sir William) Macarthur, and his coadjutors; and this was the very short time allowed for making the collections, more especially of the indigenous woods of our vast inland forests.

But how much more must this drawback impair success at the present time when, at the dawn of the year preceding that of the next exhibition in London, not one step has been taken to avert that stigma of inactivity and apathy, so well adverted to by the Select committee of 1853.

Let us contrast our inertness with the activity displayed by the youngest colony of Australia—Queensland. On the 1st of August, 1860, a joint committee of the Legislative Council and Assembly was appointed to inquire into and report as to the best means for securing a due and adequate representation of the products of Queensland in the contemplated Great Exhibition, to be held in London in 1862. Their report, which was presented to both Houses on the 20th of September ultimo, contained recommendations similar to those we have referred to above, but going more into detail. They conclude by expressing their belief that it will be difficult to carry out their recommendations, unless a sum not less than £2000 be voted to meet the necessary expenses. A portion of the outlay may possibly be returned to the colony in the sale of all such specimens as may be purchased for exhibition. The committee, however, express their unanimous opinion that, if any attempt be made to exhibit in the great exhibition which is to take place, the products of Queensland, a great effort ought to be made with a determination to manifest to the world the value, the variety, and the extent of its resources, and in a spirit of liberality which will prevent the commissioners from being crippled for want of means. The joint committee from whom these liberal sentiments emanated were Sir Charles Nicholson, Mr. A. W. Compigne, and Mr. John Balfour, on the part of the Council; Mr. Raff, Mr. Buckley, and Mr. Macalister, on the part of the Assembly.

With respect to the articles which the committee consider ought to be collected, they invite particular attention to the desirability of insuring the supply of considerable specimens of cotton, observing that the opportunity which will be afforded of displaying the resources of Queensland in the production of a commodity for which there is an inexhaustible demand may prove to be of the greatest importance to its interests. They further observe that, as some of the articles enumerated will have to be grown, and others procured at the cost of considerable labour, and by some outlay of money, they are of opinion "that no time should be lost in entering upon the necessary arrangements for giving effect to the proposals they have made."

Nothing which we might urge could more forcibly place in contrast the spirit and liberality of the first Parliament of Queensland, and the neglect and supineness of our own. It is a lamentable, but obvious truth, that New South Wales will now be too late in the field, even to equal her meagre contributions to the London Exhibition of 1851; and it will be only by private contributions, unaided by a Parliamentary vote, that this colony's products will be represented at all in the Exposition of 1862.

PRESENTATION.—A correspondent states that on the St. Leonard's Volunteer Rifles meeting at their first parade after the holidays, Captain Severn presented Sergeant Byrnes with a purse containing seven sovereigns, subscribed as a Christmas present by the members in consideration of his great attention to the company.

BOTANIC GARDENS.—The band of the 12th Regiment will perform the following selection of music at half-past three o'clock (weather permitting). Conductor, Mr. G. D. Callen. Programme—Overture, "Les Saperons Blancs," Auber; Selection, "La Donna del Lago," Rossini; Waltz, "Venus," Callen; Selection, "The Crown Diamonds," Auber; Quadrille "Linds," D'Albert; Galop, "Garibaldi," D'Albert. God Save the Queen.

THE HARVEST AT MORUYA.—Reaping has become general throughout the district during the week past, though sadly impeded by the rainy weather, which is more or less prevailed during that time. From Thursday evening to Friday at noon particularly, we had a succession of heavy showers, with thunder and lightning, which did much damage to the crops. The yield is of an average character, somewhat rusted, but not so much as the forebodings of many led us to anticipate. Unless, however, a kind Providence favour us with more genial weather, and that soon, the injury done will be incalculable. As it is, some have been housed in what is feared to be an unfit state, but by far the larger proportion is either ready for the sickle, or reaped and exposed to the inclemency of the weather. A few fields, however, here and there, are not quite ripe, luckily perhaps for the owners.—Correspondent Illawarra Mercury.

EFFECTS OF EFFLUVIA FROM GULLY-HOLES.

[COMMUNICATED.]

A HINT for our new Mayor and for those Citizens who have the ill-fortune to reside near these orifices for malaria. (From Dr. Southwood Smith's, M.D., Evidence before the Health of Towns Commission. First Report, vol. 1, p. 22.)

"Have you met in your practice with any instances of mischief occasioned by the escape of noxious gases from the sewers in the streets and houses?

"I have been struck with the number of cases of fever in houses opposite gully-holes. I have observed that when fever once attacks any one member of a family in such a situation, it commonly attacks several individuals, and that the disease is generally severe—that is, it becomes in its progress typhoid.

"Do you think this is common?

"It is certain that other medical men have made similar observations. I remember one of the medical witnesses, examined by the former Committee on the Health of Towns, states that of all cases of severe typhus he had seen, eight-tenths were either in houses in which the drains from the sewers were untrapped, or which, being trapped, were situated opposite gully-holes.

"Can you give any instance in support of this statement?

"Instances are recorded in which servants, sleeping in the lower rooms of houses so situated, are invariably attacked with fever. We having coming to the Fever Hospital servants from good families who have slept in such rooms, often no other member of the family being attacked. Instances are adduced where it had been found necessary either to trap or to remove gully-holes in the vicinity of butchers' shops, to avoid the injurious effects of the effluvia upon the meat."

If we may trust to the testimony of that sentinel which forms the most prominent part of the human physiognomy, and which nature seems to have placed there chiefly to warn us of the danger to health arising from offensive and noxious effluvia, there are numerous untrapped gully-holes, distributed over Sydney, not to more than mention that curious specimens of corporate science and skill, "*monumentum stultitiæque perennius*," known under the designation of "The noble shaft," or "the mayor's smelling-bottle" in Hyde Park, where these *untrapped* deleterious gases, after having been collected and condensed, as it were, into a single focus, are then in obedience to each indication of the weathercock impartially and *judiciously* distributed over the city.

What then is the inference or moral to be drawn from the above-quoted opinion of that eminent medical authority, Dr. Southwood Smith?

The reply is that such inference or moral may be comprised in one short precept, namely, "Citizens and aldermen,—If you wish to guard youselves, your households, and those near and dear to you from that fell destroyer—fever—as well as from many other of 'the thousand ills that flesh is heir to' (*ovbum sapienti sat*)—Trap your gully-holes!" In bestowing the brief injunction on our worthy and worshipful aldermen we wish it to be clearly understood that we do not consider it would be required to be brought into operation either at their turtle-feasts (if any such there be), or during their oratorical displays at their periodical business meetings. For who ever heard of a Sydney alderman either eating or talking too much. In fact, on this latter point, these worthies (or the reporters on their behalf) exercise so much discretion as entirely to shield themselves from a chance of sharing in Sallust's censure of Catiline, viz.—

"Sat a loquentia sapientia parum."

RYDE.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

WESLEYAN SUNDAY SCHOOL.—On the 26th ultimo the children of the Wesleyan Sunday School had their annual treat and examination. The day was very fine and bright. There was a large number of persons present, many of whom had come from Pennant Hills, Sydney, and Parramatta. A large tent was erected near the chapel, which had been lent for the occasion. The tables were well supplied with hams, tongues, fowls, tarts, and other made dishes, which it is almost needless to say were heartily enjoyed by those present. The Rev. R. Amos conducted the examination; the Rev. Mr. Manton was also present, and Mr. I. Shepherd, M.L.A. The children acquitted themselves in the various religious instruction which had been taught them, with credit to them and their teachers. Prizes were then awarded, and having amused themselves with many amusing games, they left for their various homes well pleased with their days enjoyment.

An inquest was held by Mr. C. B. Lyons, coroner for the district, at the Ryde Hotel, on Friday, on the body of Thomas Whitehurst, generally known as Tom Bodgeham. The first witness, Hannah Ives, having been sworn, stated: I was going about four o'clock yesterday from my house to the steamer; when I got near the Rev. Mr. Turner's I saw some children; one of them called to me and said there was a man asleep in some cotton-tree bushes near the road; I went, and saw the deceased, whom I recognised as Thomas Whitehurst; he was lying on his face on the ground; I saw that he was dead; I gave notice of the circumstance to the district constable Mr. Rae, who came and had the body taken away. Joseph Smith being sworn, said: he was in the service of Mr. G. Pope; he knew the deceased; he saw him on Wednesday afternoon about four o'clock; he was lying on his back near Mr. Hatton's rails where he was found yesterday; I looked at him; he was snoring and frothing at the mouth very fast; he was a labourer and worked for Mr. Benson; he was sixty-three years of age; he has no wife or children; there was no marks of violence about him. H. Pringle, M.D., stated he was a legally qualified medical practitioner, and had made a post mortem examination on the deceased; there was no marks of any external injury; the heart and lungs were healthy, with the exception of the right side, which showed subacute inflammation, but not sufficient to cause death; all the abdominal organs was healthy; the stomach was quite full of apparently raw meat and fat in a half masticated state; there was no inflammation of the stomach; no smell of spirits or appearance of drinking. The probability is that he died in a fit; (he had been previously subject to them) caused by exposure to the sun, and the stomach being so very much overloaded. Verdict accordingly.

PRIMITIVE METHODIST MEETING.—Yesterday evening, a numerously attended tea meeting was held in the Primitive Methodist Chapel, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo, at half-past six o'clock. After the cheerful repast provided had been satisfactorily disposed of, the tables were expeditiously removed, and a public meeting was held, and addressed by several ministers and friends in connection with the Primitive Methodist Society. The chair was occupied by Mr. Redgate, sen.,—a letter received from Captain Williams, of the La Hogue, who, it was expected, would have presided, but who, through indisposition was unable to attend—having first been read to the meeting. The Rev. C. Waters spoke as to the efficacy of prayer; proving that an out-pouring of the Holy Spirit to be indispensable for the revival of the Lord's Work, and declaring it to be the bounden duty of the Church to labour indefatigably for the salvation of the whole world. He was followed by the Rev. J. Wooster, who dwelt on the willingness of God to bless and save sinners. The speaker also took occasion to point out that every spiritual blessing that we require and possess has been purchased by the blood of the Redeemer. In conclusion, he adverted to the revival of religion as a thing to be looked forward to with ardent faith and cheerful anticipation. Mr. S. S. Goold next addressed the meeting at some length—spoke of the approaching departure of the Rev. C. Waters to labour in the Camden circuit, and gave expression to the cordial feelings of brotherly love and hope with which that congregation contemplated that judicious arrangement. The Rev. Messrs. Hartley and Langford likewise spoke, urging the consideration and practice of various points of Christian duty, connecting their observations principally with the subject of collections for chapel purposes, &c. A collection was then made from seat to seat (amounting to £2 15s. 6d.), and votes of thanks were unanimously awarded to the chairman, and to those who had kindly exerted themselves in getting up the "tea." Before the close of the meeting it was announced that special services, (in unison with the request of the Evangelical Alliance for united prayer throughout the world) would be held at Botany and Parramatta this day,—at Crown-street and Newtown to-morrow,—at Kent-street, Canterbury, and Marrickville, on Thursday,—and at the Glebe and at Newtown on Friday next.

DARLINGHURST MUTUAL IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION.—The adjourned meeting of the Darlinghurst Mutual Improvement Association (which was to have been held yesterday evening at St. John's School-house, Darlinghurst, at eight o'clock) was, on the motion of Captain Darley, seconded by Mr. M. H. Stephen, postponed till Wednesday the 16th instant, on account of the thin attendance consequent upon the very unfavourable state of the weather.

KIANDRA.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL COMMISSIONER.]

JANUARY 4th.—The escort left last Saturday with 898 ounces 5 dwts. 6 grains gold and £1438 4s.

I did think that I would have been enabled to have forwarded you something like a mining report from this place by this time, but so far as mining operations are concerned they are best represented by the word nil. If Christmas week was a week of cessation from work, this week, being New Year's week, is possibly doubly so, for all Kiandra may be said to have been suffering under an attack of *delerium tremens*. The reason for this is difficult to account for, whether it being Christmas time, or the new year, or the fact of our having three weeks of the most splendid weather—a circumstance that many a few months since were much induced to say was an impossibility on these alpine regions—I am not in a position to decide; but certain it is, that ever since the Christmas holidays commenced, amusements, races, and, as a matter of course, fights of all descriptions, have been the order of the day. You will be prepared to hear that under these circumstances very little is known with respect to Crackenback; for the present it appears to have died away: not that I think all interest with respect to this place has ceased, for to-day I have learnt that in the shallow parts of the river payable gold is being found; and when seventeen (17) ounces of gold can be obtained by a party of four men in four days, which I know to be an actual fact, one is much inclined to think that there will yet be a large population there. But, however favourable the opinion of many may be with respect to this place, nothing could justify the very extravagant and glowing accounts that appeared in your contemporary on the 22nd ultimo, at a time when so little could be possibly known; and it behoves all who may be inclined to give accounts of gold-fields, and new rushes in particular, to ascertain the facts, and not to give accounts, as they appear to me, from some interested motives; besides the fearful amount of responsibility they incur in misleading a large class of hard-working men, who at the sound of gold would rush to almost any part of the country. Others are led away with the idea that the glittering metal is easily obtained, and are in too many instances induced to sacrifice their property or to throw up situations which they can hold with credit and profit to themselves, to turn gold-diggers—an occupation that but few succeed in making money at, and the great majority with difficulty make a living. Apart from this, these glowing accounts are very soon found to be incorrect, and tend to prevent the development of what might be a moderate field, and bring great discredit on our gold-fields generally.

The returns from the gold-fields of New South Wales during 1860 are sufficiently encouraging, from the very considerable increase there shown, to warrant their claiming the attention of the colony, without giving these *high pressure* accounts. They only want to be fairly represented by the Press generally, and I have but little doubt that ere many years have lapsed the produce of gold in New South Wales, so far as quantity is concerned (the average of the miners now I am certain is greater,) contrast more favourably with Victoria than it does at the present time—for there, instead of an increase since 1856, a very decided and large decrease has taken place—and this in the face of an increasing population and the investment of between £2,000,000 and £3,000,000 in the erection of machinery for the working of the same.

We have had two days' racing this week, some £170 having been subscribed. If we cannot boast of having a good racecourse, we can, at all events, boast of having the greatest amount of protests and unfair proceedings that ever characterised any races that have taken place. Without going into particulars which would but little interest your readers, the whole proceedings reflect the greatest discredit on many concerned. One of the stewards, from his position, and the influence he is supposed to possess at this place, being very conspicuous for the part taken by him; another steward, also, showing his fitness for the position in endeavouring to get up a faction fight for the particular amusement, I suppose, of his own countrymen, and deliberately, when a race was being won, with a loaded whip endeavouring to strike both horse and rider—a mere boy; but failing to do so, succeeded in upsetting the race, and breaking the leg of one of the horses engaged, much to the enjoyment of his *civilised* countrymen, whose proceedings and yells—had one not been present and have witnessed—you would have supposed to have been the *corroboree* of the King of the Cannibal Islands; but that nothing should be wanted to complete the affair, the horse that had his leg broken, and never passed the winning post, obtained the prize. People here do say that had the horse have belonged to any other than he did that this would not have been the case; but, being a steward and influential storekeeper, of course the decision could not possibly be influenced.

The weather still continues splendid.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

31st DECEMBER, 1860.—Our few remaining miners have been amusing themselves during the last week, and are not likely to commence work in earnest until they have heartily welcomed in the New Year. All kinds of amusements have been most liberally provided for them by our publicans and others; but I regret to chronicle that at the various gatherings at least two-thirds of the crowd were composed of townspeople. Everything went off merrily and harmoniously. Let us hope that with the commencement of the New Year things may take a turn, and Kiandra arise from this unnatural depression. We may now look forward to three months of fine settled weather; and we know that this alone is requisite to enable the miner to successfully work the beds of the Eucumbene and the Tumut Rivers. Whilst, on the other hand, we could point out many localities that will afford highly remunerative tucker to the well-organised ground-sluicer. Diggers ought by this time to have somewhat got over their roving mania. Crackenback has not realised expectations. Men are leaving faster than they arrive. Still it cannot as yet be called a shicer. Some few parties are still engaged in turning the river, and may yet hit upon some rich deposits. The generally expressed opinion, however, is that the gold is patchy, and does not prevail except in the sand. Some say, and I think, with reason, that prospectors should, notwithstanding the difficulty of access, try higher up the river. Plenty of stores here.

LAMBING FLAT.—Many of our miners are still leaving for these diggings, on account of the glowing reports that appear in the Yass papers. We cannot see however that the returns, considering the population are at all such as to cause any great excitement, and must still doubt the sufficiency of the water supply during the summer months. Ironmudgerry or Grant's Creek, near Woolwaa: The reported rich surface deposits near this place have turned out shicers. A race of some miles in length had been brought on to the ground, but on commencing operations on a large scale it was found they would not pay wages. These diggings have consequently been abandoned.

CHINAMEN.—They have nearly deserted us; many letters have been received from friends at the Delegate, and Lambing Flat, and many have left in consequence. John does not like this climate, and greatly prefers what are termed dry diggings.

Business flat, stocks in excess of demand.

CONSTITUTION OF A SECOND CHAMBER.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—After having considered attentively the different schemes proposed for the construction of a Legislative Council, as set forth in your paper of the 4th instant, I can honestly say that I do not altogether like any of them; but I have long been of opinion that we should have escaped great dangers if Mr. Martin's plan had been adopted when the Constitution was framed.

It is everywhere admitted that, if wanted at all, a second chamber should be a conservative institution. No doubt the Radicals, who wish legislation to be as changeable and uncertain as the fashion in ladies' bonnets, exclaim for "No House at all;" but most "Liberals" who have any pretensions to statesmanship admit the necessity for an Upper House as a check upon the popular energy, as well as upon the legislative blunders of a single Chamber.

It is necessary that any scheme for this object should have some liberal tendencies, and it is equally necessary, if the House is to be of any use, that it should not be a mere duplicate of the Assembly.

In medio tutissimus ibis.

While I was running down the list of schemes in your paper the other day, the following plan occurred to me, as a simple and comprehensive mode of solving the difficulty in which politicians at present find themselves with respect to this subject. I think it adopts that system of checks and balances which is the distinguishing characteristic of the British Constitution, which other projectors have sought to adapt to our circumstances in what I conceive to be complicated and sometimes impracticable ways.

My plan, then, is this. The colony to be divided into ten (10) districts, each to elect three (3) members for life. The suffrage to be the same as that for the Assembly, but no elector to vote for more than two (2) candidates. The Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, to have power (if necessary for the solution of any great public question) to declare the addition of ten (10) members, one to be elected by each district; but this not to be done oftener than once in three years; and after such addition no new elections to be had until, by death, vacancies and resignations, the House should be reduced to its original number. This last provision, if acted upon, would probably give rise to inequalities in the representation of the different districts; but this would not be a matter of great consequence, looking at the object for which the House is to be constituted, and would be cured in time by allowing districts, whose members might be deficient in number, to exercise the right of supplying vacancies after the number of members had fallen again to thirty, according to their arrangementin alphabetical order, until the equilibrium was restored—constituencies, if any, having more than one member deficient at the time of the first vacancy occurring to enjoy the privilege first.

If not encroaching too far on your space, I would beg to add a word or two with reference to those parts of my plan which seem to require explanation. The members should hold their seats for life, in order that no fear of consequences should prevent their voting according to their convictions. Thus we should in time obtain a steady conservative element. The suffrage should be the same as that for the Assembly to prevent cavilling, and to secure a constant infusion of liberal members, whose ideas would be gradually toned down by experience and thoughtful study of the practical difficulties of legislation. No elector should vote for more than two candidates in order to give minorities a chance of representation at the outset. The Governor should have the power of declaring additional seats open, so that a House elected for life should not be able to stand stubbornly in the way of real reform; but this power should be limited in order to prevent its abuse. The addition of ten members to a House of thirty would be sufficient to turn the scale on any really popular question,—elected as they would be by simple majorities of the whole people,—while it would not be so great as utterly to swamp the conservative element which might oppose the popular will, as we have seen happen in the case of the recent appeal to the country. What with this provision and vacancies by death and resignation, great changes would be made in the personnel of the House in the course of a few years, and quite as rapidly as would be consistent with the main object for which a second House is required.

S.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—As Mr. Tebbutt has already made public the circumstances of the solar eclipse which will take place on the 11th instant, I can only confirm the accuracy of his statements by giving the results of an approximate calculation, which I have made for Sydney.

SYDNEY MEAN TIME.	
Commencement of eclipse ..	0h. 37m. 19s. p.m.
End	3h. 28m. 11s.
Magnitude	0.73 of sun's diameter.
Angle from north point of commencement,	100° west.
termination,	44° east.

The above results agree closely enough with Mr. Tebbutt's—allowance being made for difference in longitude.

The eclipse, though of considerable magnitude, will not present to observers in this neighbourhood the remarkable features peculiar to a total or even an annular eclipse; but on referring to the Nautical Almanac for 1861, it will be seen that the line of central eclipse crosses the Australian continent almost in a straight line from a point in the coast of South Australia, latitude 33 degrees, longitude 133 degrees, to a point in the coast of Queensland, latitude 22 degrees, longitude 150 degrees. The annular eclipse will therefore be visible at no very great distance from Adelaide on the one hand, and from Port Curtis on the other.

Mr. Todd, an experienced observer, will, do doubt, make good use of his opportunities in the neighbourhood at Adelaide, but I am not aware of any competent observer, though such there may be, in the far north.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
W. SCOTT.

Observatory, Sydney, January 7.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—I am very glad to see by your excellent leading article of to-day, you are not disposed to let the cause of the poor oppressed Chinese fall to the ground, nor to allow that atrocious affair at Lambing Flat to die away unnoticed. On the tragedies connected with the English invasion of China I cannot dwell, nor can I do more than glance at the old, but ever reviving subject of our treatment here of the helpless and industrious Chinese immigrants. It was only the other day I heard a sad, but well-authenticated tale of legalised fraud and abominable cruelty on one of these unfortunate foreigners. I hope you will kindly extend your permission for these few remarks to appear as you gave to my other letter. For my part, I hope never to weary or turn back from trying to plead the cause of these poor oppressed ones so long as I have opportunity. This, too, seems a most appropriate season for our searching out for national and individual sins, as the public exercises for united prayer, call on us so loudly, in the first place, to put all sin far from us, and thus prove that we hate it and repent of it. All our pride, cruelty, covetousness, selfish overreaching, &c., as well as all our grosser sins must be entirely forsaken, or else we have too much reason to fear that any forms of prayer, however beautiful, and apparently fervent in their utterance, will be regarded as mere mockery by Him who has commanded us to "Cease to do evil and learn to do well."

That we, as individuals, and as a people, may see and avoid this danger, and be permitted to enjoy in its fulness the blessing promised to the true seekers, is the sincere desire of

Yours, very respectfully,
A PONDERER.

Saturday, January 5.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S REVIEW.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—Could you inform me whether the day on which his Excellency the Governor-General is to review our gallant volunteers will be proclaimed a general holiday. Unless such is the case, I am confident a full muster of the volunteers cannot be made, and as a mark of honour to the Governor, on his departure, surely business should be relinquished for one day.

Yours, obediently,
ONE OF THEM.

To the Editor of the Herald.

SIR,—Can you inform me what remedy exists, and to what source we can apply to obtain a better supply of water. I am an inhabitant of George-street, near the Post Office, and require a moderate but continuous supply of water in the exercise of my business. Now, almost every day the supply ceases about midday. I keep a reservoir holding five or six gallons, which gets filled during the night, and four days out of six, when that is out I get no more until five or six in the evening. Surely after all the expense the city has been put to for a good supply of water, this state of things should not exist. Can you suggest a remedy.

And oblige your's obediently,
AQUARIUS.

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

Monday Evening.

THE amount of Customs duties paid to-day is as follows:—

Brandy	.....	.....	.....	£312 11 3
Gin	.....	.....	.....	206 3 11
Whisky	.....	.....	.....	16 5 6
Rum	.....	.....	.....	359 9 0
Perfumed spirits	.....	.....	.....	5 5 8
Wine	.....	.....	.....	113 16 0
Tobacco and snuff	.....	.....	.....	205 13 0
Cigars	.....	.....	.....	28 5 6
Tea	.....	.....	.....	87 15 6
Sugar, unrefined	.....	.....	.....	1200 0 0
Gold	.....	.....	.....	18 1 3
Opium	.....	.....	.....	45 0 0
Bonding Warehouse duty	.....	.....	.....	150 0 0
Pilotage	.....	.....	.....	35 15 0
Total	.....	.....	.....	£2791 18 1

The arrivals to-day have been the British Trident, from Liverpool, with immigrants and a cargo of general merchandise; and the Athene, from London, with general merchandise.

The monthly general meeting of the members of the Sydney Chamber of Commerce lapsed to-day for want of a quorum.

Messrs. Richardson and Wrench sold by auction, to-day, an allotment of land in Gloucester-street, for £235, and a small cottage in George-street, Redfern, for £153. For the wharf property in Kent-street, the highest offer was £3500, when it was bought in by the vendors. Most of the other properties advertised were postponed till the following Monday.

The same firm have sold privately the Hamburgh Hotel, King-street, for £2000; Ashfield House and grounds for £1550; land, Thurnby estate, Newtown, £2 per foot.

The Economist of October 13th, says—In the course of the recent inquiry into the comparative state of French and English manufactures, the following deposition was made by M. Arles Dufour, of Lyons, before the Conseil Superieur du Commerce:—

The silk trade, which comprises ribands and all the articles in the composition of which silk has the greatest share, produces about 800,000,000f., of which a third (200,000,000f.) forms the home consumption and two-thirds (400,000,000f.) are exported. The 800,000,000f. are composed of 400,000,000f. of raw materials and 400,000,000f. of salaries and profits. Of these 400,000,000f. of raw materials, in times of ordinary crops, agriculture and French spinning and throwing would provide one-half, viz., 200 000,000f. During the latter years, which have proved so unfortunate for the silk crops, I have doubts whether they have yielded more than 140,000,000f. The remaining 260,000,000f. have been provided by China, Japan, Bengal, Persia, Turkey, Syria, Italy, Piedmont, Spain, Naples, &c. I must add, that in these 400,000,000f. of raw material, cotton, wool, flax, gold, and silver enter for about 30,000,000f. or 40,000,000f. If the Custom house duties which twenty years ago were levied upon foreign raw silk to protect French had not been entirely taken off what would have become of our trade during the seven successive bad harvests? Instead of doubling in importance, it would have decreased one-half, without any advantage to our silk-growers. But, instead of doubling in the course of ten years, it would have increased threefold if, like England and Germany, she had the right to introduce without duties, and in order to mix them with silk, all other textile substances, especially cotton, wool, spun silk, shappe, flax, &c. Judging by the progress made during the last ten years, and taking into consideration the impulse which the new commercial policy proclaimed by the Emperor would naturally give to the home consumption, as well as to exportation, I venture to say that before ten years have elapsed, our production will have increased to 1,000,000,000; I also state my conviction that it would reach this figure in five years, could we, like our formidable competitors the English, Germans, and Swiss, procure without duties matter suitable for mixtures. Indeed, if we laboured and fought with equal arms, i. e., with every material free from duties, we should acquire in the manufacture of mixed silk goods the same superiority and the same importance as in those articles entirely made of silk, and we should thereby have the advantage and the happiness of seeing the terrible chances of a crisis diminished for our manufacturers and our poor working classes; for, pure silks being more particularly for the use of the rich classes, are more dependent upon the caprices of fashion than the mixed silks.

On account of its distance from the metropolis, which has kept it in check, our industry has had the good fortune to remain unprotected, and it is to this, to the total absence of leading and crutches that it owes in a great measure its prosperity, and the importance of its exportation, which forms about 40 per cent. of the total of all French manufactured goods exported. For I do not consider the duty of 8 to 12 per cent. to which Lyons has a right, though unasked for, a protecting duty; this duty has allowed the introduction of an average of 10,000,000 francs to 12,000,000 francs of silk or ribands. An industry which exports 400,000,000 francs of its products, which meets in foreign markets, and of course without any protection, the competition of the silks and ribands from all manufacturers of Europe, ought to be ashamed of soliciting, or even accepting, the least protection; for the very name of protection would be a confession of fear or inferiority towards foreign competition. It would be nonsense and cowardice. St. Etienne produces about 120,000,000 francs in ribands, of which 100,000,000 francs are exported, and compete, without any protection, in the English, American, German, and even Swiss markets, with those of Bale, Crefeld, Coventry, and Vienna; and because 8,000,000 francs or 10 000,000 francs of foreign ribands are imported into France, notwithstanding a duty of 9 per cent., St. Etienne is not ashamed to cry out for the maintenance and even the increase of protection! Therefore, the interest of the pure and mixed silk and riband manufacturers, and for their honour and reputation in the mercantile world, do not allow any protection, but, on the contrary, proclaim complete freedom, which, as regards England and Switzerland, would be nothing more than fair reciprocity. But then allow taxable articles of all descriptions to enter duty free. Or if, for the sake of revenue, Government subjects these articles to some duty, it must not exceed 5 or 6 per cent. ad valorem. I except, however, spun silk, which in reality is nothing less than raw silk, and as been by error or ignorance placed in another classification. Waste, knubs, husks, spun, are really raw silk, and ought to be duty free, as silk has been and is.

The Chamber of Commerce of Lyons has incessantly protested against the duty unjustly maintained on that class of silk. Upon the same principle all Custom-house duties must be abolished on the importation, as well as on the exportation, upon waste of all descriptions, raw or carded, pure or dyed. Here I am naturally induced to speak of dyed silk in general. When the Rhine and Switzerland formed, at least as regards custom-houses, part of the French Empire, their manufactures sent a great portion of their silk to be dyed in Lyons. It is easy to understand, without explanation, what superiority this habit gave to our manufactures. But, according to the fable of our good Lafontaine, to crush a friend's head in order to drive away a fly, scarcely had those provinces been separated than a prohibitive duty was put upon the exportation of dyed silk. The result was that the Swiss and Rhenish manufacturers were compelled to supply themselves. They established dyers, called our clever chemists and workmen, and soon succeeded in dyeing as well as we do, excepting also all the inconvenience caused by the transport of the silk, the loss of time and interest, &c. I should not be surprised if the council were still to find silly people saying that originers have not at Crefeld, Elberfeld, Bale, Zurich, and Berlin the waters of the Rhone, the Saone, the Furane, and the Gier, incomparable for dyeing. Let, therefore, French dyers enjoy the common right, and export dyed silk without any duties, but also let foreign dyed silk of all descriptions be imported free from duties. I cannot close this, already too long a deposition, without touching the important question of the mode of levying the duties. For more than thirty years I have been in connection with nearly all civilised countries of the world, and have therefore been able to judge of the different methods employed, particularly in England, America, Belgium, Germany, &c., and I do not hesitate to say that the most rational and the least subject to fraud is the system of ad valorem duties. I was residing in Germany when Prussia conceived and executed its great political idea of the Zollverein, and I had the honour of being connected with some of the men charged with its execution. Prussia then proclaimed the principle that the duties should not be protective, but merely and always fiscal, and that they should never exceed 10 per cent. of a value. It was thought advisable to adopt specific duties, and it was agreed that, in order to remain within the limit of 10 per cent., the tariff should be revised every tenth year; but the industrial element in the Zollverein having always been in the majority, prevented any revision and any change. The result was, that on account of the many modifications introduced in the manufacturing of goods, the maximum duty of ten per cent. amounts now on some articles, and particularly on the lowest, intended for the poorer classes, to 40, 50, and even 80 per cent.; also, by a wrong mode of levying the duties, the intention of legislators and the principle on which the system was based, have been completely and thoroughly changed. If specific instead of ad valorem duties are admitted, except perhaps for a few special articles, France will experience the same delusions and difficulties as the Zollverein, and create a permanent source of claims and recriminations on the part of England.

THE COMMERCIAL TREATY WITH ENGLAND.

(*From the Paris Correspondent of the Economist.*)

WRITING on the 1st of October, he says:—I have been favoured with the perusal of the proof sheets of the evidence taken in the latest sittings of the Superior Council of Commerce on the commercial treaty with England, and jot down a few of the notes which I made *en passant*. The President of the Chamber of Commerce of Verviers, in Belgium, proved, in contradiction of certain assertions of the Sedan (French) manufacturers, that the reduction effected some time ago in the import duties on English cloth in Belgium has not done any injury to the trade in that country, and that, in fact, the Belgians export largely through England. Some of the manufacturers of the same town of Verviers declared that they are in favour of complete commercial liberty in Belgium, even though the Germans, their neighbours and rivals, can confessedly make certain descriptions of articles cheaper than they. People from St. Quentin (France), who comb, spin, and weave merino wool, stated that the English cannot possibly compete with them, and yet they asked for protection from fear of the future! The manufacturers of Roubaix asserted that the cost price of their goods is 25, 30, or 40 per cent. higher than in England, and they accordingly claimed excessive protection, namely, 3 f. the kilogramme on the inferior qualities of fabrics of pure wool, or of wool mixed with silk, cotton, alpaca, goat's hair, &c., and 30 per cent. *ad valorem* on other sorts; they also demanded the adoption of strict customs regulations in estimating the value. The makers of cotton velvets at Amiens asked for 30 per cent. protection; and the manufacturers of *dentelles de laine* of the same city called for the same sum, though they admitted that the article is only made in France, and that they export it to England! M. Kœnig, of Sainte Marie aux Mines, a great personage among the Protectionist fraternity, claimed 30 per cent. on woollen and cotton, and on pure cotton fabrics. Some carpet makers solemnly declared that 30 per cent. was not sufficient protection for them, and they represented that not only do they possess an enormous stock (30,000,000 francs worth), but that the demand is declining. A gentleman, named Gallerad, however, who is largely engaged in the trade, represented that, in his opinion, no protection is necessary, and in proof of it he stated that he makes to the United States exports of common carpets worth from 200,000 francs to 300,000 francs annually, and that he has just entered into a contract to send abroad every year for some time to come 2,500,000 francs worth of such articles. The means by which he is able to do this are, he said, simply that he implies the best machinery and the latest discoveries, whereas his competitors follow routine. A representative of the hosiery trade declared that articles of hosiery cost forty per cent. dearer to make in France than in England; but the Minister of Commerce expressed reluctance to believe that such a thing could be true, and observed that if it were, it is highly discreditable to the manufacturers. Though hosiery is in such universal demand, it was stated that no French makers have taken the trouble to introduce the improvements made in English machinery, nor even to employ steam! The shawl-makers declared that they do not need any protection

DIVING APPARATUS.—C. E. HEINKE, Submarine Engineer, 79, Great Portland-street, London, begs to call the attention of shipowners, merchants, captains, &c., &c., to the important improvement made by him in the SUBMARINE HELMET, DRESS, and APPARATUS, which enables a diver to remain any length of time under water for the recovery of property from wrecks, making and repairing foundations of harbours and bridges and also for Pearl and Sponge Diving.

GALVANISED IRON.—SKAIFE and CO., Manufacturers of patent galvanised iron, in corrugated, curved, and plain sheets, gutters, ridge caps, spouting, tubing, buckets, washing-tubs, fencing and telegraph wire, wire netting, and every description of galvanised iron goods. They supply, on the lowest terms, patent galvanised tinned iron, and patent galvanised tinned iron tiles, Morewood and Rogers' patents.

Orders executed on receipt of bank or other approved credits.

Offices, Commercial Road, Limehouse, London.
Works, Copenhagen Wharf, Limehouse, London.

FOR SALE.—The Camperdown Hotel, with or without several additional allotments of land. The house faces the Sydney and Parramatta roads at Camperdown. R. FORBES, 78, King-street.

TO BUILDING MECHANICS and WORKING MEN —Allotments of LAND for SALE, on LONG CREDIT, or in exchange for labour. To respectable persons wishing to build at once, assistance will be given to the extent of one-half of their outlay. For particulars, apply to Mr. LUCAS, Burwood Railway Station.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND.—COUNTY OF ARGYLE.—To be SOLD, PROPERTIES here located, by order of the Mortgagee. See HERALD, 20th October, 1860. Apply R. FORBES, 78, King-street, where all particulars can be obtained.

THE WARREGO RIVER.—For SALE, by the undersigned, several Blocks of Country on the far-famed Warrego River, within easy distance of Fort Bourke and water carriage.

RAYMOND and CO., Treasury-buildings, George-street.

WAVERLEY.—BROAD SOUND.—For SALE, this first-class CATTLE STATION, with 1400 head of cattle. There are five blocks of magnificent country, and the improvements are new and of the best description. For terms apply to LOTZE and LARNACH.

FAT SHEEP.—3500 fat wethers and ewes for SALE, deliverable at Menerose, or within 250 miles of Cooma. Warranted sound and never to have been diseased. D. COOPER and CO.

FOR SALE, 6000 EWES from the Collaroy flocks, deliverable in March next. 1000 head mixed store cattle, from the Collaroy herd, can be delivered without delay. For particulars apply to ROWLAND J. TRAILL, Esq., Collaroy, Manly, or to GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and CO., Spring-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, in the Wide Bay district, about 4000 EWES and 3000 to 4000 WETHERS, former 2 to 6, and latter 2 to 5 years old, all good sheep: ewes deliverable in March next, wethers any time after shearing. Apply to GRIFFITHS, FANNING, and CO., Sydney, or to W. H. WALSH, Esq., Dagilee, Gayndah, Wide Bay.

FOR SALE, deliverable within seventy miles of Rockhampton, about 5000 Sheep, namely—2000 ewes, to lamb in March and April; 1000 weaners (more or less), mixed sexes; and 1200 wethers (more or less), two years old. The above are well worth the attention of parties stocking new runs, being strong, healthy sheep, and principally bred on the station. For particulars, apply to R. W. COX, Mulgoa Cottage, Penrith.

STORE WETHERS.—For SALE, 9000 prime STORE WETHERS, from 3 to 5 years old, deliverable at Bathurst, near Mudgee, on the 1st November, 1860. For price and further particulars, apply to H. W. BLOMFIELD, Lower Eglestone; or to EDWARD R. COX Rawden, Rylstone.

STORE SHEEP.—For SALE—can be delivered in January next—
1500 ewes, 6 years old
1000 wethers, 3 years old.
For further particulars apply to CHARLES W. BELL, Esq., Glenroy, Bombala; or to the undersigned. LOTZE and LARNACH.

FATTENING STATION in the Clarence District for SALE, with a herd of 4000 cattle, more or less, and on which there is room for about 2000 more. Apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Margaret-street, Sydney.

SHEEP PROPERTIES for SALE, in the Darling Downs and Maranoa districts.

H. COXEN and CO. beg to offer for private sale that well-known fattening station, Murrella, on the Murrella Creek, in the district of Maranoa, together with 8100 sheep, more or less, of a fair average. Capabilities, 12,000.

Also, the Alderton Station, in the Darling Downs district, with 8500 sheep, more or less, of fair average. This station is well adapted for a home station for those about to take up country in the Maranoa. Capabilities, 12,000.

Also, the Rendemere station, on the Ulba Creek, in the Maranoa district, with 31,000 sheep, more or less, of fair average. Capabilities, 60,000.

It is unnecessary to make any comments, as intending purchasers are invited to inspect the property. Horses, cattle, stores, and working gear taken at a valuation. Terms moderate.

Any further particulars may be had on applying to Messrs. CHRISTOPHER NEWTON, BROTHERS, and CO., Sydney; BUCKLEY and RASSELL, Ipswich; or to the proprietors, H. COXEN and CO., Alderton, Darling Downs.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Martyn's Horse and carriage bazaar, 246, Pitt-street, and 235, Castlereagh-street.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN holds a regular SALE BY AUCTION every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock precisely. All parties sending horses or other stock, carriages, &c., are requested to forward written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualification, &c., and amount of reserve, otherwise a sale will be effected to the highest bidder.

N.B.—No responsibility whatever incurred by accident in tying or breaking in horses.

Imported Hereford Bulls.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, January 8th, 1861, at 12 o'clock,
"Franklin," a red bull, calved July 16th, 1857, bred by the Right Honorable Lord Berwick, Crookhill, Selsey; got by Aldingham (911), dam Nelly, &c., &c.
"Franklin" was winner of the second prize in his class at the Dorchester meeting of the Bath and West of England Society, 1860, and his sire and grandsire are winners of several first-class prizes, &c., in England and Paris.
"Goliah," calved 29th June, 1860, bred by Mr. Thomas Duckham, of Boythorn Court, Scon, Herefordshire, got by Tinsel (1758), dam by Cotcomb (911).
"Goliah" is descended from the most celebrated Hereford bulls in England, and winners of the Royal and other Agricultural Societies prizes.
Full pedigrees and further particulars can be obtained at the Bazaar.

Bathurst Horses.
40 Head.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions from Henry Rotton, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Cattle Yards, on THURSDAY, January 17th, at 2 o'clock,
40 head of good and useful colts, fit for cart and coaching purposes.

South Country Horses.
40 Head.

MR. C. MARTYN has been instructed by Messrs. Crowe and Keane to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on THURSDAY, January 10th, at 11 o'clock,
20 horses, broke to saddle and harness, and well adapted for bus and coaching purposes
The same day, at the Cattle Yards, at 2 o'clock,
20 head of the same lot, unbroken.

Preliminary Notice.
Government Stables.

MR. C. MARTYN has received instructions from his Excellency Sir William Denison, K.C.B., to sell by auction, about the middle of this month, of which due notice will be given,
Horses
Carriages
Harness
Cows
Stable utensils, &c., &c.
Catalogues will be ready in a few days.

Preliminary Notice.

Horses
Carriage and Dogcart
Harness
Saddlery, &c.
The property of Frederick Tooth, Esq., leaving for England.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from Frederick Tooth, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on MONDAY, January 14th, at 12 o'clock,
A handsome pair of carriage horses (bays, with black points), bred by Mr. Charles Reynolds, of Tooal. They are a good match in every respect
A very elegant and light carriage, built in London to Mr. Tooth's order, by a first-class builder; carries four inside, and made for one or two horses
Mr. Tooth's favourite dogcart horse, and a nearly new dogcart
Several sets of double and single harness
Bridles and saddles
Horse clothing, and stable utensils.
Full particulars a future advertisement.

Gentleman's Hack.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A bay gelding, broken to saddle, and a capital hack.

First-class Turnout.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A first-class brown gelding, 5 years old, 15 hands 2 inches high, broken to single and double harness or draught, exceedingly stanch, and subject to trial
A capital stanhope gig, with drop seat
A set of silver-plated harness.

Thorough Good Dogcart Horse.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A bay gelding, perfectly stanch, well broken and quiet to stand anywhere. Will take any trial in dogcart or gig, and can be highly recommended.

TUESDAY'S General Sale.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The usual variety of saddles and harness
A complete turn-out—horse, dogcart, and harness
Carriages, gigs, dogcarts, spring carts, drays, trucks, harness, saddlery, &c.
At 12 o'clock,
Two imported Hereford bulls.

To Breeders of Prize Pigs.

Imported Pigs.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from J. R. Arthur, Esq., to sell by auction (if not previously disposed of privately).
Three first-class young pigs, descended from H. R. H. Prince Albert's prize stock, celebrated for having carried off more prizes at the various English shows than those of any other establishment in England.

To Breeders and others.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions from — Perry, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on THURSDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
YOUNG AUSTRALIAN, a bay entire, by Æther (imported), out of a thoroughbred Septimus mare; he won as a two-year old, at Patrick's Plains races, and at various other times since, and is also broken to harness. YOUNG AUSTRALIAN has served in the Liverpool Plains district, and has got very fine stock.

Horses
Carriage
Harness, &c.

The property of Clark Irving, Esq., leaving for England.

MR. C. MARTYN has been instructed by Clark Irving, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on SATURDAY, January 12th, at 12 o'clock,
A handsome and well-bred pair of carriage horses, stand about 15 hands 2 inches high, bays, with black points—a good match. They were bred by Mr. Reynolds, of Tooal
A light and roomy carriage, English-built, in good order
Also, double set of harness, silver-mounted, &c.
Stable utensils, &c.

To Breeders of First-class Stock.

Imported Prize Durham Bull, Prince Imperial.

MR. CHARLES MARTYN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on TUESDAY, 29th January, at 11 o'clock,
PRINCE IMPERIAL, a roan Durham bull, bred by Lord Feversham, Duncombe Park, calved 1st May, 1856. Got by Gloucester, 12950
dam Perfume by Second Cleveland Lad, 3408
grandam Pansey by Young Grasier, 3928
g granddam Primrose by Expectation, 3749
g g granddam Amelia by Diamond, 309
g g g granddam " by Baron, 58
g g g g granddam " by Marshal Beresford, 415
g g g g g granddam " by same bull, 359
g g g g g g granddam " by son of Sawarrow, 636
g g g g g g g granddam " by Sawarrow, 636
g g g g g g g g granddam " by son of twin brother to Ben, 88
g g g g g g g g g granddam " by twin brother to Ben, 560
The following prizes have been gained by Prince Imperial:—
The prize at the meeting of Rydall and Pickering, Tithe Agricultural Society, as a yearling in 1857.
Prize at same Society 1858
Commended at Royal Agricultural Society's Show, 1859
Second prize at Yorkshire Agricultural Society's Show, 1859.
First prize at the meeting of the Cleveland Agricultural Society, 1859.
Third prize at the Royal Agricultural Society's Show at Canterbury, 1860.
The above animal is unquestionably the finest that has been imported to the colony, and will prove an invaluable acquisition to a station.

HORSE BAZAAR, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, Sydney
Established 1847.
BURT and CO., hold a regular sale by auction every day at 11 o'clock.
Horses intended for sale should arrive at the Bazaar, accompanied by instructions, one day previous, in order to be properly dressed, tried, and shown.
The usual cash advances on invoices of saddlery, gigs, carriages, and other vehicles intended for unreserved sale, for which there is ample room under cover.
The private livery stables adjoin the Castlereagh-street entrance, and are wholly distinct from the sale stables.

Young Horses, from Shoalhaven.

BURT and CO. will sell by auction, at their Bazaar, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock,
4 powerful young harness horses, from the Shoalhaven district.

BURT and CO. are instructed by H. Lethbridge, Esq., of Penrith, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, TO-MORROW, Wednesday, 9th instant, at 11 o'clock,
4 useful young horses.
A grey gelding, first-rate hackney
"Sir Rodger," a bay pony, very quiet
A young bay horse, handled
A roan filly, ditto.

Carriage Pair.

BURT and CO. are instructed by S. Smith, Esq., of West Maitland, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, on WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock,
2 handsome black horses; they are well matched, and suitable for a carriage.
Now on view.

To Painters, Builders, and others.

ANDREW ALLAN has received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 414, Pitt-street South, between Goulburn and Liverpool streets, THIS DAY,
The remainder of the stock-in-trade of Messrs. Carruthers and Parker, who are giving up business, comprising
Dry colours, varnishes, japan, whiting, brushes, ladders, steps, trussels, painters' flags, oil tanks
Also, family sociable cart and harness, trucks, wheelbarrows, and a variety of articles useful in the trade,
In lots to suit purchasers.
Terms, cash.

Continuation, THIS DAY.
The best lots unsold.

To Watchmakers, Jewellers, Dealers, Hawkers, and others.
Extensive Sale of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Watchmakers' Tools, Glass Cases, &c., &c.

MR. J. M. HUGHES has received instructions from Mr. Hughes to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, on his premises, George-street, opposite the Cathedral,
The whole of his valuable stock of gold and silver watches, clocks of all kinds, jewellery, watchmakers' tools, &c., &c.; also,
A large quantity of glass cases, counter, shop fixtures, &c.
Terms, cash. Sale positive.

Household Furniture.

MR. J. M. HUGHES will sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, on the premises Phillip-street, near King-street,
Household furniture and sundries.
Terms, cash.

To Watchmakers.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from John Town, Esq., to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant, at Mr. John Fullagar's, at 12 o'clock,
160 head of prime fat cattle, in lots.

BEARDIE PLAINS, NEW ENGLAND.—That old-established and well-known cattle property, YARROW CREEK, with which will be sold 6000 HEAD OF CATTLE, MORE OR LESS.

Terms—Quarter cash; residue by approved bills of 6, 12, and 18 months, from day of sale, with bank interest added, and secured on the stock and stations.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 8th January, 1861,
That well-known valuable pastoral property, YARROW CREEK, at Beardie Plains, and decidedly one of the choicest cattle stations in the New England district.
It is watered by the Creek from which it takes its name, and which intersects it, trending for upwards of 12 miles through large flats clothed in verdure, and even in the driest season covered with a sward as thick as an English meadow, which, with the luxuriant feed upon the fine open ridges, competent judges affirm is sufficient to afford ample pasturage at all times of the year for from 10,000 to 12,000 cattle.
THE IMPROVEMENTS are extensive and of a superior kind, including as follows:—
A comfortable dwelling-house of 8 rooms, and large store, with detached kitchen and every convenience.
An excellent barn and 3-stall stable, recently erected.
A stockyard, capable of holding 4000 head of cattle, milking yards, &c.
3 grass and 3 cultivation paddocks.
A good garden, &c.
With Yarrow Creek run will be sold—
6000 CATTLE, MORE or LESS—a very choice mixed herd, in the breeding of which great care has been taken by the present proprietor,
*** Horses, stock-horses, dray, team, crops, implements, &c., to be taken at a valuation.

☞ MORT and CO. feel justified in recommending this property to the notice of all those who may desire to combine the comforts of a home with the profits of a good cattle station. It has now been possessed and worked by the present proprietor for nearly nineteen years,—a fact which must speak volumes in its favour, besides affording a tolerable guarantee that it will in every respect be found in first-rate working order.
Inspection of the property is particularly invited, for which there is ample time prior to the sale.

WILLIAM-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

1.—The RED HOUSE HOTEL, being No. 16, at the corner of WILLIAM AND RILEY STREETS, now licensed, and in full trade.
2.—LARGE SHOP, No. 16, in William-street, now LET to Mr. GAYDON, saddler.
TITLE.—For full particulars apply to W. K. MACNISH, Esq., solicitor, corner of Pitt and King streets.

Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 9th January 1861,
The following valuable freehold properties:—
1.—THE RED HOUSE HOTEL, a brick building on stone foundations, with slated roof, containing the following accommodation:—
IN BASEMENT—Large kitchen and cellar.
GROUND FLOOR—Bar and bar parlour.
FIRST FLOOR—Balcony in front and rear, and three bedrooms.
Yard and other offices in the rear.
These premises stand on a block of land having 20 FEET TO WILLIAM-STREET, and 55 FEET TO RILEY STREET.
They are now let to Mr. HUGH M'LAUREN, and are licensed and in full trade.
2.—A THREE-STORY BUILDING, close to the Red House, and next but to Mr. GAYDON, as a SADDLER'S SHOP, being No. 16, William-street.
The accommodation is as follows:
BASEMENT—Kitchen, cellar, and laundry.
GROUND FLOOR—Private entrance, shop, and parlour.
FIRST FLOOR—Iron balcony, drawing-room, and one bedroom.
SECOND FLOOR—Two bedrooms.
Yard and other offices at rear, with back entrance from lane.
These premises are built of brick on stone foundations; the front cemented. They occupy an allotment having 22 FEET TO WILLIAM-STREET, 90 FEET IN DEPTH, and 22 FEET TO A BACK LANE.
☞ William-street is beyond all doubt one of THE LEADING THOROUGHFARES OF THE CITY, besides being one of the widest and best formed streets. The above premises are also situate on the north, or BUSINESS SIDE OF THE STREET, where houses bring a proportionably high rental, as well as never being untenanted.
Parties on the look-out for a GOOD CITY INVESTMENT, and one which will not fail to YIELD A HANDSOME RETURN FOR MONEY, would do well to inspect the above prior to sale, as they are in the market for bona fide sale.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

MILLER'S POINT.
CORNER OF ARGYLE-STREET and MILLER'S ROAD.
These FIVE HOUSES, numbered 9, 11, 13, 15, 17.

Title unquestionable. Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 9th JANUARY, 1861,
The undermentioned city property, situate at the corner of ARGYLE-STREET and MILLER'S ROAD.
LOT 1.—These TWO HOUSES, Nos. 9 and 11. They are built of stone, and the former containing shop, and good bedroom over it, with yard at the rear; the latter (let to Mr. Smith), containing three rooms. They occupy a frontage of 31 feet, more or less, to Argyle-street, and 39 feet, more or less, to MILLER'S ROAD.
LOT 2.—The HOUSE, No. 13, now let to Mr. Francis, built of brick, on stone foundation, and containing three rooms, with yard, &c., at the rear. It has about 15 feet 4 inches to Argyle-street, and 19 feet 9 inches to Miller's road.
Lots 3 and 4 Comprise, respectively, the houses Nos. 15 and 17. No. 15, let to Mr. Tyer, is built of brick, on stone foundation. It is a two-story building, and contains a shop and back parlour on the ground floor, two good rooms on the first floor, with a large attic-room; in the basement, large kitchen; yard at the rear, in which there is a shed, &c. It has about 16½ feet frontage to Argyle-street, and 16 feet to Miller's-road. No. 17, now let to Mr. Reddie, is also built of brick, on stone foundations. It contains shop and back parlour on the ground floor, two good rooms on the first floor, with attic bedroom above; yard, &c., at the rear. It has about 16 feet frontage to Argyle-street, and 18 feet 8 inches to Miller's-road.
☞ The above property adjoins Mr. Small's premises in Argyle-street, extending from them to the junction of Miller's-road. They are in one of the most populous and thriving localities in the city, close to the wharves and shipping, always commands tenants and would prove a most lucrative investment.
*** Drainage to all the houses very good. Water laid on to all, and the property throughout in excellent order.

DARLING DOWNS DISTRICT.

THE JUNCTION STATION, situate in the Western Downs, on THE RIVER WEIR, together with
800 HEAD OF CATTLE, more or less, and
1000 HORSES, more or less.
Terms—One-third cash; the remainder by approved bills at 12 and 24 months from day of sale, with bank discount added, secured upon the stock and stations.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on TUESDAY, 29th January, 1861,
That very choice pastoral property, THE JUNCTION STATION, on the RIVER WEIR, to which it has A FRONTAGE OF NINE MILES, and is also watered by Yarra Yarra Creek, Western, Jackey, and Tinker's Creek, all of which flow through the run, and are tributaries of the Weir. It consists chiefly of open ironbark and box ridges, interspersed with belts of timber, and with appletree flats along the banks of the streams. It is surrounded by those well-known pastoral properties, DUNMORE, WESTERN CREEK, and WARANGA; and after the 1st January the Calandoen mail will pass by the station, thus securing to it regular postal communication.
The IMPROVEMENTS are an overseer's cottage and detached kitchen, with a good garden well stocked with fruit trees; and men's hut; three good paddocks, first rate horse and cattle yards, capable of holding 2000 head, and with every convenience for working stock.
With this run will be sold
800 HEAD OF CATTLE, more or less—A MIXED HERD; and
1000 HEAD OF HORSES, more or less.
*** The CATTLE are remarkably quiet, principally of the DURHAM and HEREFORD BREED, and there is a large number of the cows broken in to milk.
*** The HORSES are also a very superior herd, by the regular infusion of fresh blood, for which purpose several fresh sires have been lately introduced. As high as £100 per pair has been obtained for carriage pairs, and £50 each for young stud horses.
In the herd are included about 60 BROKEN-IN HORSES, and there are about 400 head now fit for market.
☞ Team of bullocks, dray, stores, implements, tools, &c., to be taken at a valuation.
Parties on the look-out for a really good run, of large extent, in this favourite district would do well to inspect this property prior to the sale. It is in the market for bona fide sale, as the proprietor intends leaving for England shortly.
Sketch of the run on view at the Rooms.

THIS DAY, 8th JANUARY.

Extensive and Valuable Sale of that well-known Pastoral Property
YARROW CREEK,
At Beardie Plains, NEW ENGLAND DISTRICT, with 6000 HEAD, more or less, CATTLE,
And improvements.
By public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 8th JANUARY.

MORT and CO.

SMALL MARKET GARDEN.

NEWTOWN, near ST. PETER'S CHURCH.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have been instructed to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, 9th January, 1861,
All that parcel of land situate at Newtown, near St. Peter's Church, containing about half-an-acre of land, now under full cultivation as a market garden and orchard, together with a two-room brick-built house and slab kitchen; also, a well of water.
☞ This property is well known in the locality as belonging to Old Peter, who has resided on it for many years, and is now only leaving in consequence of advanced years. It is in the market for POSITIVE SALE, and will be found well worth the attention of anyone on the look-out for a SNUG and PROFITABLE LITTLE INVESTMENT.
*** Full particulars may be obtained at the Rooms, Pitt-street.

For Positive Sale.

ALLOTMENT OF LAND, LOWER PORT-STREET,
Title, unquestionable.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 9th January, 1861,
All that allotment of land, having about 33½ feet frontage to Lower Fort-street, 116 feet to Davis-street, 33½ feet to Downshire-street.
*** This allotment is divided by Davis-street from those recently erected first-class family residences, the property of Messrs. Flavelle, Brothers. It is one of the finest building sites in the city, the view from it being one of the most beautiful about the harbour.
☞ Parties in search of a really good building site would do well to attend this sale, the allotments in Fort-street being especially worthy of attention. It is surrounded by first-class buildings, and occupies a most favourable position, with ample space for the erection of a large family residence.

AUSTRALIAN GAS-LIGHT COMPANY'S SHARES.
114 OLD SHARES, £6 PAID UP.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 9th January,
114 shares Australian Gas-light Company.
☞ Attention is directed to the above sale of this favourite security, offering an opportunity for investment of the most favourable kind.

THIS DAY, Tuesday.

2 Full Register Stoves
5 Rosans Glass Paper
1 Case Baking and Washing Powder
1 Ditto Polishing Paste
1 Ditto Brown Windsor Soap
18 Boxes Figs
4 Kegs Horse Nails
4 5-lb Dozen Brooms
1 Case Mustard
5 Boxes Matches
10 Cases Pipes
12 Muskets
24 Tins Cream
9 Dozen Madeira
1 Ditto Gin Bitters
Back Combs, Side Combs, Hair Pins
Steel Beads, Meerschaum Pipes
Toy Pistols, &c.

PURKIS and CO. (late Purkis and Lambert) will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, THIS DAY, Tuesday, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
The above lot of goods, being the stock-in-trade of a dealer retiring from business.
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, 8th January.

To close consignments.
Choice Cigars—duty paid.
To Tobacconists, Publicans, and others.

PURKIS and CO. (late Purkis and Lambert) have received instructions from the importer to sell by auction, at their Mart, 255, George-street, THIS DAY, the 8th instant, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
La rapidez, 5 boxes, containing 100 each
La compencia, 5 ditto, ditto 100 ditto
Upmann's regalia, 5 ditto, ditto 100 ditto
Todos me elegian, 4 ditto, ditto 250 ditto
La lira de oro, 4 ditto, ditto 250 ditto
La competencia, 4 ditto, ditto 250 ditto
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, 8th January.

To Wine and Spirit Merchants, and Publicans.

PURKIS and CO. (late Purkis and Lambert) will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, THIS DAY, 8th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1 hogshead brandy
1 ditto rum.
Terms, cash.

☞ On WEDNESDAY, the 9th instant, and THURSDAY, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock each day.

Two Days' Important Sale, namely, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY.

*** Important and Positively Unreserved Sale, by order of the Trustees.
In the Estate of those celebrated Jewellers and Artificers, Messrs. Hogarth and Erichsen, George-street, near Hunter-street.
Their entire Stock-in-trade.
Shop Fixtures, Fittings, &c., &c.

MR. ROBERT MURIEL has received imperative instructions from the Trustees to sell by public auction, on the premises of Messrs. Hogarth and Erichsen, George-street, near Hunter-street,
The whole of their truly valuable stock, which will be endeavoured to be cleared off in two days, there being no reserve.
Each day's sale will commence at 11 o'clock precisely, adjourned at 1 o'clock, and resumed at 2 o'clock each day.
The stock-in-trade is most elegant and recherche; Messrs. Hogarth and Erichsen never having imported anything unless of the newest designs.
Their colonial works—many are now unsold—are unequalled; and private purchasers who have availed themselves of their talents have, on reaching England, been beset with requests for similar gems.
The present stock-in-trade consists of
Gold brooches, bracelets
Garnitures, studs, sleeve links, &c.
Gold watch keys, lockets
Rings, breast pins
Earrings and crosslets
Necklaces, albert and long chains
Gold and silver watches
Clocks
Opera glasses
Whips, sticks, pipes, &c.
Cigar and pencil cases
Emu eggs
Real bronze statues
Diamonds, pearls, stones
Gold in nuggets
Old gold
Silver for melting, &c.
Unclaimed watches
Ditto jewellery
Shop fixtures, &c. And
The valuable tools of trade, &c.
Terms at sale.

Public Notice
In the Estate of Messrs. Hogarth and Erichsen.

MR. ROBERT MURIEL begs to remind the public generally and country persons, that he has received imperative instructions from the trustees of the estate of the above gentlemen, that all watches, clocks, articles of jewellery, &c., left with them for repairs or otherwise, will be sold by public auction on WEDNESDAY next, unless previously paid for and taken away.
ROBERT MURIEL, agent for the estate of Messrs. Hogarth and Erichsen.

Preliminary Notice.
Government House.

MR. ROBERT MURIEL has been honoured with instructions from his Excellency Sir William Denison, K.C.B., to sell by public auction, at Government House, on an early day this month (January), of which due notice will be given,
The whole of his Excellency's truly valuable furniture and effects
Library of books
Silver plate, plated-ware
Richly-cut glass, china, &c.
N.B.—Every particular will be given in a few days by advertisement, so that parties in the country, or otherwise, will have ample opportunity to make necessary arrangements to attend this unquestionably important sale.

Unreserved Sale of Drapery, &c.

WEDNESDAY, January 9th.

To Drapers
To Outfitters
To Storekeepers, and others.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, January 9th, at 11 o'clock,
About 60 packages seasonable drapery, ready-made clothing, &c.
Just landed, ex Maid of Judah,
Comprising
9-4 10-4, 11-4, white counterpanes
9-4 10-4, 11-4, toilet quilts
90 inch twilled sheetings
36 inch wigans
Heriotene ginghams
Checked alpacas
Sarcenet ribbons, 8 and 10 doubles
Ladies' chemisettes
Cambric handkerchiefs
Sewed muslins, &c.
Flouncings, scallops, insertions
Beaufort and lace ties
Crimean shirts
Aleppo shirts
White shirts, W and B.
Scotch twill shirts
White and coloured pongees
Printed cordes
Moulair pockets
Duck trousers
Military white shirts, undressed
Men's silk Tasmanian ones
Men's black alpaca ditto
Men's black cloth trousers
Men's white and brown drill ditto
Men's black and fancy doeskin vests
Men's drab moleskin ditto
Men's canadian ditto, assorted
Men's and boys' military cloth caps
Castille soaps
Parasols
Umbrellas
China matting, tarpaulins, &c.
Terms at sale.

Kauri Timber.
Just landed, ex Brendalbane.
To Timber Merchants, Builders, and others.

THIS AFTERNOON, Tuesday, January 8th, on the Patent Slip Wharf.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has been instructed to sell by auction, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, on the Patent Slip Wharf, Sussex-street,
A small well-selected parcel of timber, about 6000 feet, comprising
14 feet, 9 x 2½
15 feet, 9 x 2½
16 feet, 9 x 2½
18 feet, 9 x 2½
18 feet, 6 x 3
14 feet, 6 x 3
16 feet, 6 x 3
16 feet, 6 x 3
15 feet, 6 x 3, &c., &c.
No reserve.—Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
75 Trunks Boots and Shoes, Hosiers and Pedlers Manufactures.

FRIDAY, January 11th.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, on FRIDAY, January 11th, at 11 o'clock,
A new shipment of boots and shoes, including ladies' and children's goods, suitable for the season.
Particulars in future advertisements.

Barry's Chicory.

For Auction Sale, WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant.

FOTHERINGHAM and MULLEN have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 309, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
20 cases Barry's chicory, each 3 cwt.
Terms at sale.

Rice
Pearl Barley.
Raisins
Pipes.

For Unreserved Sale, WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant.

FOTHERINGHAM and MULLEN will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 309, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
30 bags Patna rice
20 barrels pearl barley
200 boxes Moorsa raisins
24 boxes pipes.
Terms at sale.

To Grocers, Storekeepers, Country Buyers, and others.

Groceries
Oilmen's Stores
Teas
Currants, &c., &c.

Day of Sale, WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant.

FOTHERINGHAM and MULLEN have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 309, George-street, on WEDNESDAY next, the 9th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
15 cases ½-lb. sardines
20 ditto ¼-lb. ditto, Albert's
20 ditto Barry's chicory
200 boxes cavenne, or Algarson
17 barrels currants
120 cases Whybrow's bottled fruits, each 2 dozen.
75 ditto Colman's starch
25 barrels oatmeal
20 ditto split peas
50 cases quart vinegar
20 ditto pearl sago
250 pint pickles
100 ditto quart ditto
10 ditto assorted sauces
15 cases bath bricks
21 bales Kent hops
20 barrels Obsonne raisins
30 boxes Jordan almonds, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Unreserved Sale.
General Merchandise, on Spirit of the North.
Important to Ironmongers, Earthenware Buyers, Oil and Colour Men, Saddlers, and Storekeepers.
Porcelain, China, and Earthenware
Hoop Iron, Tubular and Solid Iron Bedsteads
Harness, Saddles, and Bridles
Lamps, Spurs, Whips
Gun Caps, Plated-ware
Stationery, Fireproof Chests
Dining-room Grates
Bills, Cutlery
Mixed Paints, in oil; Varnish
Wax Vestas.

FRITH and PAYTEN are instructed by the importers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
104 packages of the above.
Full particulars in Thursday's issue.

WEDNESDAY'S Produce Sale.

WM. WILLIAMS will sell by auction, at his Stores, foot of Market-street, on WEDNESDAY, 9th instant, at 11 o'clock,
500 bags barley
200 bags oats
100 bags maize
120 bags bran
70 bags potatoes
200 bags flour
70 sides bacon.
Terms, cash.

MR. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, at his Repository, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
8 very large powerful draught horses, subject to any trial
A very superior draught mare
1 bay mare
A very superior saddle and gig mare
10 stock horses, with saddles and bridles complete.
Terms, cash.

Preliminary Notice.
By order of the Executors of the late Mr. Joseph Curby.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, on TUESDAY, January 15th, on the premises, Nos. 248 and 250, Pitt-street, opposite the Labour Bazaar,
The whole of the stock-in-trade, comprising,—Good and substantial new and second-hand furniture, iron bedsteads, &c. Also, the two years and a half unexpired lease of the premises, consisting of eight rooms, two shops, outhouses, &c., &c.
Full particulars will appear in future advertisements.

Clothing, Watches, Books, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at the Mart, Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A large quantity of new and second-hand clothing
Gold and silver watches and jewellery
Books, violins, and sundries
Terms, cash.

TUESDAY, 8th January.

To Wine and Spirit Merchants, Publicans, and others.
Dark Brandy.

LE. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Clara, from Glasgow,
B—823.
23 hogsheads fine dark brandy
4 quarter-casks ditto ditto.
Terms at sale.

Cyder.
Important to Publicans, Country Storekeepers, and others.
Now landing.

THIS DAY, 8th January.

LE. THRELKELD and Co. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on above day, at 11,
Ex Spirit of the North,
11 hogsheads Devonshire cyder
2 pipes ditto ditto.
The above is a delicious article, and very reasonable. Samples can be tasted at the stores of the Auctioneers.
Terms at sale.

Ind and Cooper's Ale
Worthington and Robinson's Ditto.

TUESDAY, 8th January.

LE. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
14 hogsheads Ind and Cooper's ale
10 ditto Worthington and Robinson's ditto.
Term at sale.

Bottled Ale.

THIS DAY, 8th January.

LE. THRELKELD and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on above day, at 11,
50 casks Ind and Cooper's bottled ale, 4 dozen
75 ditto Hall, Read, and Co.'s ditto ditto,
Terms at sale.

Wines, Spirits, &c.

To Hotel Keepers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, and others.

Sale of Choice Wines
Spirits, Liqueurs, Ale, Porter, &c.

TUESDAY, 8th January.

LE. THRELKELD and CO. will s

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF MR. W. G. AINSWORTH.
BY ORDER OF THE OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

CAMPERDOWN—PARRAMATTA ROAD.
SHOP and THREE DWELLING-HOUSES, opposite the University Grounds, and the site of St. John's College.

RANDWICK.
3¼ ACRES LAND, adjoining the Church and School Reserve, Percuse Road, a short distance from the Destitute Children's Asylum.

MANLY COVE.
24 ACRES adjoining Mr. Pearce's celebrated 209-Acre Block, Rockborough, and 13¼ ACRES, adjoining Mr. French's 41-acre grant.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from F. W. Perry, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 18th January, at 11 o'clock,
All his right, title, and interest, in and to the following properties in the insolvent estate of Mr. W. G. Ainsworth—

PARRAMATTA ROAD,
All that piece of land containing 21 perches, having a frontage of 52 feet 8 inches to the Parramatta Road, with a depth of about 108 feet, extending to Junction-street, on which are erected THREE capital HOUSES, containing severally 8 rooms and kitchen, shop 4 rooms and kitchen, and 5 rooms and kitchen. The whole of the premises are most substantially erected and well finished. The whole are built of stone and brick with the exception of the kitchens, which are wooden erections.

RANDWICK,
3 acres 2 roods and 33 perches, near Coogee, adjoining the Church and School reserves, close to the grounds attached to the Destitute Children's Asylum.

MANLY COVE,
24 acres, divided by a road from Mr. Pearce's well-known 209 acres (the Rodborough estate), and 12 acres 2 roods and 22 perches adjoining Mr. French's 41-acre grant.

Plans on view, and further particulars may be obtained at the rooms.
Terms at sale.

COLLINGWOOD ESTATE, LIVERPOOL.

GREAT PEREMPTORY UNRESERVED SALE.
MONDAY, the 14th JANUARY.

COLLINGWOOD ESTATE, LIVERPOOL, comprising the following well-known Properties belonging to J. H. Atkinson, Esq., viz.,
The COLLINGWOOD ABATTOIRS, YARDS, SALTING HOUSES, and BOILING-DOWN ESTABLISHMENT; at present rented by the leading carcase butchers of Sydney.
Those recently erected and substantially finished WOOL-WASHING and FELLMONGERING PREMISES, with engines, pumps, and all necessary apparatus, now in full working order.
LARGE and COMMODIOUS HOTEL, now occupied by Mr. John Andrews.
The RAILWAY GOODS-SHED, an extensive convenient building adjoining the branch railway.
SEVERAL BLOCKS of LAND, having large frontages to the banks of the GEORGE'S RIVER, and the leading thoroughfares from the Great Southern Road, and containing NUMEROUS CHOICE VILLA SITES.

Title, unquestionable.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street (next the Metropolitan Hotel), on MONDAY, 14th January, at half-past 12 o'clock precisely.
The whole of the above valuable properties, situated on the Collingwood Estate, adjoining the Liverpool Railway Station, as follows, viz.,
LOT 1.—Extensive and substantial newly-erected WOOLWASHING and FELLMONGERING ESTABLISHMENT.
This important property is strongly and faithfully built of brick, the lower story having very thick walls, set in cement; the upper portion is also most substantially finished, the whole of the materials used being of the very best description. For economy and convenience of working it surpasses all the woolwashing establishments which have been erected in the colony, and it is now in every respect complete and perfect. Its western end or store adjoins the BRANCH LINE OF RAILWAY, thereby affording an immense saving of labour, while its internal arrangements are equal to secure about 100 BALES GREASY WOOL PER WEEK, and also to fellmonger between 5000 and 6000 SHEEPSKINS within the same time.
The dam of water supplying the washing spouts, is kept constantly full with the soft water of the George's River, by a set of powerful force pumps worked by a 16-horse power engine, all but new, and in perfect order.
The drying grounds are extensive, and comprise an area of about four acres, which, together with the large alluvial flat of rich land adjoining, containing an area of about twenty-five acres, bounded by the George's River on one side and the branch line of railway on the other, will be included in this property.
Lot 2. The COLLINGWOOD ABATTOIRS, YARDS, SALTING HOUSES, and BOILING-DOWN ESTABLISHMENTS, PIGGERIES, large PADDOCK, &c.
This property is as well known as scarcely to require comment. The abattoirs are strongly built, on stone pier foundations, with sawn hardwood frame, and 1½ inch pitch pine filling, and are flagged throughout. They are divided into three compartments, and fitted with every convenience for slaughtering both sheep and cattle, the utmost attention having been paid to proper ventilation, while to all parts of the building WATER IS LAID ON, so that the floors may be flushed at any moment. The drainage is perfect.
The sale of CATTLE and SHEEP receiving YARDS are second to none in the colony. They adjoin the abattoirs, and are most conveniently arranged, the yards being capable of drafting a large number of stock.
The SALTING HOUSE is fitted up with counters and all conveniences for carrying on very extensive operations of this kind.
The BOILING-DOWN PREMISES are conveniently placed, and adjoin the piggery, which is securely enclosed, and is of an extensive and substantial order, and affords accommodation for at least 2000 pigs, with styes, dividing yards, &c.
The receiving paddocks included with these properties comprise an area of about eight acres, and afford an approach for cattle, &c., to the yards under the railway viaduct, in addition to that by the level crossing-place of Atkinson-street.
These properties are at present leased to the principal carcase butchers of Sydney.
. As a block of business property these premises stand unrivalled, both in point of convenient arrangement and solidity of building, while they also have the advantage of participating in the BRANCH LINE of RAILWAY from the LIVERPOOL STATION, so that all cost for other carriage is entirely done away with.
LOT 3.—The RAILWAY GOODS-SHED.—This building, 80 feet by 26 feet, is of similar construction to the abattoirs. The flooring is massive and dry, the whole building being raised on strong stone piers.
LOT 4.—The TERMINUS INN, now rented by Mr. John Andrews.
This is a substantial two story building, of brick and stone, with slated roof. It contains on the ground floor spacious verandah and two large rooms, each 25 feet square—one having a cellar underneath of the same size; hall and private entrance leading to the upper part of the building, which contains handsome covered balcony, and five good lofty rooms, opening into wide corridors. The outbuildings comprise large kitchen, built of brick, with two servants' rooms over; a four-stall stable; large store, 18 x 24, built of ironbark and pitch pine, with zinc roof. The whole premises occupy a block of land having a frontage of about 280 feet to Atkinson-street, and containing an area of about one and a half acres.
LOTS 5 to .—SEVERAL LARGE BLOCKS of LAND suitable for business premises for soapmakers, tanners, and others having frontages to the never failing George's River; also, several blocks adapted for VILLA SITES.
☞ The particular attention of capitalists and others is specially directed to the above valuable properties; and Richardson and Wrench will only add, that they are now brought into the market for absolute sale on the date ABOVE mentioned.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.
N.B.—Luncheon will be provided.

AGRICULTURAL FARM AND HOMESTEAD.

MACQUARIE DALE ESTATE.
APPIN.
Capital FARM of about 197 acres, with nearly 100 acres cleared, Cottage Residence, and numerous Improvements, now occupied by Mr. John Luck; lease expiring 31st December, 1860.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the New Rooms, Pitt-street, next to the Metropolitan Hotel, on MONDAY, 14th January, at 11 o'clock,
All that parcel of land, containing 197¼ ACRES, being lot No. 1 of the Macquarie Dale Estate, situate between Middle Point and Candale Creeks, Nepean River, about 1½ mile from Appin, adjoining the properties of Messrs. George Nichols and Mr. Thomas Byrne.
The land is enclosed with a substantial fence, and subdivided into convenient paddocks. Nearly 100 acres are cleared, and between 40 and 50 acres under cultivation. The other improvements comprise a comfortable cottage of four rooms, detached kitchen, and other outbuildings. An abundant supply of water in all seasons is on the land.
☞ This eligible country property is situated in a first-rate position, within convenient distance from Sydney, and close to railway carriage; and, to parties in search of a good homestead and farm in such a locality, this sale will be interesting. The whole property is in working order, and prior to the sale intending purchasers are invited to inspect it.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

TO CAPITALISTS.

SPLENDID CITY INVESTMENT.

PETTY'S HOTEL, CHURCH-HILL.

Title—unquestionable.
Terms, liberal.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mrs. PETTY to sell by public auction, at the New Rooms, Pitt-street, next to the Metropolitan Hotel, on MONDAY, 14th JANUARY, at 11 o'clock,
That very favourably-situated, extensive, and valuable corner block of city land situate on the most elevated portion of CHURCH-HILL, immediately opposite Dr. Lang's Presbyterian Church, and St. Philip's Church, having about the following dimensions:—
150 FEET TO JAMISON-STREET
107 FEET TO YORK-STREET
67 FEET TO CLARENCE-STREET.
Together with those famed commodious premises—
PETTY'S FAMILY HOTEL,
containing about 30 apartments, besides large bar, cellar, detached billiard room, kitchen, laundry and numerous out-offices.
☞ Richardson and Wrench would particularly direct the attention of capitalists and others to this truly valuable City property, which, independently of the extensive improvements, would realise a large sum as a subdivision into sites for private residences. The available frontage for this purpose would be about 150 feet to Jamison-street, with a northern aspect; and as the situation stands unrivalled, being the most elevated portion of Church-hill, commanding beautiful views of the city and harbour, it would readily sell at a high figure.
The premises have a wide-spread fame as a family hotel, for many years successfully occupied by Mr. Williams, now of Parramatta; and as an establishment similarly conducted, is at present one of the great requirements of the city of Sydney, there cannot be a doubt that Petty's Hotel, if opened, would again meet with the same patronage and pecuniary results that marked it during Mr. Williams' management, and realise for the proprietor a handsome return.
Cards to view and further information may be obtained at the Rooms, where also a plan can be inspected.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.
ROCKY HALL.

A DAIRY AND AGRICULTURAL FARM, containing 640 Acres, with Extensive Improvements, near the Banks of the Hawkesbury, about five miles from Windsor, known as the property of Mr. James Bourke.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the New Rooms, Pitt-street, next the Metropolitan Hotel, on MONDAY, 14th January, at 11 o'clock,
Rocky Hall, a dairy and agricultural farm, containing 640 acres, situated in the county of Cook, bounded on the south and west by Wilberforce Common, and on the north by a large tract of unoccupied Government land.
The improvements comprise a large and substantial cut stone dwelling-house, containing seven apartments and extensive cellars, cut out of the solid rock, with stable, granary, barn capable of holding 3000 bushels of grain, outbuildings for men, large sheds, piggeries, &c., and every other convenience requisite for working a large establishment.
The land is securely fenced in, and is subdivided into convenient paddocks. About 300 acres have been cleared, stumped, and tilled, and are now ready for the husbandman. There is a never-failing supply of good water on the land, in addition to a chain of ponds. The common and Government land adjoining is of immense extent, and would afford pasturage for large herds of cattle—a matter of considerable importance to a property like the above.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

Postponed to the 14th January.

Without any reserve
In the Insolvent Estate of J. H. Asher.

By order of the Mortgagee, with the concurrence of the Official Assignee.

COOGEE.
The choicest sites in this favourite suburb, close to the beach, fronting Dudley, Brook, and Arden streets, being allotments 1, 2, 3, 20, 7, 8, and 11 of section 9, and 19 and 20 of section 8, as per Government plan, containing about 3 acres.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the new Rooms, Pitt-street, next the Metropolitan Hotel, on MONDAY, 14th January, at 11 o'clock,
Nine of the choicest allotments in the favourite suburb of Coogee, being lots 1, 2, 3, 20, 7, 8, and 11 of section 9, and 19 and 20 of section 8, containing each half an acre, which have been subdivided into 23 smaller allotments fronting Dudley, Percuse, Brook, and Arden streets, but which will be sold in the original Government lots, or as subdivided, to suit the convenience of purchasers.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

ULTIMO ESTATE.
GLEBE ISLAND, ABATTOIR ROAD, &c

BUILDING ALLOTMENTS,
Fronting the main road leading to the Punts and to the proposed Bridge to Glebe Island. Also, other main streets in this estate near the Haymarket.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the proprietor, George Harris, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, next the Metropolitan Hotel, FRIDAY, 18th January, at 11 o'clock,
Thirty choice BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, situate on the ULTIMO ESTATE, close to the Punts and proposed Bridge to the Glebe Island Abattoirs, having frontages to the main road, Miller, Jones, Macarthur, Crown, William, Quarrymen's, and Regina streets; they are also in close proximity to the main Pyrmont Bridge Road, and to George-street, Haymarket.
These lots will be offered on lease for thirty-three years for building purposes. They occupy the most valuable position of the estate, and are now brought into the market to meet the demand for land to erect houses for the population which will flock in this direction, and the numerous tradesmen that will be employed at the abattoirs, as well as for general business purposes.
Leases to the several purchasers will be granted free of charge.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

1000 HEAD OF WELL-BRED CATTLE,
now running on the Macleay River.

MR. BREWSTER has received instructions from Messrs. Warne and Kemp to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Squatters' Exchange, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 22nd January, 1861, at 11 o'clock,
1,000 head of store cattle (more or less) equal sexes, from 2 to 7 years old, free from stags, diseased, or deformed cattle; deliverable at Georgetta on New England, or at any place within 50 miles of the station where now running.
☞ The above stock are principally bred from the well-known Potter M'Queen herds, having of late years been judiciously crossed with bulls from the herds of the A. A. Company and Mr. Milne of the Clarence River, and are well worthy of the attention of overlanders and others.

To Holders of Northern Runs and others.

700 HEAD OF BREEDING CATTLE and 400 BULLOCKS, AGES 2 to 7 YEARS.

MR. BREWSTER has received instructions from William Newland, Esq., to sell by public auction at his Rooms, Squatters Exchange, George-streets, on TUESDAY, the 22nd January, at 11 o'clock,
700 more or less, fine healthy cows, of ages, and 400 ditto ditto bullocks ages 2 to 7 years, now running at Ward's Mistake, New England.
To holders of Northern country the above presents a favourable opportunity of securing stock, particularly suitable for stocking new runs.
Terms at sale.

ROSEWOOD STATION.

District of Port Curtis, Queensland.
Together with 4000 SHEEP, more or less.

Terms at sale.

MR. BREWSTER has been instructed by J. Atherton, Esq., to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Squatter's Exchange, George-street, on TUESDAY, the 19th February, 1861, at 11 o'clock,
That well known valuable station, ROSEWOOD, situated on the Fitzroy River, about thirty-six miles from the shipping port of Rockhampton, adjoining the runs of Messrs. Archer and Co., C. Mackay, and Charles Cox, Esqs., viz., Gracemere, Mornish, and Windah. The country around consists of good sound, healthy ridges and salt bush plains, admirably adapted for sheep. The grazing capabilities are estimated at 10,000 sheep.
The improvements are a four-roomed cottage, with good garden, kitchen, harness room, wool-shed 44 feet x 12, blacksmith's shop, men's hut, three out-station huts and yards, and about 170 hurdles, horse paddock, &c. With the above compact station will be sold 4000 sheep, more or less (a detailed description of the ages and sexes of which will appear in a future advertisement).
Working horses, bullocks, and dray supplies, stores, implements, &c., to be taken at a valuation.
The attention of parties on the look-out for a first-class sheep run, lightly stocked, in the colony of Queensland, is particularly directed to this property, as both the country and stock will bear inspection, ample time for which is allowed prior to the day of sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THIS DAY, Tuesday, 8th January.

☞ Notice to Purchasers of General Drapery, Ready-made Clothing, &c., &c.

CHATTO and HUGHES remind purchasers of the above of their sales, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Comprising
75 bales and cases of new and seasonable drapery
27 cases of new and seasonable ready-made clothing,
Just landed ex Daphne and Maid of Judah.

☞ On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Spirit of the North,
1 case Scotch twill skirts, slightly damaged by sea-water.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THIS DAY, Tuesday, 8th January.

☞ On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Spirit of the North.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, Tuesday, 8th January,
☞ On account of whom it may concern,
Ex Spirit of the North, Wise, master, from London,
88 over Q, § 55
One case Scotch twill skirts, slightly damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.

TUESDAY, 8th January.

To Drapers.
To Storekeepers and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 8th January, at 11 o'clock precisely,
75 bales — cases of new and seasonable drapery, just landed, ex Maid of Judah and Daphne, comprising
Amber, green, sky, white, lenos, pale, books, soft mulls, tarletan muslins; lappet sprigge, harness books, harness curtains in sets, ginghams, 11-4 blankets, 10-4 blue and scarlet blankets, flounced cross-over robes, madder bandannas, muslin sleeves, Balmoral skirts, sewed muslin scollops, flouncings, insertions, Maltese lace, sets embroidered cambric handkerchiefs, frock bodies, jaconnet robes, linen sets, jaconnet habits, jaconnet puffed sleeves; Empress, Victoria, and double gauntlet sleeves; banded collars, Eugenie and Victoria sets guipure and Victoria collars, muslin flounced robes, French baregas, madder bandannas, fringed toilets, military robes, black lace mantles, crochet sleeves, Victoria lawns, plain and checked crinoline, black coburgs, parasols, gala plaids, sky French twills, Scotch tweeds, whitney blends, mantle lace, neat curtains, souffle falls, toilet fringes, white cotton hose, 9-8 cambrics, canvas, tarpaulins, fringes, lace falls, black alpacca, and daisy fringes, buckrabacks, lace shawls, picture pockets, Turkey twills, black books, dwarf net blinds, chene cross-overs, grey cottille stays, hemp carpets, fancy drills, braided bonnets, crinoline hats, steel skirts, shepherds plaid, 3-4 diapers, mohair fringes, cotton ticks, baff window hollands, toilet covers, black glace mantles, kid gloves, cotton and silk umbrellas, waist ribbons, boney comb sets, valenciennes edgings, chemisettes, Victoria covers, black crapes, brown cotton socks, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

TUESDAY'S Drapery Sale.

TUESDAY, 8th January.

To Outfitters
To Drapers
To Storekeepers and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, 8th January, at 11 o'clock,
27 cases of new and seasonable ready-made clothing, just landed, ex Daphne, and Maid of Judah, comprising
Men's millers' mole trousers, C.C.C.
Ditto white shirts, W. and R.
Ditto ditto ditto, fancy-coloured fronts
Ditto fancy regatta, W. and R.
Ditto blue serge shirts, D.B., P.W.
Ditto ditto dungaree trousers
Ditto ditto ditto jumpers
Ditto white duck trousers
Gents' superfine black cloth trousers
Ditto ditto ditto doe ditto
Ditto ditto ditto cloth vests
Ditto dark oxford and mixed doe trousers
Ditto light tweed and stripe ditto
Ditto fine cashmere vests
Ditto superfine black cloth vests
Ditto coloured doe vests, bound, R. C.
Ditto light tweed, P. B. and R. C.
Boys' and youths' mixed doe trousers
Ditto ditto white and brown linen drill trousers
Ditto ditto oxford mixed trousers, assorted sizes
Ditto ditto light tweed vests
Ditto ditto dark doe
Gents' drab alliance sacs
Boys' and youths' fine black and drab alliance sacs
Coloured drill alliance suits
White fancy drill suits
White linen sac coats
Coloured silk sacs
White and maize silk sacs
Gents' light cassinette alliance sacs
Ditto ditto tweed ditto ditto
Ditto ditto dark tweed ditto ditto
Gents' superfine black lustre sacs
Ditto fine black alpaca
Boys', youths', and small men's alpaca
Gents' medium tweed trousers, W. F., F. F., S. S., S. and R.
Ditto light summer tweed, ditto ditto ditto
Ditto ditto ditto doe, ditto ditto ditto
Ditto brown linen drill trousers
Ditto white super ditto ditto
Ditto black doe trousers
Ditto superfine black cloth ditto
Ditto ditto assorted coloured doe trousers
Ditto ditto black silk lustre alpaca sacs, silk sleeve lining
Ditto fancy silk and satin regency vests
Ditto fine cloth regency vests
Boys' and youths' drab and millers' mole trousers
Ditto ditto fine doe trousers
Ditto ditto summer tweed
Gents' brown and white linen drill vests
Ditto fine white quilting.
Terms, at sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THURSDAY, 10th January.

To Merchants
To Oil and Colour Men
To Grocers
To Storekeepers, and others.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, 10th January, at 11 o'clock precisely,
60 5-gallon drums turps
70 drums boiled linseed oil
40 ditto raw ditto
40 ditto cocoa oil
11 bales brown paper
10 cases starch
20 ditto assorted confectionery
1 ton arrowroot
40 bales 3-bushel bags
Brown bags
Tarpaulins
200 cases pipes
11 hogsheads best town glue
7 barrels sulphate copper
8 ditto lump alum
9 ditto ground ditto, &c.
Terms at sale.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

THURSDAY, 10th January.

☞ On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Spirit of the North, Wise, master, from London.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, 10th January, at 11 o'clock precisely,
On account of whom it may concern, ex Spirit of the North, Wise, master, from London.
8 over T,
§6—1 hogshead hollowware, much damaged by sea water
7—1 ditto ditto, slightly ditto ditto.
8L,
218-19—2 cases balled blue, slightly ditto ditto
221—1 ditto emery powder, ditto ditto
L8,
228—1 ditto knife boards, much ditto
8L,
4 boxes glass, 10 x 8, much ditto
15 ditto ditto, 12 x 10, ditto ditto
1 ditto ditto, 14 x 12, ditto ditto.
8 over T,
11 bundles long handle bright Yankee shovels, much damaged by sea water
33 ditto ditto ditto, slightly ditto.
Terms, cash.

Treasury Auction Rooms.

☞ New and Valuable Books, Just landed.
To Booksellers and others.
☞ Preliminary Notice.

CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at the Treasury Auction Rooms, on an early day,
A new and valuable assortment of books, in every department of literature,
Just landed, ex Maid of Judah.
☞ Catalogues are in course of preparation.

Coir Rope.
To Shipchandlers and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, January 8, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely,
100 coils coir rope, assorted sizes.
Terms at sale.

Paperhangings.
To Paperhangers, Builders, Contractors, and others.

All New Patterns, and the latest designs.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, January 8th, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely,
10 cases superior paperhangings.
Terms at sale.

Canvas.
Auction Sale, on TUESDAY, January 8th, 1861.

Most Important
To Warehousemen
To Tentmakers
To Sailmakers
To Shipchandlers and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, January 8th, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely,
10 bales superior boiled canvas.
Terms at sale.

☞ Copper Bolts.
To Exporters, Shipwrights, Ship Chandlers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, January 8, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely.
2 casks copper bolts.
Terms at sale.

An Altar Piece.
Subject—Crucifixion of Christ.
To the Clergy and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, January 8th, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely,
An altar piece,
Subject—Crucifixion of Christ—suitable for small place of worship.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 8th January, 1861.

Extensive Auction Sale of
Europe Cordage
Ditto Spunyarn
Bolt Rope
Hambro' Line
Highly Important
To Ship Chandlers
To Shipowners
To Master Mariners and others.
Without the Slightest Reserve.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, January 8th, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely,
An invoice of rope—
20 coils ½ inch to 1¼ inch
20 ditto 1¾ ditto to 2½ inch
22 ditto 2¾ ditto to 3½ inch
20 ditto 4 ditto to 4½ ditto
20 ditto 4½ ditto to 5 inch
26 mats spunyarn
70 coils bolt rope 1¾ to 3½ inch
20 mats Hambro line, &c.
Terms at sale.

Extensive and Positive Unreserved Auction Sale of
Medallion Carpets
Velvet-pile ditto
Patent Rugs
Carpetting
Tapestry Carpets, &c., &c.
Highly Important
To Warehousemen
To Drapers
To Upholsterers
To Furniture Buyers
And the Trade generally.

. This invoice of goods has been selected with great care, to suit the present requirements of the colonial trade. The whole are of the best quality, and well worthy the attention of buyers.
Just landed, ex Walter Hood.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions from the importers to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, January 10, 1861, at 11 o'clock precisely,
20 packages of carpets, rugs, &c.
Intending purchasers are particularly requested to call at the Rooms, to inspect this choice lot of goods, now ready for inspection.
Terms at sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 9th January, 1861.

Removed into Town from Paddington, for the convenience of purchasers,
Dining-room Furniture
Drawing-room ditto
Loo Table, two Card Tables
Chiffoniere, Sideboard (colonial made)
Paintings, and Engravings
Pianoforte and Music Stool
Davenports and Whatnots
Bedsteads, Bedding, and Sundries.

MR. WALTER BRADLEY (late with Mr. Robert Muriel) has received imperative instructions to sell, by auction (without reserve), on WEDNESDAY, the 9th January, at his Rooms, 264, George-street, opposite Jamison-street, at 11 o'clock sharp,
A quantity of useful household furniture, pianoforte, music stool, cooking stove, and sundries.
Terms, cash.

On THURSDAY, the 10th January.

Shepherd's Paddocks, near the White Swan Inn.
Good and substantial English Furniture
Rosewood Pianoforte and Music Stool
Plate Glasses and Ornaments
Carpet and Hearthrug
Choice Paintings and Engravings
Bedsteads and Bedding
Cooking Stove and Culinary Utensils
First-class Poultry and Dogs.
Full particulars will appear in Wednesday's issue.

MR. WALTER BRADLEY (late with Mr. Robert Muriel), has been favoured with instructions from William Kennedy, Esq., to sell by auction, at his residence, Shepherd's Paddocks (near the White Swan Inn), on THURSDAY next, the 10th January, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The whole of his really good and substantial household furniture, pianoforte, and sundries, full particulars of which will be given in to-morrow's Herald.
Terms, cash.

Preliminary Notice.
To Gentlemen leaving the colony per La Hogue, Duncan Dunbar, and others.
Bird Skins and Curiosities from Moreton Bay and Port Curtis.

MR. WALTER BRADLEY (late with Mr. Robert Muriel) has received instructions to sell by auction, on an early day, of which due notic will be given,
A rare and valuable collection of bird skins and curiosities from the northern Australias, many of which have hitherto been unknown to naturalists.
Terms, cash.

Preliminary Notice.
Wines, Spirits, and Beers.
Important Auction Sale.

On FRIDAY, 11th January.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 11th January, at 11 o'clock,
Sundry parcels choice wines, spirits, beer, &c.
Particulars of which will appear in a future advertisement.

Preliminary Notice.
Highly Important.
To Grocers, Shippers, Provision Dealers, Storekeepers, and others.
Extensive Sale of the entire Stock of Messrs. Bergin, M'Mahon, and Co., Grocers, Brickfield-hill.
To close a partnership account.

Day of Sale, TUESDAY, 15th January.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, on the Premises, Brickfield-hill, on TUESDAY, 15th January, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of Messrs. Bergin, M'Mahon, and Co.'s extensive stock, comprising every article required in the trade.
Particulars in future advertisements.

Extensive Clearing-out Sale.
On the Premises of Messrs. Wilshire, Brickfield-hill.

On WEDNESDAY, 16th January.

To Dealers, Soap Boilers, Builders, Shippers, Iron Founders, Boot and Shoemakers, Horse Dealers, Master Draymen, and others.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at Messrs. Wilshire's Tannery, Brickfield-hill, on WEDNESDAY, 16th January, at 11 o'clock,
The under-mentioned sundries, to clear the premises:—
Double office desk, with drawers and pigeon-holes
Chest of drawers and pigeon-holes
Copying press, iron safe
4 or 5 tons ground bark
Lot of shank bones and horns
Lot galvanised iron iron drums of nails
40-4 lbs. pewter moulds for candles, 6's, nearly new
Lot of old ditto ditto
16 2½ inch 6-panel doors
Lot of doors, window frames, mantelpieces, door jambs, architraves, window sashes, glazed and unglazed
2 black enamelled slate mantelpieces
Copper pump and 20 feet piping
2 large brass boiler taps
Lot blue paper and candle cotton
8000 feet 5½ inch T. and G. Baltic flooring
2 rolls lead, 4 and 5 lbs.
Lot of casks, lot of parchment, frames and knives
8 cans oil, 2 cans turps, and lot of empty oil cans
Large iron soap-boiler, diameter 9 feet, with cover and pump complete
Reedering pan, and a variety of other boilers
Several sets soap frames
Iron grave press
2 iron oil tanks
2 wood ditto ditto, lined with lead
Rods, blanks, arms, and horse-heads, for making dip candles
Large beam scale, and 40 56-lb. weights. Also,
500 sides heavy sole leather.

And at 2 o'clock,
2 horses, 2 drays, and harness complete
2 carts and 1 water cart
1 chaff-cutter.
Any of the above may be seen on the premises previous to the sale.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
Extensive Unreserved Sale of Groceries, Oilmen's Stores, &c., &c.
To close shipments.

Day of Sale—THURSDAY, January 10th.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO have received instructions from the importers, Messrs. Flower, Salting, and Co., to hold an extensive unreserved auction sale of the above goods, to close accounts, on THURSDAY, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock, comprising
Candles, oilmen's stores, pickles, bottled fruits
Vinegar, sauces, oils, confectionery, cocoa
Chocolate, arrowroot, sugar bags, biscuits
Nuts, raisins, prunes, currants, almonds
Dried apples, candied peels, &c., &c.
Particulars in a future issue.

Parramatta, Raymond Terrace, and Bromlee.
Without the slightest reserve.

Important and Valuable Sale of Parramatta Town Properties and Country Freeholds.

TUESDAY, 22nd January.
Commencing at half-past 11 o'clock.

MR. JOHN TAYLOR has been instructed to sell by public auction, on the above day, at his Sale Rooms, Church-street, Parramatta, The following truly valuable freeholds, viz.:—
Lot 1.—A most convenient and comfortable family residence, situate in Macquarie-street, Parramatta, opposite the Domain wall, formerly the residence of the late Mr. Hugh Taylor. The house is brick-built, and contains seven rooms, with a hall, and verandah front and back, detached kitchen, washhouse, servants' and store rooms, with a hall, and four; a four-stalled stable, coach-house, &c. In the front of the premises there is a beautiful and well-arranged flower garden, and in the rear an extensive vegetable garden, and a large and commodious yard. The ground has a frontage to Macquarie-street of 121 feet, by a depth of 192 feet.
Lot 2.—A small weatherboard house and ground, adjoining Lot 1, having a frontage to Macquarie-street of 70 feet, by a depth of 193 feet.
Lots 3, 4, and 5.—Three building allotments situate in Hunter-street, Parramatta, adjoining the properties of Messrs. Galloway and Drew, and the properties described as Lots 1 and 2. Lots 3 and 4 have each a frontage to Hunter-street of 66 feet; and lot 5 a frontage of 61 feet; and each of the three allotments has a depth of 101 feet. The ground at the rear of each is much wider than in the front of the street.
Lot 6.—A two-story brick-built house, with ground situate in Macquarie-street, Parramatta, near the entrance to the railway station, and nearly adjoining the residence of Mr. J. Gilbert. The house contains five rooms; there is a brick kitchen detached, and the ground has a frontage to Macquarie-street of 69 feet by a depth of 266 feet.
Lot 7.—A choice retired residence, being a brick-built verandah cottage, containing seven large-sized rooms and a hall, with detached kitchen, store-rooms, &c., situate in Marsden-street, Parramatta, adjoining the residence of Mr. J. Sparke, and near Macquarie-street. The ground possesses a frontage to Marsden-street of 103 feet, and is partly laid out as a vegetable and flower garden, containing several fruit trees.
Lot 8.—All that allotment of land situate in Rose-street, Parramatta, adjoining and on the west side of the property and residence of Mr. G. Drury, containing by admeasurement 64 rods.
Lot 9.—A four-roomed weatherboard house and ground, situate in Church-street, Parramatta, opposite the residences of Messrs. Gilbert and Haslam. The ground has a frontage to Church-street of 74 feet, by a depth of 150 feet, and is enclosed by a paling fence.
Lot 10.—All that allotment or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 38 perches, more or less, situate on the south side of Argyle-street, Parramatta, adjoining the property of Thomas Rusden; the whole is enclosed by a fence.
Lot 11.—A thirty-acre farm, situate in the district of Prospect; bounded on the south by Kelly's farm bearing west 30 chains; on the west by a north line of 12 chains; on the north by an east line of 30 chains; and on the east by a south line of 5 chains, and Fowkes' farm bearing south 29 degrees east.
Lot 12.—All that (ten-acre) allotment of land, situate near the Broken-Back Bridge Toligate, Church-street, Parramatta, bounded on the west by Church-street North, from Bourke-street three chains and a-half thirty-four links up to the enclosure of the Tollbar, leaving one chain and a-half thirty-four links for that building; from thence northward four chains to the Veterans' Road, adjoining the old Darling Mills; from thence eastward to Hunt's Creek, five chains and a-half; on the east by Hunt's Creek south, bearing east seven chains; forty-one links from the said creek, bearing west by south thirteen chains and three-quarters, bounded by Seville's unfenced ground; from thence down Bourke-street to the commencing point at Church-street westward five chains; comprising altogether by admeasurement ten acres, or thereabouts.
Lots 13, 14, 15, 16.—Four allotments of land, near the Parramatta Waterworks, being part of the property commonly called Seville Town, and known as lots 4, 5, 6, and 10 of a subdivion of that land: each allotment has a frontage to a street.
Lot 17.—Building allotment at the corner of Pitt-row and Hunter-street, Parramatta, enclosed by a paling fence; having a frontage to Hunter-street of 188 feet, and to Pitt-row of 86 feet.
Lot 18.—At Raymond Terrace, being all that allotment of land, containing by admeasurement one rood and twenty-three perches, situate in the town of Raymond Terrace, parish of Eldon, county of Gloucester, allotment No. 1, of section No. 5; bounded on the south-west by three chains and ten links of the north side of Bourke-street, bearing east forty degrees south; on the south-east by a line dividing it from allotment No. 2, bearing north forty degrees east, two chains and fifty-five links to the south boundary line, of Bennett's grant, and on the north by four chains of that boundary line bearing west to the north-east side of Bourke-street.
Lots 19, 20, and 21.—Town of Bromlee. Three allotments of land adjoining each other; being lots 5, 6, and 7, of section 17 of the township of Bromlee, parish of Bromlee, county of St. Vincent; each allotment containing by admeasurement 2 roods; No. 3 Lot commencing in Imlay-street, at the south-east corner of No. 4 allotment; No. 6 Lot commencing in Imlay-street, at the south-east corner of No. 5 allotment; and No 7 Lot commencing in Imlay-street, at the south-east corner of No. 6 allotment.

Mr. Taylor regrets that, from the unavoidable length of this advertisement, he is prevented from giving so full a description of the above properties as they deserve. He must therefore content himself by strongly recommending all those seeking a delightful residence or a comfortable homestead to bear in mind that this sale may well be called an important one, as it very rarely happens that such excellent properties are offered unreservedly. Those situate in Parramatta are in close proximity to the railway, and have unusual advantages, of which any one who will inspect them may easily assure themselves. Further information will be readily afforded on application to the Auctioneer, at his Office, Church-street, Parramatta.
Terms and further particulars at sale.

Important Clearing-out Sale in an Insolvent Estate of Cattle, Horses, &c., &c.

At the Homebush Sale Yards, on THURSDAY, January 10th, at 11 o'clock precisely.

THOMAS DAWSON is instructed to sell by auction, at the Homebush Sale Yards,
30 head of cows, heifers, bullocks, and steers
30 horses

THE TINDER-BOX.

(From Notes by an Antiquarian, in the London News.)

MANY now living who can remember about thirty years back will recollect the then familiar cries of the matchsellers :—

Here's your fine tar-barrel matches,
Sixteen bunches a penny—sixteen a penny,

or—

Come buy my good matches, come buy them of me,
They are the best matches you ever did see.
An old woman lived in Rosemary-lane,
Who dipped them and dyed them, and I do the same.
Come buy my good matches, come buy them of me,
They are the best matches you ever did see.

The brimstone-matches, the tinder-box, and the flint and steel, as well as the song, are now amongst the matters of the past, and so completely have the lucifers superseded them that the fire-producing apparatus which was, and had been for centuries, so common in every dwelling throughout the land, are almost as rare as the schoolboy's "Hornbook," the street oil-lamps, the London hackney-coaches, sedan-chairs, and other matters which have vanished from the view.

It is remarkable how gradually yet surely those matters which have been made useless by improvements vanish. There is now only one of the two-horse hackney-coaches in London, so that a person who remembers the multitude of them once in the streets might, if curious about it, have some difficulty in finding the remaining example. It may, however, be often seen on the cab rank on the London-bridge Railway terminus. Just as scarce has the flint-and-steel tinder-box become. When searching for matters of greater importance we have inquired in many parts of the metropolis, and in many districts of England and Scotland, for a remaining example of an apparatus which was once so well known, and which has so often tired the patience of the dames of the preceding generation. Some thought they had one; others knew somebody who had. When inquiry, however, came to be made, they were either not to be found or were in some way imperfect. By chance, however, we have met with a specimen, and have thought it worth while to engrave it in these pages as one of the evidences of the passingly strange changes of the present century.

We remember years ago (say thirty-five) the introduction of phosphorus-boxes, which were sold for about five shillings each, and were looked upon with much curiosity with some, and with terror by several, elderly ladies. These boxes, made of tin, were ornamented with japanning, were fitted with matches prepared in a peculiar way, a small glass case of phosphorous, into which the matches were to be dipped, and a cork on which they might be rubbed until they ignited. These boxes, which were chiefly of French manufacture, never came very extensively into use, for they were dangerous, inconvenient, and expensive. Suddenly and successfully, but whence we have not been able to learn, the lucifer-matches invaded the province of the old tar-barrel matches, and, in spite of prejudice and ancient custom, they began to be manufactured on an enormous scale. Supposing that the consumption of lucifer-matches is restricted to one each day for the whole of the population (this is probably below the number), and putting that at thirty millions, the following is the number of those useful article which will be consumed in each year in Great Britain—namely, 10,950,000,000—figures uninviting to contemplate.

Great as are the advantages which have arisen from the introduction of lucifer-matches, it is not altogether without some evils. In the large manufactories in which they are made the children and other workers are often afflicted with a disease which eats away the bones in a fearful manner; and, doubtless, many of the unaccountable fires which occur in both town and country may be attributed to the spontaneous combustion or careless use of the lucifers.

In a village not far from the venerable Stonehenge, on Salisbury Plain—a primitive part of England, where various old customs still continue to be observed—some few persons still continue the use of the flint-and-steel tinder-box. We also believe that some of the old captains of the Tyne colliers would not consider it "lucky" to have a "lucifer" on board.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. JOSEPH SHEPPARD, Glassblower, are respectfully requested to attend the Funeral of his late departed wife MARY ANN, The procession to move from his residence, Knatchbull-street, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at quarter to 3 o'clock. REUBEN THOMAS, undertaker, 141, York-street, late of 54, King-street.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the late ROBERT PYMBLE are respectfully requested to attend his Funeral. The procession to move from his late residence, Lane Cove, THIS DAY, Tuesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, and thence to proceed to St. Leonard's Cemetery, and arrive at 4 p.m. at the above place mentioned. REUBEN THOMAS, undertaker, 141, York-street, late of 54, King-street.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the late Mr. THOMAS SMIDMORE, of St. Peter's, Cook's River, are invited to attend his Funeral, which will move from St. Mary's Cathedral on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at half-past nine.

ACCOUNTS.—Books posted up and balanced by a first-class accountant. Terms, reasonable. Address J. C. T., care E. Bingham, Esq., 115, York-street.

A CARD.—Mr. ESKELL, Surgeon-Dentist, 21, Hunter-street.

A CARD.—Dr. D. PERCY and CO., removed to 102, Elizabeth-street North.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Letters to be directed D. PERCY and CO., 102, Elizabeth-street North.

DR. D. PERCY and CO.'S New Condensed Medicines, forwarded to all parts of the colony by post, to suit every kind of disease, on receipt of a remittance for the same.

CAUTION.—Messrs. R. and L. PERRY and CO. are only to be consulted at their residence, No. 19, Berners-street, Oxford-street, London, as they never, under any circumstances, travel, either at home or abroad, and they hereby caution the public against any person using their name.

DRS. PERRY and CO. may be consulted daily, at 94, Elizabeth-street, rear Hunter-street.

DRS. PERRY and CO. may be consulted on nervous debility, &c., daily, at 94, Elizabeth-street.

DRS. PERRY and CO. beg to inform their patients that all letters for advice must contain the usual consultation fee of one guinea.

EDWARD MILLETT (successor to J. C. Hopkins), Tailor and Draper, 361, George-street, Sydney.

MERRIMAN and RAYNER, Commission Agents, successors to Henry Clarke, Victoria Wharf.

MR. CHARLES COWPER, Junior, Auctioneer, Commission Agent, &c., General Merchant, Kiandra.

MR. WILLIAM WEAVER, Civil Engineer and Architect, 181, Pitt-street, Sydney.

MR. A. EMANUEL, Teacher of the Pianoforte and Singing, established 1846, 78, William-st., Woolloomooloo.

W. L. BOWEN, Saddler, REMOVED to the corner of George-street and Market-street.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS (late Pritchard and Williams), Auctioneer, Broker, and General Produce Agent, foot of Market-street, Sydney.

WRITING.—A good Handwriting taught; elderly people of both sexes, at 42, Hunter-street.

ICE. ICE. ICE.—The Sydney Ice Company give notice that they are now prepared to supply ICE, at their works, at the prices following, viz.:—
Single blocks of 15 lbs. each, 3d.
From ¼ cwt. to 2 cwt., 2½d. per lb.
From 2 cwt to 10 cwt. 2¼ ditto
From 10 cwt to 1 ton, 2d. ditto
From 1 ton to 5 tons, 1¾d. ditto
From 5 tons to 10 tons, 1½d.
Subscribers, 80 lbs. per week, in two deliveries (on Wednesdays and Saturdays), of 15 lbs. each, at 2½ per month. Parties desirous of becoming retailers will be liberally treated.
Sydney Ice Company, 142, George-street.

FREEMAN, BROTHERS, Photographers, by appointment, to his Excellency the Governor-General.—Portraits taken in Messrs. FREEMAN'S new and spacious gallery, at reduced prices, by the most approved photographic processes, and artistically coloured. Children taken instantaneously. Photographic views of Sydney for home presents. 352, George-street.

COLONIAL TWEED.—The Undersigned begs to solicit inspection by merchants, shippers, storekeepers, &c., of his new make of tweeds and cheviots, which by the introduction of raising and finishing machinery, are much superior in style and finish to any hitherto produced in the colony. He also begs to state that he has erected indigo vats, by which he can produce fast colours. He can also in fancy colours and mixtures produce any shade required. M. M. CAMPBELL, cloth manufacturer, Sussex-street, Sydney.

EARTHENWARE, CHINA, and GLASS.—Mrs. THOMAS R. COATES, 480, George-street, Importer of China, Glass, and Earthenware, begs to remind her friends and the public that she has always on hand a large and well-assorted stock of the above, which she continues to offer at reasonable prices. Great attention is paid to the packing to ensure safe transit to all parts. *** Please to observe that Mrs. Coates' is the FIRST china and glasswarehouse from Market-street, and nearly opposite the Market Iron Letter Receiver.

WATER and GAS PIPES, socket joints, ½ to 6 inch Welded tubing and lead piping, ½ to 2 inch. RABONE, FELL, and CO., 6, Wynyard-street.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—CITY OF SYDNEY CO-OPERATION BAKING ASSOCIATION.—The Journeymen Bakers of Sydney have for several months past been endeavouring, by appealing to the justice and consideration of their employers, and to public opinion, to obtain for themselves a reasonable reduction of their hours of labour. On the part of a few of the Master Bakers this appeal has been responded to; but the great majority of them continue, after all the appeals that have been made on the subject, to require night and Sunday work, and, in many cases sixteen and seven eighteen hours' labour out of the twenty-four. In these circumstances, seeing no hope of concession on the part of their employers, a number of the Journeymen Bakers have resolved, instead of adopting or recommending the hostile measure of a strike, as has often been done by workmen in a similar position, to commence a co-operative business in which they may combine their labour and skill with the capital which the united result of their savings and investment in the purchase of shares by the general public may place at their demand, in the preparation and supply of bread to the public of Sydney. Believing that their demands, though refused, were reasonable and just, and that their proposed course is such as equity and prudence warrant, the Journeymen bakers, who are now about to combine in the Co-operative Association, appeal with confidence to the men of their own class, and to the public at large, to join in the undertaking, and to support it by their custom.

The originators of the movement propose to recommend to the future shareholders the adoption of such a code of regulations as has already been worked with great and well-known success at Rochdale and many other places in the United Kingdom and in America.

TO THE REV. W. LUMSDAINE.—REV. SIR,—As it must always be a source of great satisfaction to a Christian minister to receive from his congregation an assurance that his ministrations have conduced to their spiritual welfare, we have come forward at this time to express our gratitude to you for your unceasing and untiring exertions that we might have service each Sabbath during the period you officiated as minister of St. Paul's Church.

We take this opportunity of tendering you our sincere and heartfelt thanks for the valuable service rendered by you to this district at a time when the members of the church were scattered like "sheep having no shepherd." To you, Rev. Sir, as God's humble instrument, we are indebted for re-union. And when we consider that your labour was gratuitous to us—solely to promote the glory of God, we feel that words are inadequate to express our thankfulness.

We beg you will accept the accompanying purse, as a humble tribute of our respect and esteem, and as some slight acknowledgment of our appreciation of your services.

In conclusion, we must add that you have our earnest wishes and prayers for your prosperity and happiness,

And remain, Rev. Sir,
Your obedient and humble servant's.
[Here follow the signatures.]

Pennant Hills, January 1st.

Ashfield, 5th January, 1861.

MY DEAR FRIENDS,—Accept my thanks for the kind expression of your esteem and respect, and the testimonial which accompanies it. The amount of service which I was able to give at Pennant Hills, during my residence in Parramatta, was altogether inadequate to the exigencies of your district, but I rejoice to know that my labours resulted in the settlement of a diligent and faithful clergyman in the parish. Encourage his heart and strengthen his hands by your united prayers; and may his ministry, under the copious pouring of the Holy Spirit, be blessed to your obtaining pardon of sin, and acceptance with God, through the peace-speaking blood of Jesus Christ. Wishing you every blessing in time—above all, that you and yours may be saved.

I remain, my dear friends,
Yours faithfully,
WILLIAM LUMSDAINE.

To Messrs. B. Abbott, B. Allen, J. Dengate, J. Bellamy, J. Stephenson, and the members of St. Paul's congregation signing the address.

DETAILED ACCOUNT of the REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of REDFERN for half-year ending 31st December, 1860.

REVENUE.	Quarter ending 30th September, 1860.	Quarter ending 31st December, 1860.	Totals.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Balance of loan from Bank of New South Wales to 30th June, 1860	2126 9 3	.....	2126 9 3
Government endowment for half-year ending 30th June, 1860	738 8 11	.....	738 8 11
Raised by assessment, under authority of the Municipalities Act of 1858:—			
Redfern Ward	16 3 6	241 5 6	257 9 0
Surry Hills Ward	25 8 6	261 17 7	287 6 1
	41 12 0	503 3 1	544 15 1
Total	2906 10 2	503 3 1	3409 13 3
Balance of loan in Bank of New South Wales	.....	.....	142 9 10

EXPENDITURE.	Quarter ending 30th September, 1860.	Quarter ending 31st December, 1860.	Totals.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Redfern Ward:—			
George-street improvements	6 0 0	55 1 8	59 1 8
Balmanning-street ditto	108 11 8	129 6 7	237 18 0
Wells-street ditto	5 7 4	4 17 4	10 4 8
James-street ditto	56 0 10	7 8 0	63 8 10
Redfern-street ditto	81 14 8	13 11 10	94 6 6
Woodbine-street ditto	27 14 4	.....	27 14 4
Botany-street ditto	.....	57 16 10	57 16 10
Turner-street ditto	.....	0 7 0	0 7 0
Albert-street ditto	.....	6 2 0	6 2 0
Damage by floods	.....	3 3 4	3 3 4
	285 8 7	304 14 7	590 3 2
Surry Hills Ward:—			
George-street improvements	5 11 9	.....	5 11 9
Pitt-street ditto	85 0 0	286 4 10	399 4 10
Bourke-street ditto	70 5 8	0 1 8	70 7 4
Chelsea-street ditto	.....	37 14 8	37 14 8
Cleveland street ditto	.....	2 10 0	2 10 0
	160 17 5	326 11 7	445 8 7
General expenses:—			
Government endowment paid to the Bank of New South Wales in part payment of loan	738 8 11	.....	738 8 11
Fuel and lights	1 11 0	1 6 6	2 17 6
Rent of offices, &c.	10 8 0	123 17 0	134 5 0
Salaries	66 4 6	68 6 8	134 11 2
Stationery and printing	3 11 7	.....	3 11 7
Election of councillors	3 10 0	.....	3 10 0
Tools and repairs	0 14 3	0 6 7	1 0 9
Legal expenses	87 1 3	21 7 6	108 8 11
Postage	0 6 4	.....	0 6 4
Advertisements and newspapers	17 14 0	.....	17 14 0
Incidental expenses	.....	1 14 0	1 14 0
Interest to Bank of New South Wales	.....	85 3 0	85 3 0
	191 1 6	302 1 3	493 2 9
	1373 16 5	893 7 0	2267 3 5
Balance of loan in Bank of New South Wales			1142 9 10
			3409 13 3

MIC. WILLIAMSON, chairman.
J. ALEXANDER, treasurer.

We have this day audited the above accounts which we have compared with the vouchers, and certify the same to be correct.

HENRY CHATTO,
JOHN WILLIAMSON, } auditors.
GEO. PHILBEN, Council Clerk.

Redfern, 7th January, 1861.

STEAM ÆRATED WATER MANUFACTORY,
123, Castlereagh-street North, Sydney.

W. G. HENFREY, proprietor of the above-named establishment, which has now been carried on successfully by him for the last ten years, begs to inform his patrons and the public generally, that in consequence of the very large amount of VEGETABLE MATTER contained in the BOTANY WATER, and the frequent presence of LEAD in the water used in Sydney, he has, at a great expense, erected a series of IRON CISTERNS FOR FILTERING on scientific principles, in order to produce his ÆRATED WATERS in the greatest purity, so that no injury can be sustained by the use of his manufactures, by even the most delicate CONSTITUTION.

The following can be obtained on the shortest notice:—
Soda Water Gingerade Potash
Lemonade Sarsaparilla Seltzer and Magnesia Waters.

LIQUEURS AND CORDIALS,

Lemon Syrup	Cherry Brandy	Brandy Bitters
Peppermint	Noyeau	Gin Bitters
Cloves	Ginger Brandy	Raspberry Balm, &c.

GREEN GINGER WINE,

As made by the celebrated house of Stivens and Co., London. The above articles are kept packed in casks and cases; and all country orders will receive the most prompt attention.

FOR SALE by the undersigned,—
Plantation coffee, Barry's chicory
Taylor's homœopathic cocoas, soluble chocolate
Currants in barrels, soft shell almonds
Nutmegs, 28 lb. boxes; patent groats (Robinson's)
Saltpetre, 1 cwt. kegs; soda ash, soda crystals
Caustic soda (Muspratt's), resin, fine amber
Ewbank's nails, telegraph wire, No. 6
Colza oil, in drums; Stockholm tar
Shop twine, seaming twine, tarpaulins
Ames' long-handled shovels, Collins' and Day's D handled Coir 3bro, pressed bales for shipment; patent hoists
Manilla cordage, quarter-inch to 4½ inches, Keating's patent
Corrosive sublimate, tinfoil paper
Morphy's pianos, walnut and rosewood cases.
JAMES DEAN, Macquarie-place, Sydney.

TWO PARTIES VISITING MELBOURNE.—Economy and respectability.—Queen's Arcade Dining-rooms, the cheapest and handiest in town. Breakfast, dinner, or supper, 9d each; board, lodging, and washing, 20s per week; ditto daily, 3s.; beds, 1s. Queen's Arcade Dining-rooms, Melbourne. Entrances—Lonsdale-street, near Hospital; and Bourke-street, near Post Office.
J. R. COLEMAN, proprietor.

CAMDEN CLASSICAL SCHOOL.—The Examination of the Pupils took place before the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Cowper and family, Dr and Mrs. Bleach, H. Thompson, Esq., J. Lakeman, Esq., and several visitors from the neighbourhood.

The beautiful edition of Shakespeare's works—a prize of S. H. Pearce, Esq., of Randwick, for the best "Essay on Education and Improvement in General Knowledge"—was won by Master Rome, son of F. Hume, Esq., of Humewood.

Master Lakeman took the second prize for an "Essay on Education," and his correct translation of the first Aneid of Virgil.

Masters Chatman, Simpson, and Walker showed some beautiful specimens of pencil drawings.

The Hon. Mrs. Cowper awarded prizes to each of the pupils for their arithmetic, oratory, composition, mapping and drawing.

LYCEUM SCHOOL.—Terms, quarterly, in advance.
English Course..... £2 2 0
Classical and Mathematical..... 3 3 0
Two advanced pupils can be taken as boarders at sixty or eighty guineas per annum.
For particulars apply to W. S. CREENY, Head Master.
*** Business was resumed on Monday, 7th instant.
Pupils are requested to return.

EDUCATION.—PARRAMATTA.—Mrs. PHILLIPS begs to inform the friends of her pupils that the duties of her establishment will (D.V.) be RESUMED on MONDAY, the 21st instant. N.B.—There are VACANCIES for resident and daily pupils.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, NEWCASTLE, Head Master, Rev. E. K. YEATMAN, M.A., Oxon, RE-OPENS on THURSDAY, the 17th instant.

PARRAMATTA.—The duties of Mr. BALY'S School will be RESUMED on the 15th instant. Vacancies for boarders and daily pupils.

MEADS GRAMMAR SCHOOL, Enfield, within one mile of the Burwood Station.—School duties will be resumed on MONDAY, 28th January. For terms and particulars apply to the principal, J. EDWARDS, A.M., T.C.C.

THE MISSES COOKSEY, Carthona, Darling Point.—The duties of this school will be resumed on MONDAY, 21st instant. There are vacancies for two pupils.

MR. CANE'S SCHOOL, Stanley-street.—Duties were RESUMED MONDAY, January 7th.

MLLE. NAEGUELI'S Morning Classes for Young Ladies will recommence on the 25th instant, 101, Liverpool-street, Hyde Park.

BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL.—CHELMSFORD HOUSE, Upper Fort-street, conducted by MISS FREEMAN, assisted by professors of ability. This establishment, situated in one of the finest and healthiest parts of the city, near the Observatory, affords every facility for study and recreation. Vacancies for additional pupils. Studies will be resumed on the 17th of January.

SCHOOL, WINDSOR.—The duties of this school will be resumed on MONDAY, the 21st instant. There are vacancies for boarders and day pupils. For terms, apply to the Rev. C. F. GARNSEY, Windsor.

EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT, 119, Princes-street, Church-hill. The duties of Mrs. COUSENS' establishment will be resumed on the 21st instant.

THE REV. R. ROAU, B.A., respectfully intimates the opening of his classes at 159, Elizabeth-street. The Quarter reckoned from the time pupils enter.

EDUCATION.—NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—Miss TREEVE begs to intimate that she has removed to Sunbury House, Cleveland Paddocks. School duties will be resumed on Tuesday, the 15th instant. Vacancies for day pupils and boarders. References kindly permitted to Rev. G. H. Moreton, Rev. H. King, Dr. O'Brien, and M. Metcalfe, Esq.

EDUCATION.—The Misses WARDLEY will resume the duties of their establishment, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th instant. Vacancies for boarders and daily pupils. 75, Bathurst-street West.

ROSE BANK, KIAMA.—The DUTIES of the above Establishment (formerly Miss Hindmarsh's) will be RESUMED on TUESDAY, the 15th January, by Miss MACLEAN, from Edinburgh, who will be prepared to make arrangements with the friends of intending pupils on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at Dr. MOON'S, 302, Pitt-street.

Miss M. besides conducting her own Educational Establishment for five years, had the previous experience of tuition in some of the first seminaries in France and Germany. References is kindly permitted to
The Hon. the Lord Provost of Edinburgh
The Right Rev. Bishop Jerrot
The Right Hon. the Countess of Dunmore
The Hon. Lady Anne Dick Lauder
The Hon. Lady Agnes Dalrymple
Captain and Mrs. Mitchell Innes, Ayton Castle
Rev. Drs. Guthrie, Tweedie, Arnot, &c., &c., Edinburgh.
Prospectuses of terms and Sydney references, on application.

SIGNOR CARANDINI begs to announce to the Schools and Classes he had the honour of attending during the past year, and also to others who may now contemplate engaging his services, that he will RESUME his professional duties after the vacation. Apply to Mr. W. CLARKE, stationer, George-street.

YOUNG GENTLEMEN disposed to join any of Mr. SHERIDAN MOORE'S Summer Evening Classes (in Latin, Greek, English, French, and Italian), are requested to call at No. 5, Belgrave-terrace, during the current week.

AFTERNOON CLASSES in French and Italian, for young ladies only, are being formed, at 5, Belgrave-terrace, under the superintendence of Mr. SHERIDAN MOORE, assisted by Dr. ASSELIN, of Naples. Applications are requested during the current week.

SCHOLASTIC.—A Lady desires to join another (already established) in a ladies' seminary. The advertiser will instruct advanced pupils in music, French, and drawing, acquired on the continent. Address EDUCATION, Office of Governesses' Home, Elizabeth-street.

MRS. BENTLEY, pupil of THALBERG and Miss GODDARD, has the honour to announce that she is prepared to give LESSONS on the PIANOFORTE. Terms, ten guineas the quarter for two lessons a week, if given at pupil's residence, and seven guineas if given at that of Mrs. Bentley; single lessons, one guinea; schools, five guineas a quarter for each pupil. 67, Elizabeth-street, a few doors from Hunter-street. Agent, Mr. KING, Market-street.

MR. COBLEY, Professor of Music, thanks his friends and pupils for their very liberal patronage last year, and begs to inform them he RESUMES his lessons on MONDAY, the 7th January. Glebe Point Road.

DRAWING.—Mr. FAIRLAND will resume his instructions on MONDAY, the 14th instant. Address Hunter's Hill, Parramatta River; or to Mr. F. MADER, stationer, George-street.

Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 7th January, 1861.

INSPECTION OF OMNIBUSES AND CARS.—Notice is hereby given to parties who intend to apply for LICENSES to keep Omnibuses or Cars during the present year, that his Worship the Mayor and two aldermen of the city will be in attendance at the Town Hall, on FRIDAY, the 11th instant, between the hours of ten and one o'clock, for the purpose of inspecting all such vehicles, and granting licenses for those approved.

CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

TENDERS FOR BRIDGES.—The Municipal Council of Central Illawarra require tenders for the erection of two bridges—one over Pigtree Creek, and one over Mullet Creek, on the road from Wollongong to Dapto.

Plans, specifications, and further information may be obtained on application to Messrs. WEAVER and KEMP, architects and engineers, 181, Pitt-street, Sydney, and at the Police Office, Wollongong.

Endorsed tenders for either bridge, or for both, should be sent to the undersigned before THURSDAY, the 10th January, 1861.

The Council will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

JOHN STEWART, chairman.

Wollongong, 21st December.

TO BUILDERS.—Tenders are required for STRIPPING and RE-COVERING the roofs of three Houses. Particulars may be ascertained on application to Mr. KEMP, architect, Mort's-buildings, Pitt-st.

TO CONTRACTORS and Builders.—Tenders are invited for the erection and completion of a Mechanics' School of Arts at Mudgee. Plans, specifications, and instructions to tender by can be seen on application to WILLIAM HOWARTH, Esq., at Mudgee, or at the office of Mr. THOMAS ROWE, architect, 400, George-street, Sydney. Tenders to be sent to either of the above on or before the 22nd instant.

TO MASONS and others.—TENDERS are invited by the Municipal Council of Randwick for the erection of a WALL in Alison-street, Randwick. All particulars can be obtained on application to the hon. surveyor, Mr. T. H. PEARCE, Randwick. 7th January.

PASTURAGE.—To Carcase Butchers, Cowkeepers and others.—Sealed TENDERS are invited by the Hyde Park Improvement Committee for the privilege of depasturing sheep only on Hyde Park, and sheep and cattle on the four Hyde Park Paddocks east of College-street, together with the privilege of mowing the grass growing in the plantations, up to the 31st of December next, subject to certain conditions to be obtained on application to the undersigned, to whom all tenders are to be addressed on or before WEDNESDAY, the 9th January. The committee do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

W. H. CATLETT, Secretary.

261, Elizabeth-street, 31st December, 1860.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY and DISPENSARY.—TENDERS are invited for the supply of MEDICINES, for the ensuing quarter. Information to be obtained on application to the Resident Surgeon. To be sent in on or before MONDAY next, 14th instant, at 12 o'clock.

JOHN DOUGALL, } Joint Hon.
M. H. STEPHEN, } Secretaries.

TWO CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are invited up to the 12th instant, for the erection and completion of balconies to a villa residence at Cooper. Plans and specification can be seen at the office of Mr. THOMAS ROWE, architect, 400 George-street.

£1 REWARD.—STRAYED, from Camperdown, on Friday, 4th instant, a Red COW, branded PM near rump. The above reward will be paid to any person bringing her to JAMES VANCE, Camperdown.

£1 REWARD.—LOST, on Sunday last, a Terrier DOG; had on a brass collar. Answers to the name of "Darcourt." Any person returning him will receive the above reward. B. PALMER, Pitt and King streets.

£1 REWARD.—NOTICE.—The undersigned having received information that parties are CUTTING TIMBER on his Land at Bankstown (lately in the occupation of Edmund Farrell), offers the above reward to any person who will apprehend and give such information as may lead to the conviction of any party found so trespassing on the said land. ISRAEL MYERS, 432, George-street.

LOST, from Phillip-street, a WILD DUCK (drake). The finder will be rewarded on returning it to Mr. HUNT, Phillip-street North.

LOST, yesterday, between George-street South and Crown-street, Surry Hills, a part of a GIG-LAMP. Any person returning it to 636, Brickfield-hill, will be rewarded.

LOST, on Thursday, a Black and Tan TERRIER BITCH, answering to the name of "Rostis." Any person returning it to the owner at the Deaf and Dumb School will be rewarded. Any person detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted.

FOUND, a Kangaroo DOG. Apply to Mr. BEAZELEY, Road Engineer's Office, Phillip-street.

TWO HORSES have STRAYED on my run of Lockwood, near the Western Road, about two weeks since—a bay one, and a black one, branded —over M on both shoulders. The owner can have them by paying expenses. A. GUION.

STRAYED into my yard on Friday, a GOOSE. The owner may have it by paying expenses. Apply to HUBERT NEWELL, Macquarie-lane, near Lyons-terrace.

I HEREBY CAUTION the public against giving CREDIT to my Wife, MARY ELLIS, as I will not be responsible for any Debts she may contract.
January 7th. E. ELLIS, 22, Erskine-street.

TO CREDITORS in the ESTATE of the late R. G. BODE.—A first dividend in this estate, of two shillings in the £ will be payable on and after MONDAY, the 7th instant, at the office of Petersen, Bosson, and Co., 16, York-street. J. R. PETERSEN, trustee.

THE UNDERSIGNED leaving the colony for England during this month, requests that all parties requiring his signature to any document will present the same by the 20th instant. All ACCOUNTS against him must also be furnished by that date. DANIEL COOPER, Waterloo Warehouse, George-street. 3rd January.

NOTICE.—My husband, MOSES HANLAN, having left me in March, 1855, if he does not write I mean to get married in six months from this date. ELLEN HANLAN.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have relinquished the business hitherto carried on by me as Tailor and Draper, at No. 361, George-street, Sydney, to Mr. EDWARD MILLETT, who is hereby duly authorised to collect all outstanding debts due to me, and satisfy all claims on my account. (Signed) JOHN C. HOPKINS.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—We have this day admitted Mr. GEORGE ROXBURGH as a Partner in our firm, in Sydney, New South Wales, and in Ipswich, Queensland. The business will in future be conducted in Sydney under the style of Raymond, Roxburgh, and Co., and in Ipswich under that of Raymond, Cameron, and Co. RAYMOND and CO. Sydney, 1st January, 1861.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—ISAAC MOSS begs to inform his friends and the public he has removed his TENT and TARPAULING MANUFACTORY to his old established premises adjoining the Square and Compass public-house, Brickfield-hill, where he solicits a continuance of their patronage having a very large and varied stock of best Tarpaulings and Tents, of all sizes, on hand. All orders punctually attended to. Please observe ISAAC MOSS, Tent and Tarpaulin Warehouse, Brickfield-hill.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that application is intended to be made to Parliament in its next ensuing session, for leave to introduce a Bill to enable the Trustees of a Settlement, dated the Twenty-sixth day of May, One thousand eight hundred and forty-five, made by the late Mrs ROSETTA TERRY of the one part, to her daughter, MARTHA FOXLOVE HOSKING, and her children, to sell the trust property and to provide for the investment of the proceeds of the sale thereof.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1860.

WILLIAM GODFREY M'CARTHY, solicitor for the Bill, 195, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that application is intended to be made to Parliament in its next ensuing session, for leave to introduce a Bill to enable JOHN PIPER MACKENZIE and GEORGE COX, or other the trustees or trustee for the time being, of a Settlement made in contemplation of the marriage of WILLIAM HENRY MACKENZIE with HELEN, his Wife (then HELEN HAWKINS, spinster), to sell the land comprised in such settlement, situate at Surry Hills, Sydney, and to provide for the investment of proceeds of sale thereof.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1860.

WILLIAM GODFREY M'CARTHY, solicitor for the Bill, 125, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application is intended to be made to Parliament, within three months next ensuing, for leave to bring in a bill to incorporate a Company to be called the "Deniliquin Bridge Company," and to enable the said Company to erect and maintain a Bridge over the Edward River at Deniliquin, and to take toll thereat, and for other purposes in the said bill to be mentioned.

Dated this eighteenth day of December, 1860.

W. G. M'CARTHY, solicitor for the bill, 125, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application is intended to be made to Parliament, within three months next ensuing, for leave to bring in a bill to incorporate a Company to be called the "Wahgunyah Murray Bridge Company;" and to enable the said company to erect and maintain a bridge over the Murray River at the end of Ford-street, in the township of Wahgunyah, and to take toll thereat, and for other purposes, in the said bill to be mentioned.

Dated this 18th December, 1860.

WILLIAM GODGREY M'CARTHY, solicitor for the bill, 125, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

VICTORIA by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To the WIDOW and next of kin if any of ROBERT BROWN late of Sydney in the colony of New South Wales sailmaker deceased Greeting

WHEREAS it hath been represented to us in our Supreme Court of New South Wales that ROBERT BROWN late of Sydney in the colony aforesaid sailmaker departed this life on or about the third day of January in the year 1861 intestate having at the time of his death goods chattels and credits within the said colony We do therefore peremptorily cite you and each of you to appear personally or by your proctor before our said Court at the Court-house in King-street Sydney on the NINETEENTH DAY of February next at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon and there to abide if occasion shall require during the sitting of the said Court and then and there to accept or refuse letters of administration of all and singular the goods chattels and credits of the said deceased or otherwise to show sufficient cause if your or either of you know why the same should not be committed to EDWARD EDWARDS of Sydney a creditor of the said deceased.

Witness the Honorable Sir JOHN NORRIS DICKINSON Knight Acting Chief Justice of our said Court at Sydney the fifth day of January A.D. 1861.

For the Prothonotary
F. H. STEPHEN (L.S.)
Second Clerk of the Supreme Court.

JOHN DILLON, proctor for the said Edward Edwards, 178, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WHEREAS, by a decree of the High Court of Chancery in England, made in a cause of Green v. Green, it was ordered that an enquiry should be made whether JAMES GREEN, the son of James Green, late of Melcomby, in the County of York, in England, gentleman, deceased, the testator in the said cause, is living or dead, and if dead, when he died, and whether he died without issue. And whereas the said James Green, the son, left England for New South Wales in the year 1840, and is believed to have carried on the business of a farmer and tanner at Dann's Plains, near Bathurst, in New South Wales aforesaid, or at Bathurst aforesaid, until about the year 1843, when from that time no tidings have been heard of him. And whereas the said James Green, the son, is entitled to a sum of money under his father, the said James Green's will, and also his children (if any), in case of the death of the said James Green, the said James Green, if living, or his children (if any) are, on or before the first day of June, 1861, to come in and prove their claim to the bequest, under the will of the said James Green, the testator, at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor, Sir John Stuart, 12, Old Square, Lincoln's Inn, in the County of Middlesex, in England. THURSDAY, the 7th day of June, 1861, at 12 o'clock at noon, is appointed for adjudicating on the said claims.

Dated the 25th day of July, 1860.

ALFRED HALL, chief clerk.

EDWARD, LAYTON, and JAQUES, 8, Ely-place, Holborn, London.

ESTABLISHED 1862.—Notice of REMOVAL.—Mr. J. EMANUEL, sen., begs to inform his numerous connexions and the public in general of Sydney that he has removed to more convenient offices. His stock of mineral teeth is the largest in the colony, and his mechanical work, for rich and poor, superior both as regards quality of gold and adaption to the mouth. At home from 10 to 5 daily. No. 225, George-street North, corner of Charlotte-place, late Borden's.

SECOND EDITION of the Mercantile Journal and Free Trade Weekly News. BUZACOTT, George-st.

1861.—RIMMEL'S PERFUMED ALMANAC, elegantly Embellished. J. R. CLARKE, Music seller, 356, George-street.

RIMMEL'S PERFUMED ALMANAC for 1861. LEWIS (late Pillet), 10, Hunter-street.

MOORE'S ALMANACS, FOR 1861.—Just published, for 1s., by post 1s. 4d., Moore's Australian Almanac and Hand Book, for 1861. Also, Moore's Commercial Sheet, Almanac for 1861, price 6d.; by post 9d. J. J. MOORE, publisher, George-street, opposite St. Andrew's Cathedral.

JUST PUBLISHED, for £2 by post £2 2s., Plunkett's Australian Magistrate, edited by William Hattam Wilkinson, barrister-at-law. J. J. MOORE, publisher, George street, opposite St. Andrew's Cathedral.

JUST PUBLISHED, price 2s. 6d., by post, 2s. 9d., the Catholic Almanac and Directory of Divine Service for 1861, with portrait of the Very Rev. Dean Grant, and a fine engraving of the Catholic new Church in Bathurst. It also contains a garden calendar compiled expressly to suit this climate, and all the information usually found in almanacs. W. DOLMAN, 234, Pitt-street.

JUST ARRIVED, and will be landed in a few days, ex Athene, a shipment